The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 12,877. SYDNEY, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1879. PRICE 2d.

Births.

ROSS.—July 6, at her residence, Clarance Villa, Forbes-street, the wife of John Ross, of a daughter.

WOODD.—July 4, at Derwent-street, Glebe, Mrs. Walter Woodd, of a daughter.

YOUNG.—July 3, the wife of R. A. Young, West Maitland, of a son.

Marriages.

BROWN—DALTON.—July 7, at Woodstock, St. Leonards, by the Rev. G. Martin, J. T. Brown, eldest son of J. Brown, Esq., of Lane Cove and St. Leonards, to Louise Sarah Tudor Dalton, eldest daughter of F. Dalton, Esq., P.M., and Gold Commissioner of the Lachlan district, granddaughter of the late Colonel Tudor Dalton.

Deaths.

BETHEL.—July 9, at her daughter's residence, No. 21, Fowler-street, after a long and painful illness, Margaret Bethel, wife of Thomas Bethel, aged 44.

BREBOZON.—July 9, at her residence, Dowling-street, Paddington, Catherine, relict of the late Patrick Richard Brebozon, aged 54.

CHANDLER.—July 7, Harry, only son of Mary Chandler, of Townsville, Queensland, and grandson of Thomas Chandler, 136 Phillip-street, Sydney, aged 3 years.

CROKER.—July 8, at the Parsonage, Campbelltown, Mary Caroline, daughter of the late James O'Brien Croker, and niece of the Misses Reddall, of Glen Alpine, Campbelltown, aged 21 years.

ELPHINSTONE.—July 9, at his parents' residence, Broughton-street, Glebe, Robert Stanley, beloved only son of Robert L. and M. J. Elphinston, aged 17½ months.

FARMER.—July 5, at the Sydney Infirmary, Ann, relict of the late George Farmer, of Crown-street, Woolloomooloo, sister-in-law to Joseph Farmer, Esq., of the firm of Farmer, Painter, and Pope, also sister-in-law to the late Mrs. Tuting.

MARTIN.—July 5, at his parents' residence, Denman-street, Lyndhurst, Glebe, Henry Cavendish, eldest beloved son of Thomas and Emma Martin, aged 22 years, of rapid consumption.

Shipping.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM COMPANY (Limited).
OVERLAND ROUTE,
via Torres Straits and Singapore.
The R. M. steamship NORMANBY,
W. Ellis, commander,
under contract with the Government of Queensland, will leave the Co.'s new jetty, Smith's Wharf, SATURDAY, July 12, at noon, taking mails, cargo, and passengers for Singapore and Hongkong.
Passengers can be booked for Venice, Brindisi, and Southampton, and forwarded by the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamers, or to Marseilles, per steamers of the Messageries Maritimes.
This splendid steamer carries passengers to BRISBANE and all Queensland Ports.
All packages must be distinctly PORT MARKED.
For rates of freight or passage apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents, 32, Pitt-street.
Cargo will be received up till 5 p.m. THIS DAY, Thursday.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.
OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN THROUGH AMERICA.
Under contract with N. S. W. and N. Z. Governments.
AUSTRALIA, 3000 tons,
W. CARGIL, Commander,
will be dispatched at 3 p.m., on THURSDAY, 17th July, carrying her Majesty's mails and passengers to Auckland, Honolulu, and San Francisco.
Drafts, payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.
Passengers booked from Sydney to Liverpool, London, or Paris, with special advantages.
Through rate from Sydney to Liverpool, first-class, £72.
For rates of passage and freight, and for all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents, Gresham-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND direct.—The Pacific Mail steamer AUSTRALIA, 3000 tons, W. Cargill, commander, will leave as above on THURSDAY, 17th July, at 3 p.m.
Fares at current rates.
Passengers for Waiwera Hot Springs by P. M. Co.'s steamers, forwarded free from Auckland to Waiwera.
For freight or passage apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Gresham-street.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
The Company's steamship AVOCA,
1482 tons, 250-horse-power,
J. C. Almond, commander,
will leave Sydney for MELBOURNE, on MONDAY, 4th August, at 1 p.m., in connection with the departure from that port of the Company's steamship
SIAM,
2258 tons, 500 horse-power,
will be dispatched on THURSDAY, 7th August, for ADELAIDE, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, and GALLE, with H. M. mails, passengers, cargo, and parcels; also, for INDIA, MAURITIUS, JAVA, SINGAPORE, CHINA, JAPAN, and EUROPE.
Liberal reduction of passage money made in favour of families or large parties.
Cargo and parcels will be received until 5 p.m. on the 1st, and specie at 10 a.m. on 2nd August.
For information on all subjects connected with the Company's various lines, apply to
HENRY MOORE, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, 7th July, 1879.
Passengers' accommodation in the SIAM allotted in Sydney by plans in office, at same rates as from Melbourne to ports beyond the colonies.
Passage money and freight per AVOCA between Sydney and Melbourne, at local rates.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO HONGKONG, via COOKTOWN and PORT DARWIN.—Athol, 25th instant.
TO LEVUKA (FIJI).—Gunga, after arrival of the Pacific Mail steamer, due 4th August.
TO MELBOURNE.—Wotonga, Saturday afternoon, at 1; and Ly-ee-moon, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.30. (Fares and freights at current rates.)
TO NEWCASTLE (only).—Katoomba, to-morrow night, Friday, at 11; and Katoomba, Tuesday morning, at 9.
TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, and MORPETH.—City of Brisbane, this morning, Thursday, at 9; and City of Brisbane, Saturday night, at 11.
TO MARTIN'S WHARF (MILLER'S FOREST).—City of Brisbane, this morning, Thursday, at 9. (Freight payable in Sydney.)
TO BRISBANE.—Elamang, to-morrow afternoon, Friday, at 4.30; and Victoria, Tuesday, at noon.
TO BUNDABERG.—Steamer from Brisbane about 15th instant.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Leichardt, Saturday, at noon.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Leichardt, Saturday, at noon.
TO GLADSTONE.—Steamer from Brisbane about 15th instant.
TO PORT MACKAY.—Yaralla, from Brisbane, about 10th instant.
TO BOWEN, TO TOWNSVILLE, TO CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY), TO PORT DOUGLAS (ISLAND POINT), TO COOKTOWN WHARF } Victoria, Tuesday, at noon.
TO CARDWELL, TO KEPPEL BAY, TO FLAT TOP ISLAND } Victoria, Tuesday, at noon.
N.B.—Steerage passengers are supplied with bedding.
CARGO is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited).
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE.
From Lime-street Wharf, foot of Erskine-street.
The COLLAROY, THIS (THURSDAY) MORNING, at 9.30.
The KEMBLA, THIS (THURSDAY) NIGHT, at 11.
The COLLAROY, TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) NIGHT, at 11.
The COLLAROY, on SATURDAY NIGHT, at 11, leaving NEWCASTLE on SUNDAY NIGHT, at 12.
The KEMBLA or COLLAROY leaves NEWCASTLE every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY MORNING at 10; and EVERY NIGHT, at 11 (Saturday excepted).
SELECT STATE CABINS available on KEMBLA.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.
FROM SYDNEY:
THIS (Thursday) NIGHT, at 11, the MORPETH.
On MONDAY NIGHT, at 11, the MORPETH.
Goods received for PATERSON, THIS DAY.
Freight payable in Sydney.
GOODS WILL NOT BE RECEIVED AFTER 5 p.m.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices—foot of Market-street.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched from the Company's Wharf, Sussex-street, as follows, weather permitting.

Ship.	Date of Sailing.
FOR GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER:	
CITY OF GRAFTON	THIS NIGHT, THURSDAY, at 9.
AGNES IRVING ...	MONDAY, 14th July, at 9 p.m.
FOR PORT MACQUARIE.	
PLATYPUS ...	TO-MORROW NIGHT, FRIDAY at 9.
FOR MACLEAY RIVER.	
PLATYPUS ...	TUESDAY, 15th July.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

MANNING RIVER STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited).—The s.s. DIAMANTINA, Captain Herron, will leave for TAREE (Manning River) direct, from Lime-street Wharf, foot of Erskine-street, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at 3 (weather permitting).
Cargo will not be received after 2.30.
All freight payable in Sydney.
H. D. PORTUS, Agent.
Lime-street Wharf.

STEAM TO SHOALHAVEN (all parts of the river).—The fast and favourite paddle steamer OUR OWN, on FRIDAY, 11th instant, at 4 p.m., from Patent Slip Wharf.
All freights payable in Sydney.
G. F. MASON, Agent.

BRISBANE WATER.—S. PELICAN leaves King-street TO-MORROW, 7.30 a.m., returning same day.

WATSON'S BAY STEAMERS, THIS DAY, leave Circular Quay—10.15, 2.15, 4.15, 6.
Woolloomooloo—6.30, 10.30, 2.30.
Watson's Bay—8.15, 11.45, 3, 5.
N.B.—No freight taken after 10.15.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS TO WOLLONGONG.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m., and 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY and NELLIGEN.—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m.
MORUYA (via BATEMAN'S BAY).—To-morrow, 9.30 a.m.
KIAMA and SHOALHAVEN.—To-morrow, at 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA and EDEN.—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.

HUNTER'S HILL and LANE COVE FERRY.—Steamer WOMERAH leaves—
Lime-street Wharf, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5, 7
Lane Cove, 8, 10, 12, 2, 4, 6.
SATURDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 1.15 and 11.15 p.m.
Lane Cove, 10 p.m.
SUNDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 10, 2.30, 6.
Lane Cove, 9, 1, 5.

STEAM TO BRISBANE, TOWNSVILLE, ISLAND POINT, COOKTOWN AND THURSDAY ISLAND.—The fine steamship
COREA
will be dispatched from the Grafton Wharf, on TUESDAY, 15th July.
Freight or passage apply to
J. J. AIKEN and CO., Exchange-corner.

STEAM TO BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, AND ROCKHAMPTON.
The fine steamship
TAMBAROORA,
will leave Grafton Wharf on TUESDAY, 15th July.
Reduced rates for freight. Apply to
J. J. AIKEN and CO., 50, Exchange-corner.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE, NEWCASTLE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and ROCKHAMPTON.
THE UNDERSIGNED will dispatch their STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street:—

FOR MELBOURNE:		
CHEVIOT ...	Chas. Ashford ...	TO-MORROW, Friday, at 12 o'clock.
BARRABOOL ...	F. H. Stanford ...	TUESDAY, July 15.
LEURA ...	John Pain ...	FRIDAY, July 18.
FOR BRISBANE:		
DERWENT ...	H. B. Bristow ...	TUESDAY, July 15.
FOR MARYBOROUGH:		
DERWENT ...	H. B. Bristow ...	TUESDAY, July 15.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON:		
DERWENT ...	H. B. Bristow ...	TUESDAY, July 15.

Return tickets issued to and from MELBOURNE, available for three (3) months. Steamers leave every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, and vice versa. Cargo received for the above ports every day.
Steerage passengers supplied with bedding.
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
THE UNDERSIGNED will dispatch the steamship
CHEVIOT, 1500 tons,
CHAS. ASHFORD, Commander,
TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, at 12 o'clock.
For all particulars apply to
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Struth's Wharf.

TASMANIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched as under.
FOR LAUNCESTON.—S. S. ESK, 840 tons register, from Grafton Wharf, TUESDAY, 15th July, at 4 p.m.
FOR HOBART TOWN, via EDEN.—S. S. SOUTHERN CROSS, 790 tons register, from Grafton Wharf, on THURSDAY, 24th July.
ALL CARGO must be down one hour before sailing.
For Freight or passage apply
T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 48, Pitt-street.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND (Limited).
Fortnightly communication to all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
WAKATIPU ...	1796	E. Wheeler	About 15th July, via Wellington.
ROTORUA ...	926	— Tozer ...	2nd August, via Auckland.
FROM MELBOURNE:			
ARAWATA ...	1098	— Sinclair	16th July, via Bluff.

FREDK. W. JACKSON, 56, Pitt-street.

MANLY BEACH STEAMERS daily (Saturday and Sundays excepted).
Fairlight leaves Queen's Wharf, 10.15, 2.15, 6
Royal Alfred ditto ditto, 7.15, 11.30, 4.30
Calling at Woolloomooloo Bay, 10.30, 11.45, 2.30
Return trips from Manly, 8.10, 9, 12, 3.15, 4.45, 5.30.
No freight taken after 2.15 p.m.
Fares: Return tickets, 1s 6d; children, 1s. Saloons extra.
LATE BOATS (EXTRA).
From Sydney—Wednesday and Saturday, 11.15 p.m.
From Manly—Wednesday, 7 p.m.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMSHIPS. FOR LONDON.
NOTICE TO PASSENGERS per S.S. ACONCAGUA.
The s.s. ACONCAGUA will leave Melbourne on SATURDAY, 12th instant. FIRST-CLASS passengers booking in Sydney will be franked on per steamer to join her in Melbourne.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMSHIPS FOR LONDON, VIA THE SUEZ CANAL.
The full-powered steamships of this line are built and fitted expressly for carrying Passengers on long ocean voyages; they are each of about 4000 tons register and make the voyage in about 40 days. They are fitted with punkahs, attached to the main engines, and steam-heating apparatus on the most approved principle, and they are thoroughly ventilated for the tropics.
The next departures will be:—

Steamer.	From Sydney.	From Melbourne.
ACONCAGUA ...		July 12th.
LUSITANIA ...	August 8th.	August 15th.
GARONNE ...	September 6th.	September 13th.

To be followed every month by a similar steamer.
FARES TO LONDON, £16 and upwards.
Suez Canal dues, 8s in addition.
Passages from London can be granted in Sydney.
For further particulars, apply, in London, to F. Green and Co., and Anderson, Anderson, and Co., Managers of the Orient Steam Navigation Company (Limited); or to the Agents in Sydney.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR LONDON.—The fine A1 Aberdeen clipper ship
ALEXANDER DUTHIE,
1159 tons register, Charles Murray, commander,
has the greater portion of her cargo on board and stowed and will receive immediate dispatch.
For freight or passage apply to Captain Murray, on board; or to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at Flood and Co.'s.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE—FOR LONDON.—The favourite clipper KOSCIUSKO, 1198 tons register, A. SMITH, Commander, is now receiving cargo at the COSMOPOLITAN WHARF, and having the whole of her dead weight down, and large engagements, will have early dispatch.
Has superior accommodation for a limited number of saloon passengers.
For terms of freight or passage, apply on board; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—FOR LONDON.
TO FOLLOW THE KOSCIUSKO,
the favourite clipper Ship,
CHRISTIANA THOMPSON,
is now loading as above and will have prompt dispatch.
For terms of freight apply to Captain Murray, on board; or to,
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

PORT MACQUARIE. — VICTOR, from Market Wharf. Freights payable here. R. N. Sadlear, 128, Sussex-st.

FOR NAMBUCCRA RIVER.—The clipper ketch ACTIVITY. Sails FRIDAY AFTERNOON. Freight or passage, JOHN H. SHORT, Lime-street. N.B.—This is the fastest vessel in the trade.

R. M. S. CITY OF NEW YORK, from San Francisco.
GENERAL AVERAGE BOND.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES OF GOODS PER CITY OF NEW YORK.—The general average bond is now at the office of the undersigned for signature. Delivery orders can be obtained on production of bills of lading, signature of bond, payment of freight, and deposit of five (5) per cent. on the value of the goods on account of the general average.
Consignees are requested to pass ENTRIES for A. S. N. Co.'s wharf. All goods impeding the discharge will be landed and stored at the consignee's risk and expense. The ship will not be responsible for loss of or damage to cargo after landing.
R. TOWNS and CO., Agents.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.—S. S. LUSITANIA, from London.—Consignees are requested to pass ENTRIES on steamer being reported. Arrangements have been made with Messrs. MARSDEN and SON to lighter all goods and land them at the A. S. N. Company's old Melbourne Wharf, at consignee's risk. Warehousing charges, if any incurred, will be at consignees' expense. Bills of lading must be produced at the Office of the undersigned, and orders for delivery obtained before the goods will be delivered.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

SHIP SERAPIS, from London. — All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate at the office of the undersigned, before noon, on THURSDAY, or they will not be recognized.
YOUNG and LARK, Moore-street, off Pitt-street.

BRIG ARGOS, from Port Adelaide.—Consignees by this vessel are requested to PASS ENTRIES for Market Wharf. All goods impeding discharge will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense. Bills of Lading must be produced, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained at the office of the undersigned, before any goods may leave the wharf.
NIPPER and SEE, Agents, 123, Sussex-street.

FOR SALE, Freight, or Charter, Clipper Schooner SEA RIP. C. B. BOND, 64, Sussex-street.

FOR SALE or CHARTER, the new Schooner LIFFEY, 61 tons register; metalled and metal-fastened. Apply T. O., SULLIVAN and CO., Newcastle.

QUAY BERTHS vacant. First-class wharfage and storage. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

DISCHARGING ENGINES.—For SALE, by the undersigned three first-class ENGINES to be seen at Towns' Wharf, Miller's Point.
CHARLES PARBURY.

TO CAPTAINS. — JOSEPHSON'S AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT is a sovereign remedy for all sores. Pots, 1s and 1s 6d each.

EDUCATION AND DENOMINATIONALISM.
In THE ECHO, THIS AFTERNOON, will be printed a full report of the Lecture by the Rev. Dr. Byrne, at Bathurst, including the Correspondence between the R. C. Bishop of Bathurst and the late Mr. Kenna.

NOTICE.—Mrs. WHITBREAD'S Registry Office has REMOVED to 52, George-st. West, near Tooth's Brewery.

Personal.

FRANK PIESSE, from Hobart Town, send Address to F. SHERLOCK, 3, Windsor-terrace, Dowling-st. South.

IF Mr. KERR will call 304, Sussex-street, he will hear of a friend.

INFORMATION wanted of JOHN MURRAY, who sailed from Boston in the ship Astrea, January, 1858. SAMUEL J. MURRAY, 162, Chambers-street, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

JOHN MATHEW GRESSWELL, your WIFE is anxious to hear from you. Address, Little Hartley.

MRS. DUMFORD, late of Liverpool-street,—Very important LETTER for you at G. P. O., from G.

MISS SHEEHAN, late of Hope-terrace, Glebe.—Call at 17, Cowper-terrace, Church-hill.

MRS. STEPHENSON, Mary-street, Raglan-street, Waterloo, please call on lady, Victoria-street. Lost your number.

MRS. ROBERT TURNER, late of Cooma,—Please call on Mrs. E. LEWIS SCOTT, 4, Nobbs-street, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

R. . . . Y CALVERT,—Letters for Mrs GREY at General Post Office.

WANTED, the SERVANT who was to have been at the Railway Family Hotel, to call again at 247, Albion-street early.

WILL the BOY who told a Lady she had dropped her purse at the Post Office, yesterday, leave his address for A. B. T., at the HERALD Office.

Lost and Found.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.—LOST, a FOX TERRIER, white body, black head. Royal Hotel.

LOST, 7th instant, Gold CUFF-BROOCH. Reward at Mr. SLOPER'S, Chemist, Oxford-street.

LOST, Stanley or Crown streets, LIKENESS. Kindly return 212, Bourke-street, opposite Stanley-street.

LOST, CERTIFICATE of Entry, Poultry, Pigeon, and Canary Society. Reward. 124, Phillip-street.

LOST, at Manly, or on Fairlight, Gold-fringed EARRING. Reward, 177, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

LOST, a small Safe KEY, to a Chubb Lock, between Pitt and Macquarie streets. Finder rewarded on returning the same to W. C., HERALD Office.

LOST, in or near Queen-street, Woollahra, a PARCEL, addressed from Summerfield to Cohen, containing a vest. Reward at AUSTIN'S Parcel Delivery, 72, York-street.

LOST, from the Nil Desperandum Hotel, 147, George-street, on the 8th instant, a Black-and-Tan SLUT (in pup). The finder handsomely rewarded.

LOST, Crossed CHEQUE, on Commercial Bank, dated [illegible] instant, drawn by W. G. Yeates in favour of George Coleson for [illegible]. Finder please return to 84, Sussex-street. Payment stopped.

LOST, on Saturday afternoon, between Smith-street and Circular Quay, Otter Terrier DOG, sandy; name Punch. Finder rewarded on returning to Mr. G. GERRARD, Hotel, Circular Quay.

LOST, on Sunday, from Sandyknowe, Ocean-street, Woollahra, a chestnut FILLY, 14 hands high; branded B on shoulder. The finder will be rewarded, on returning same to Mr. F. Oatley, of the above address.

STOLEN, Monday night, light Bay HORSE, no brand, 3 years. C. B. BOND, Sussex-street.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.— LOST, Galah PARROT. The above reward will be given by returning to S. H. HYAM, Reynolds-street, Balmain.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—LOST or strayed, from barque Reconnaissance, a black and tan Terrier SLUT, with collar on. Description:—Captain Hawkins' dog Fan, barque Reconnaissance; any one returning the same, will receive the reward.

International Exhibition.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
The Commission will meet at the Office, at 3.30 p.m. TO-MORROW, Friday, July 4.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
Exhibitors are reminded that Certificates of Entry, Departments V. and VI. (Machinery and Implements), must be filled up and lodged with the Secretary, on or before the 1st of August.
Forms may be obtained at the Office of the Commissioners, 153, Macquarie-street.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail HERBALISTS, TREAT ALL DISEASES. 246, George-st.

A. COX, Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, Scourer, and Hot-presser, 61 and 63, William-street, Woolloomooloo; and 825, Railway Bridge. Gentlemen's apparel scoured and properly pressed daily. Mourning dyed on the shortest notice.

A CARD.—FOSTER and FAIRFAX (late James Reading and Co.), Plain and Ornamental Printers, 14, Barrack-street, during re-building of Bridge-street premises. The oldest-established Printing Office in Sydney. All work cheap, neat, and expeditious.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Those who wish to obtain the above, made on the latest English principles, should consult Mr. J. E. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist (from London), who guarantees perfect fit, mastication, and natural appearance, at a very moderate cost. Painless extraction by the nitrous oxide gas. All dental operations skilfully performed. Consultations free at Mr. Carter's residence, 26, College-street, Hyde Park.

A CARD.—Mr. JOHN SPENCER, DENTIST, has REMOVED to his New Premises, 44, Wynyard-square North. Awarded the N. S. Wales Agricultural Exhibition Medals 8 years successively. The London International Gold Medal, and the Philadelphia Centennial Medal for Artificial Teeth against all competitors. Also, painless extraction by nitrous oxide gas.
44, WYNYARD-SQUARE NORTH.

BLANKETS, from the Manufacturers. — E. WAY, 267, Pitt-street. Prices, 5s 11d to 49s 6d, excellent value.

CHEAP PRINTING.—1000 cards, 12s 6d; 1000 billheads (ruled), 12s 6d; 5000 handbills, 20s; 5000 bakers' billheads, 20s; 1000 bonnet bags (printed), 22s 6d. Star Steam Machine Printing Company, 14, Wynyard-lane, op. Moss & Co.'s.

D. PETERS, Hat Manufacturer and Importer, 488, George-street; and 646, Brickfield-hill.

DEAD HORSES and COWS REMOVED free. Mr. BIGGS, Bondi Villa, near Waverley.

DOWN PILLOWS, 8s 11d; Down Quilts, 8s 11d; Down Skirts, 13s 9d; Down Dressing Gowns, 55s 6d. E. WAY, 267, Pitt-st.

DR. NIBLETT, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., L.M. has commenced the practice of his profession, at New Canterbury Road, Petersham. Hours of Consultation—Morning, 9 to 11. Evening, 5 to 7.

DR. THOMAS DIXSON, HAVING RETURNED from the Continent, has commenced the practice of his profession at 2, Clarendon-terrace, Hyde Park.
Consultation hours—10 till 11.30 a.m., and 5 till 6.30 p.m.

E. WAY, 261 to 267, PITT-STREET.
3 cases of Ladies' Trimmed Hats, from 7s 6d
3 cases of Ladies' Trimmed Bonnets, from 7s 6d.
E. WAY, Importer of Millinery, Pitt-street.

GIBSON'S HORSE BAZAAR, 282, Pitt-street, opposite School of Arts. Horses and Buggies for Sale or Hire.

HOUSE and SHOP PAINTING, in all its branches, cheap. Grant, Brothers, Pyrmont Bridge Road, Glebe.

HORACE WOOLNOUGH AND COMPANY,
77, York-street, Wynyard-square, Sydney,
WAREHOUSEMEN.
Importers of

Straw Hats	Felt Hats
Flowers and Feathers	Shirts and Shirting
Ribbons and Trimmings	Flannels and Manchester.

J. LAWLER, Importer of Iron Bedsteads, Horsehair, Kapock, Pulu, Flock, Fibre, and Flax. 517, George-street.

JOHN DANKS, Importer of Plumbers' and Engineers' Brasswork, Beer Engines, and Pumps of every description. 105, Liverpool-street, near George-street.

MATTRESSES Cleaned and Remade by Steam. J. LAWLER, 517, George-street.

MR. ARTHUR JULIAN has commenced practice as a Solicitor, &c., at No. 58, Hunter-street.

MR. OTTO RAUSSMANN, General Commission and News Agent, NARRABRI.
All orders will meet the greatest attention, and will be promptly attended to.
Agencies for Gwydir district required.

OATLEY AND CAHILL,
AUCTIONEERS, &c.,
40, HUNTER-STREET,
Undertake
OUT-DOOR AUCTION SALES,
THE LETTING OF HOUSES,
COLLECTION OF RENTS,
and
GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS.
TERMS, MODERATE.

PHRENOLOGY. — Professor HAMILTON, 365, George-street, three doors north from King-st.; 10 till 6.

STAYS.—All the best makes in STAYS, 2s 11d to 12s 6d. E. WAY, 261 to 267, Pitt-street.

SPECTACLES, 1s; eye glasses, 1s; pebbles, 10s 6d. Mr. SOLOMON, qualified optician, 689, George-st. South.

SYDNEY CARPET-BEATING GROUND, Rushcutter Bay. CHARLES ARTLETT, Upholsterer.

THE BONANZA.
A CLEANSING CREAM.
Cleans all kinds of material.
WOOLLENS, SILKS, RIBBONS, LACES, &c., and is a great addition to the toilet, as it removes freckles and makes the hands soft and white. It has been well tried at Government House with very satisfactory results.
Sold by all chemists.

W. AYTON, House Painter, Paperhanger, Glazier, Church Window Maker, &c., 461, George-street.

W. YEOMAN, Importer of Painters' and Paperhangers' Materials. Royal Blue House, 170, Pitt-street.

W. J. HICKEY, 366, George-street, near Bathurst-street, for the largest assortment of BOOTS ever shown in the colony, and cheaper than any other house in Sydney.

Meetings.

ENGINEERING ASSOCIATION OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
The usual Monthly MEETING of the above association will be held at their rooms, School of Arts, TO-NIGHT, at 7.30. Business: The reading of remaining prize essays.
A. M'CREDIE, Hon. Sec.

POULTRY, PIGEON, AND CANARY SOCIETY.—Special COMMITTEE MEETING, at Mr. BEATTIE'S, at 7 o'clock TO-NIGHT.
General MEETING, at Temperance Hall, at 8 o'clock, THIS NIGHT.
WM. CRANE, Jun., Hon. Sec.

PROTESTANT ALLIANCE FRIENDLY SOCIETY OF AUSTRALASIA.—The Quarterly MEETING of Members of the Grand Council will be held in the Protestant Hall, Castlereagh-street, on FRIDAY EVENING, 11th instant, at 7.30. Business: Adoption of new laws.
By order of the W.G.M.
T. J. IREDALE, Grand Secretary.

CARDINAL NEWMAN FUND.
The WEEKLY MEETING of the Committee will be held on MONDAY EVENING next, July 14, at St. Mary's Committee Rooms, at 8 o'clock.
Gentlemen sympathising with the movement whose names may have been inadvertently omitted from the list are invited to attend.
As the committee are desirous of publishing a list of subscriptions to the fund as soon as possible, card-holders in the city and suburbs will greatly oblige by paying in on MONDAY EVENING next all moneys collected; and gentlemen who promised to subscribe are particularly requested to hand over their donations to the treasurers on or before that date.
A second list will be published of subscriptions received later from the country, but prompt action on the part of country collectors is earnestly recommended so that the presentation may not be unnecessarily delayed.
T. BUTLER, W. H. ARCHER } Hon. Secretaries.

NO. 3 DERRY LOYAL ORANGE LODGE.—A Special MEETING of the above Lodge will be held in the Wesleyan Schoolroom, Chippendale, To-night, at 8 o'clock. The attendance of all the Brethren of this and other lodges in the district are particularly requested.
By order of the W. M.
W. M'DONALD, Secretary.

NO. 30 PIONEER and 47 BELMORE L. O. LODGES will hold a PURPLE MEETING in the Oddfellows' Hall, Woollahra, THIS EVENING, at 7.45.
Visitors from other lodges invited. Candidates please attend.
J. B. DURHAM, W.M.
J. F. HOOPER, Sec.

LOYAL ORANGE INSTITUTION, 12th JULY CELEBRATION.—COMMITTEE will meet in Grand Lodge Office, TO-MORROW (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
W. B. SOLLING, and ALFRED PERRY, Hon. Secretaries.

NO. 37, BRUNSWICK LOYAL ORANGE LODGE.—Members requested to attend regular Monthly MEETING, in No. 4 Lodge Room, Protestant Hall, THIS EVENING, at 7.30. Subject for discussion—Mariolatry. Visiting brethren invited.

U. A. O. D.—Norma Lodge, St. Leonards.—The members of the above Lodge are requested to attend the Quarterly MEETING, at Oddfellows' Hall, THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, the 10th instant, at 7.30.
By order. W. WILKES, A.D.
W. H. STEPHENSON, Secretary.

N. S. W. TRADES and LABOUR COUNCIL.—The usual Fortnightly MEETING will be held TO-NIGHT, at the Hyde Park Hotel, Bathurst-street, at 7.30 prompt. WILLIAM ROYLANCE, Secretary, 46, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

MASONIC.—Tranquillity, E.C.—Regular Monthly Meeting, This Evening, 7.30. Business: Initiation, passing.

NO. 2 STARR-BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY.—The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Offices, 384, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 10th instant, at 8 o'clock.
THOS. MILLER, Secretary.

SYDNEY COFFEE PALACE HOTEL COMPANY (Limited).
Adjourned MEETING of Shareholders will be held in Temperance Hall, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, 10th instant, at 3 o'clock.
SAMUEL E. LEES, Secretary pro tem.

PACIFIC FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighteenth Annual General MEETING of the Proprietors will be held at the Company's Offices, 91, Pitt-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 2.30 p.m.
1. To receive the Balance-sheet and Report of the Directors for the twelve months ending 30th June ultimo.
2. To elect a Director in lieu of E. Vickery, Esq., who retires by rotation, and is not eligible for re-election.
3. To elect an Auditor in lieu of A. H. W. Maxwell, Esq., who retires by rotation, and is not eligible for re-election.
By order of the Board.
E. L. MONTEFIORE, Manager.
Sydney, 7th July, 1879.
N.B.—Candidates for the office of Director are requested to send notice in writing to the Company's Office, fourteen clear days before the election.

THE AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Half-yearly General MEETING of the Proprietors will be held at the Banking-house, in George-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd JULY instant, at NOON, to receive the Report of the Board of Management for the half-year ended 30th June, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting in terms of the Deed of Settlement.
By order of the Board.
VINCENT W. GIBLIN, General Manager.
Sydney, 1st July, 1879.

GREAT VICTORIA GOLD MINING COMPANY (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Half-yearly General MEETING of the Company will be held on THURSDAY, July 24th, at 11 a.m., at the Company's Office, 177, Pitt-street, Sydney, to receive Directors' Report and Balance-sheet to June 30th, to elect a Director in lieu of S. Thompson, Esq., who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election, and to transact general business.
By order of the Board.
GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.

BOWENFELS COAL MINING AND COPPER SMELTING COMPANY (Limited).
Notice is hereby given that a General MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Head Office, 84, King-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd day of July, 1879, at 3 p.m., to receive the Directors' Report and Balance-sheet to the 30th June last; to elect two Directors in the room of the Hon. Sir G. W. Allen, and the late Archibald Thompson, Esquire; and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.
By order of the Board.
W. H. BOGIE, Manager.
Notices of candidature for the office of Director must be sent in seven days at least before the day of election.
84, King-street,
Sydney, July 9, 1879.

Religious Announcements.

LOYAL ORANGE INSTITUTION.
12th JULY, 1879, CELEBRATION.
A Religious Service n connection with the above will be held in the EXHIBITION BUILDING, Prince Alfred Park, on SUNDAY, 13th JULY, when Addresses will be delivered by Revs. GEORGE SUTHERLAND, Grand Chaplain; JOSEPH BARNIER, Dr. KELYNACK, and F. HIBBERD.
A CHOIR of 200 Voices, under the leadership of Mr. R. CHANDLER, with Mr. T. W. CRAVEN as Organist, will lead the Singing.
Hymns will be distributed, and doors open at 1.30; Service to commence at 2.30.
Collections will be made at the doors, at the close of the service.
HENRY HICKS, R. W. G. M.
W. B. SOLLING, ALFRED PERRY } Hon. Secs.

LOYAL ORANGE INSTITUTION.—12th JULY CELEBRATION.—Ladies and Gentlemen willing to assist in forming the Choir for the SUNDAY SERVICE in connection with the above, are kindly requested to attend a PRACTICE in the HAY-STREET WESLEYAN CHAPEL TO-MORROW EVENING. Copies of hymns will be provided.
Please bring SANKEY'S Books.
T. W. CRAVEN, Organist.
R. CHANDLER, Conductor.

THERE will be a SERVICE of SONG in the Pitt-street CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, by the Members of the Church Choir, and other friends.
The Rev. James Jefferis, LL.B., will preside.
PROGRAMME.
Organ Voluntary—Mr. Broadhurst.
Anthem—"O be joyful" ... Haydn
Solo—"Farewell, ye limpid streams" ... Handel
Duet.
Chorus—"Be thou exalted" ... Kreissman
Solo—"Consider the lilies" ... Glover
Quartette.
Solo—"Thou shalt bring them in" ... Handel
Chorus—"O Father, whose almighty power" ... Handel
Solo—"The Christian Martyr."
Organ Voluntary.
Chorus—"The foe behind" ... Gauntlett
Solo—"It is enough" ... Mendelssohn
Chorus—"Therefore, with angels" ... Novello
Solo—"The Lord is my Shepherd" ... Turner
"But Thou didst not leave His soul in hell"—(Messiah) Solo.
Chorus—"How excellent Thy name."
Commence at half-past 7.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.
HANNAH HALL, from Ohio, America, will hold a Religious MEETING, at the Primitive Methodist Church, Kent-street, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 7.30.
The public are kindly invited.

MIDDAY PRAYER MEETING.—Temperance Hall, 1 to 1.50. Every day, except Saturday and Sunday. To-day, the Rev. THOMAS GAINFORD will (D.V.) preside. To-morrow, the Rev. ROBERT S. WILLIS, M.A.

Borough Council Notices.

BOROUGH OF WOOLLAHRA.—This Council, being desirous to encourage the laying of kerbing and guttering throughout the borough, have reduced the cost thereof to applicants from this date, to 1s the lineal foot.
W. J. TRICKETT, Mayor.
Council-chambers, 9th July, 1879.

BOROUGH OF WOOLLAHRA.—On and after 1st August next, Mr. JESSE COWLEY will act as Inspector of Nuisances for this borough exclusively.
W. J. TRICKETT, Mayor.
Council-chambers, 9th July, 1879.

Lectures.

ST. LEONARDS SCHOOL OF ARTS.
LECTURE by JAMES POWELL, Esq., on "The Literature and Claims of Modern Spiritualism," THIS DAY, July 10th, 1879. Chair to be taken by the president, Wm. Tunks, Esq., at 8 p.m.
Admission, free, by ticket, to be had of the committee, or Mr. Chalk, at the School of Arts.
FREDK. H. KYNGDON, Hon. Sec.

TECHNICAL, OR WORKING MEN'S COLLEGE.
A popular LECTURE will be given THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock, in the Hall of the Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts, by F. LYON WEISS, Esq., St. John's Col. Hurst. Eng. on "Reading." The Lecture will be illustrated by extracts from various standard authors. Admission Free.
JOHN ROGERS, Secretary.

LECTURES.—Chippendale Young Men's Association.—A Public LECTURE in connection with the above will be given in the Wesleyan Schoolroom, Chippendale, on FRIDAY, July 11, at 8 p.m., by Mr. GEO. TURNER, V.P. Subject: "The principles of Ventilation, with experiments."
Admission free.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
LECTURE.
(Third of the winter series).
Rev. GEORGE MARTIN,
PROTESTANT HALL, TUESDAY, JULY 15.
Subject:—"Oliver Cromwell, and the Protestant Revolution."
Hon. S. D. GORDON, M.L.C., will take the chair.
Admission, free. DAVID WALKER, General Secretary.

Business Announcements.

MR. LOUIS F. DIXON has commenced practice as a Solicitor, &c., at No. 61, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership hitherto existing between the undersigned, trading under the style or firm of WILSON, TAIT, and CO., has this day been dissolved by effluxion of time. JOHN WILSON will receive all debts due to the late firm, and discharge all liabilities.
Dated this first day of July, 1879,
JOHN WILSON
JOHN TAIT, Jun.
Witness to the signatures of John Wilson and John Tait the younger—JOHN SHEPHERD, Solicitor, Sydney.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
We, the undersigned, JOHN WILSON, of York-street, Sydney, and JOSEPH PATTINSON, of 3, Milk-street, London, have entered into Partnership as Importers and Warehousemen, under the style or firm of JOHN WILSON and CO.
Mr. JOHN WILSON takes this opportunity of thanking the trade for the liberal support accorded the late firm of Wilson, Tait, and Co., and with increased facilities for doing business, together with the intimate knowledge of the trade Mr. Pattinson acquired during his recent visit to this colony, Messrs. JOHN WILSON and CO. beg to state they will be in a good position to meet the requirements of the trade generally, and accordingly solicit a renewal of past, and hope for increased favours.
Sydney, July 5, 1879.
JOHN WILSON.
JOSEPH PATTINSON,
by his Attorney—WILLIAM CLARKE.

THIS is to certify that I, WILLIAM LANE, and LOUIS PENGELLY do hereby agree, by mutual consent, to Dissolve Partnership, and that the said William Lane is to receive all money owing before this date; also to be answerable for all the outstanding debts. (Signed) WILLIAM LANE
LOUIS PENGELLY.
Witnesses—WILLIAM CAST, WILLIAM SHAW.
Sydney, July 9, 1879.

Municipal Elections.

No. 79-42. Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 7th July, 1879.
ELECTION OF AN ALDERMAN FOR PHILLIP WARD.—An extraordinary vacancy in the office of Alderman for Phillip Ward having occured—Notice is hereby given that the Election of an Alderman to supply such vacancy will take place on MONDAY, the 21st of July instant.
NOTICE OF NOMINATION for persons for election will be received at this office until the hour of 12 o'clock on THURSDAY, the 17th of July instant.
C. J. ROBERTS, Mayor and Returning Officer.
CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

Sydney, July 7, 1879.
TO CHARLES C. SKARRATT, ESQ., J.P.
Dear Sir,—The Amended City Corporation Act of 1879 having made provision for an additional Alderman for each ward of the city, we, the undersigned electors of Macquarie Ward, have very great pleasure in inviting you to be placed in nomination at the forthcoming election, believing that, in the event of your return, you will use your best exertions on our behalf, as well as that of your fellow-citizens generally.
We are, dear Sir,
Yours faithfully,

John G. Hanks	Charles Pearce
T. E. Bray	W. H. Bray
J. H. Hoare	W. B. Walford
John Hardie	and 236 other electors.

Apsley House, 36, Upper William-street, July 9, 1879.
To Messrs. Hanks, Bray, Hoare, Pearce, Walford, Hardie, and the 236 other gentlemen signing the above requisition.
Gentlemen,—In answer to your kind requisition for me to become a candidate for the honour of representing you in the Municipal Council, I can only assure you of my deep sense of the respect and confidence shown therein. I should have esteemed it a great pleasure to have taken my share in municipal work, but contemplating a visit to the old country early in 1880, I cannot feel warranted in accepting the honourable position you wish me to fill for so short a period.
And thanking you sincerely for the mark of esteem,
I remain, Gentlemen, yours most faithfully,
CHARLES C. SKARRATT.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PHILLIP WARD.
FELLOW ELECTORS,—If the approaching contest were fought by the oft-defeated parties who are opposing the return of Mr. Daniel O'Connor, on manly principles, I should scarcely venture to lift my old voice in denunciation of themselves and their tactics. But I think I should fail in my duty as a citizen if I did not point out for your reprobation and guidance the ignominious cry that has issued from the secret organizations that (astonishing and humiliating as the fact undoubtedly is) it is a matter of common information—are the originators and sustainers of the present opposition. An advertisement of theirs in the HERALD that—worthy of their doings at the Supreme Court, they had not the courage to attach a name—by attempting to connect Mr. O'Connor with the utterances of a clergyman at Bathurst, seeks to make the election turn not on the character, principles, or personal fitness of the candidates, but on questions which in no way concern us as taxpayers and citizens. This brazen and wicked endeavour to call to life sectarian animosities, our desire for the extinction of which we have decisively declared, will, I am sure, meet with your utter condemnation and contempt. My acquaintance with Mr. O'Connor dates from his youth. The whole of his upright, hardworking, and determined life I am, I think, conversant with, but I am aware of no fact in his career that presents the slightest suspicion of illiberality. I never knew him to claim a right for the members of the communion to which he belongs that he would not cheerfully accord to his fellow-citizens of other forms of faith. This statement goes forth as no anonymous assertion, but is made solemnly and in the most public manner, and boldly challenges contradiction. I shall not rest with this declaration. If satisfactory proof can be adduced that I am wrong, I firmly state to you, my fellow electors, that my support shall be unhesitatingly withdrawn. To neither the land of Mr O'Connor's birth nor to his religion do I belong. As I am pretty well known to most of you, you are aware that I am to the backbone an Englishman and a Protestant. Without boasting of my circumstances I can set down my means as independent, and as I have no friend or relative to be advanced, no self-interestedness can be charged against me. Moreover, Mr. O'Connor has never rendered me any favour, and very happily I have never needed any. I mention these things to show that my advocacy of his candidature is influenced alone by a thorough belief in his fitness for the position to which he was called by our enthusiastic and decisive voice, but was removed from by technical old gentlemen, who manifested their almost pious regard for the sacredness of the ballot by permitting the easily procured affidavits of a few persons unknown to the majority of you to trample on your solemn and overwhelming vote.
Fellow Electors,—I need scarcely remind you of the condition of our municipal affairs during the long and mischievous rule of those who obtained places in our Council by the worst of false pretences. We owe them memories of disaster and disgrace. We can never forget that Mr. O'Connor was the first reforming alderman—was the first who bared for us civic incapacity and corruption, and who for us dared to struggle with a powerful company, and had the honesty and courage to stand aloof from the profitable association of what we discovered to be an Australian Tammany Ring. From him came the first light on the shady transactions of the thriving "fathers" of an insolvent though opulent city. One of his earliest acts as an Alderman was to save you the very considerable amount of ten thousand pounds (£10,000), that so absorbed were they in their own aims, our civic patriots allowed to lapse, while at the very time large numbers of old servants were turned adrift—not for want of employment, as their services in many instances were required for the preservation of the public health—but on the allegation of the want of means to pay. The Act which has recently been passed lifts the city from the beggary and insolvency that injured and disgraced us in the eyes of the world, and to which we were reduced by a self-seeking and incompetent faction to one that in wise and honest hands will afford means for its maintenance in a manner worthy of the affluence and intelligence of its people and its own future. But to whom are we chiefly indebted for a change that it requires some consideration to duly measure? Beyond all doubt to Mr. Daniel O'Connor. From his exposures in the Council that first awakened the attention of too apathetic citizens to an almost grey conspiracy, till the present Act became law, he has both in the Municipal Council and in Parliament, at great personal sacrifices, rendered you brave and fruitful and memorable service. Are we then to forget his work, and place him aside at the dictation of a "canting crew," who are putting forward one of whom I have no desire—(as the blame is not his)—to speak unkindly—who has not a single claim to your confidence. As to that faction who are our real, though fitly, veiled opponents; that band who have left their humiliating works in our history, and as to the cry they are now attempting to raise, adopting what has been admirably spoken, I make this appeal, "I now ask you educated English and Scotch mechanics, of whom in this electorate there are so many with whom I have had the honour to be so long identified in political struggles, I ask you to put down the real enemies of civil and religious liberty and save this country from the ascendancy of impostors who would be Buddhists for office and Pagans of any kind for pay, and are only Protestants for malignity and destruction of the public peace."
I am, Fellow-Electors,
Your grateful friend,
BENJAMIN MORRIS.
Wellington-street, Chippendale.

PHILLIP WARD.—Electors, VOTE for G. L. CARTER, Esq., the only candidate residing in the Ward.

ELECTORS OF DENISON WARD.
FRANCIS ABIGAIL, of George-street, will be a CANDIDATE for the additional ALDERMAN.

THE SYDNEY MAIL.
This week's issue will be accompanied by a FOUR-PAGE SUPPLEMENT, containing full reports of recent debates in the Legislative Council, issuing in the dropping of the LAND BILL.
CONTENTS.
Sir John Robertson's Speech of July 1, revised by himself
Ministerial Statement of July 3, with ensuing debate
Discussion on July 8 of Sir John Robertson's Amendment.
This SUPPLEMENT will place the recent action of the Council in respect to the Land Bill fairly before the SUBSCRIBERS to the SYDNEY MAIL, and will be handy for reference in any future dispute betwixt the two Houses over the fate of the dropped measure.

THE BISHOP OF BATHURST and the Late Mr. KENNA.
The Original Correspondence and the Explanatory Lecture by the Rev. Dr. BYRNE, will this afternoon appear in THE ECHO.

Tenders.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF JOHN ALFORD, Draper, George-street.
The STOCK &c., in the above Estate will be disposed of by TENDER. Stock sheets will be ready for inspection on TUESDAY next, 8th July. Tenders will be received by the Trustees up to 12 o'clock noon MONDAY, 14th instant, at 122, Pitt-street.
CHRIS. NEWTON, THOS. A. STRICKLAND } Trustees.

BOROUGH OF EAST ST. LEONARDS.—TENDERS required for the construction of Drainage-work, &c., at the intersection of Peel and Carrabella streets. For all information apply to the Council Clerk; or to
T. S. PARROTT, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, 57, Pitt-street.

IN THE ESTATE of the late W. HALLEY.
TENDERS are invited for the Residue of the Lease of the Premises, having 8 years to run, and for the whole of the working material, or for the premises apart from the stock.
Address "Tenders," care J. MACINTOSH, Pitt-street. Open till SATURDAY, July 12th.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1879.
Offices, Macquarie-street, Sydney.
TENDERS for the Erection of a Building for a Photographic Gallery in the Domain for the Commissioners will be received up to 11 o'clock on FRIDAY, the 11th of July.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Offices of the undersigned, and tenders are to be addressed to the Executive Commissioner, 138, Macquarie-street, on or before the time above stated.
The lowest or any other tender not necessarily accepted.
W. W. WARDELL, Architect, 171, Pitt-street.
June 28, 1879.

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE of S. SOLOMON, Optician.
By order of the Official Assignee, ALFRED SANDEMAN, Esq.
FRASER and CO., will SELL by PRIVATE TENDER, THE ENTIRE STOCK, comprising—
FINEST PEBBLES, SPECTACLES of all kinds, MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, &c., GLASSES, CANTESCOPES, &c., &c.
Inventory can be seen at the ROOMS of the AUCTIONEERS.
STOCK will be on view on Friday Afternoon, July 11, between the hours of 3 and 5 p.m.
Tenders to be delivered to A. SANDEMAN, Esq., Official Assignee, Temple Court, on or before noon on MONDAY, the 14th instant.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of Weathersheds and other improvements in connection with the Public School at NEWCASTLE SOUTH. Plans and specifications may be seen, and forms of tender obtained, on application at the ARCHITECT'S OFFICE, 165, Pitt-street, Sydney; or from the HON. SECRETARY Public School Board, NEWCASTLE SOUTH.
Tenders must be delivered at the ARCHITECT'S OFFICE on or before MONDAY, THE 28th INSTANT, and are to be endorsed "Tender for Weathersheds and improvements Public School, NEWCASTLE SOUTH.
G. ALLEN MANSFIELD, Architect to the Council of Education.
9th July, 1879.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of COUNCIL-CHAMBERS, and Council Clerk's Residence, in connection with the TOWN HALL at PARRAMATTA.
The works may be tendered for as follows:—
1. Excavation, drainage, masonry, and brickwork.
2. Carpenters' and joiners' work, and all finishing trades.
3. Or the whole of the work in one sum.
Plans and specifications may be seen on application at the Office of the Architects, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before WEDNESDAY, 6th AUGUST.
MANSFIELD, BROTHERS, Architects, 165, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TENDERS invited for removing the hill at or near the intersection of Cleveland-street and Elizabeth-street, Redfern, and filling up to a uniform level the Block of Land bounded by Cleveland-street, Elizabeth-street, Redfern-street, and Castlereagh-street, Redfern. Also separate tenders for filling up the adjoining block, bounded by Elizabeth-street, Redfern-street, Castlereagh-street, and the Waterloo Estate. Plans and particulars to be obtained from Mr. Surveyor BROWNRIGG, Hunter-street; or R. F. POCKLEY, 77, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received up to the 19th instant, in one sum, for the Erection of a Cottage in the City of Goulburn, for Mr. Martin.
Plans and specifications may be seen at the Australian Stores, Goulburn; or at the office of
THOMAS ROWE, Architect, Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received up to the 19th instant, in one sum, for the Erection of a large Store, with Shops, in Auburn-street, city of Goulburn, for William Davis, Esq., M.L.A. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Australian Stores, Goulburn; or at the office of
THOMAS ROWE, Architect, Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received on the 17th instant, in one sum, for sundry Alterations, Additions, Internal Fittings, and Decorations required to Premises in George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel, for the Coffee Palace and Temperance Hotel Company. Plans and specifications may be seen and particulars obtained at the office of
THOMAS ROWE, Architect, Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street.

THE Trustees of the Maryborough Grammar School invite Plans and Specifications for a suitable SCHOOL, to be erected in this town.
The first award will be given for the plan, &c., approved and adopted.
The second award will be handed for the next plan, &c.
Full particulars can be obtained on application to
E. P. WELLS, Hon. Sec.
Town Hall, Maryborough, Queensland, June 18.

TENDERS wanted up to the 16th of July, for Building 4 small Cottages at Waterloo.
Plans and specifications to be seen at Mr. TITLOW'S, No. 4, George-street, Waterloo, near Raglan-street.
Tenders to be addressed to Mr. WM. SCOLES, Crescent-street, Church-hill.

TO CARPENTERS.—TENDERS are invited until 12th instant for Workroom to business premises on Brickfield-hill. D. W. RYAN, Architect, 183, Pitt-street, opposite City Bank.

TENDERS invited, until MONDAY, 21st July, for the Erection of seven Houses, in Sussex-street.
T. BUTEMENT, Architect and Surveyor, 181, Pitt-street.

TENDERS wanted to Purchase Drain Pipes at CONLON and COTTER'S Pottery, Broughton-st., Glebe.

TENDERS for Brickwork (labour only), two Houses, Surry Hills. R. FLETCHER, 33, Albion-street.

TENDERS required for Additions and Alterations to the Chippendale Hotel, Bank-street, before the 16th instant. Plans and specification at the hotel, and also at office, 11, Regent-street. EDWARD HUGHES, Architect.

TENDERS for Plastering (labour only). Apply at building, Shephard's Wharf, Subiaco, Parramatta River.

TENDERS required for Plastering (labour only). 53, Dowling-street, Moore Park.

TENDERS required for cleaning Bricks. Apply 125, Glebe Road.

TO PUBLICANS and others.—TENDERS wanted for the supply of REFRESHMENTS during the Intercolonial Walking Contest, EDWARDS v. TAYLOR.
Apply to C. WOOLLER, Captain Cook Hotel, Moore Park.

FOR SALE, BY TENDER.
The ESTATE of the late Mr. ALEXANDER SMAIL.
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned, for the purchase of the above estate, up to the 16th day of July, 1879.
THE ESTATE consists of seven (7) freehold houses, situated in that valuable part of the city, MILLER'S POINT, and bringing in a yearly rental of £407 8s., all let to FIRST-CLASS tenants, and in good repair.
Tenders may be for the whole or any part or parcels.
Each tender will have to be accompanied with a deposit of 10 per cent. on the amount of tender.
The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.
TERMS, CASH.
TITLE, UNDENIABLE.
Further particulars may be obtained by applying to the undersigned.
D. WILLIAMSON, Executor for the estate of the late Alexander Smail, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, TENDERS for Slating two Houses, Newtown Road, next Templemore Hotel.

WANTED, TENDERS for Joiner's Work. Apply after 10, Pine Cottage, Devonshire-street.

CITY STEAM MILLS, GOULBURN.—We find it necessary to inform Bakers and others that we have not any business connection with other Millers of the same name, and that Mr. HENRY DARE is the Sole Agent for the sale of our flour in Sydney.
J. and J. MAYES.
Goulburn, July 8th, 1879.

JAMES CLARK removed from 614, [illegible] to 298 George-street, [illegible].

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Amusements.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

LYSTER'S
ROYAL ITALIAN AND ENGLISH OPERA.

Conductor ... ... Signor A. Zelman
Stage Manager ... ... Mr. Arthur Howell
Leader ... ... Signor E. Ortori
Acting Manager ... ... Mr. George Musgrove.

THIS (Thursday) EVENING, July 10th,
will be presented Gounod's great work,
FAUST.

Faust ... ... Signor Pietro Paladini
Mephistopheles ... ... Mr. G. Verdi
Valentine ... ... Mr. Ugo Angieri
Siebel ... ... Miss Agnes Palma
Wagner ... ... Signor P. Favas
Martha ... ... Mrs. J. H. Fox
and
Marguerite ... ... Signora Antonietta Link

FRIDAY EVENING, July 11,
By request, and in consequence
of its great success,
Balfe's charming Opera,
ROSE OF CASTILE.

SATURDAY ... ... BOHEMIAN GIRL.
MONDAY ... ... MARITANA.

In preparation, and to be produced with great splendour, for the first time in Sydney, Verdi's greatest work,
AIDA.

PRICES OF ADMISSION
Dress Circle, 7s 6d; Stalls, 3s; Upper Circle, 2s; Gallery, 1s.
Doors open at 7.30, commence at 8 o'clock.
Carriages may be ordered for 10.30.

NOTICE.
To avoid the crush at night, Tickets for the Stalls, Upper Circle, and Gallery can be obtained at the Victoria Theatre daily, from 11 a.m. till 3 p.m.
Box office open at Elvy and Co.'s, 321, George-street, where seats MAY BE SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.
HENRY BEAUMONT, Treasurer.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

H. M. S.	EVERY EVENING, at 8.	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	H. M. S. PINAFORE	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	H. M. S. PINAFORE	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	H. M. S. PINAFORE.	PINAFORE
H. M. S.		PINAFORE
H. M. S.	THE ONLY LEON.	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	LITTLE BUTTERCUP.	PINAFORE
H. M. S.		PINAFORE
H. M. S.	Mr. EDWIN KELLY.	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	SIR JOSEPH PORTER,	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	K.C.B.,	PINAFORE
H. M. S.		PINAFORE
H. M. S.	But that kind of ship so suited me	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	That now I'm ruler of the Queen's	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	nav'ee.	PINAFORE
H. M. S.	If what—Why, if you please?	PINAFORE

Box Plan at Nicholson and Ascherberg's, 317, George-street.
Free list most positively suspended. (Press excepted.)

H. M. S. PINAFORE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

CAUTION.
It being expected by Messrs. Metzler and Co., of London, the owners of the copyright, that American or other editions of the Music of this OPERA, or of arrangements from the same, may be introduced in this colony, we hereby notify that any person who shall print, or cause to be printed for sale or exportation, or shall import for sale or hire, or shall have in his possession for sale any of the said Pinafore Music so unlawfully printed or imported, will be liable to a special action under the law of Copyright, 5 and 6 Victoria, c. 45, enforcing heavy penalties, with forfeiture of all copies.
ELVY and CO,
(Agents for G. Metzler and Co.),
Music Warehouse, 321, George-street, Sydney.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.
SATURDAY, 12th July, 1879.

FAREWELL BENEFIT tendered to Mr. CHARLES BROWN on his retiring from the stage, on which occasion such a bill of fare that has never been presented to a Sydney audience, including the original female Blondenettes, and a full variety company.
H. W. RICHARDSON, General Manager.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.

WEDNESDAY, July 16,
opening night of the great ZEALANDIA EXHIBITION, two Panoramas and two Dioramas, painted on 2000 yards of canvas, by J. S. Willis, Esq., illustrative of the picturesque and magnificent scenery of New Zealand.
See future advertisements.

MERCANTILE ROWING CLUB.

ANNUAL BALL,
EXHIBITION BUILDING, 10th JULY next.

DRESS—PLAIN and FANCY.

BAND—YOUNG AUSTRALIAN.

The ANNUAL BALL of this Club, under the patronage of his Worship the MAYOR (C. J. Roberts, Esq.), and the MERCHANTS of Sydney, will be held at the EXHIBITION BUILDING, THIS EVENING.
Tickets—Double, 30s; Gentlemen—Single, 20s; Ladies, 12s 6d. May now be secured from the Committee; or from Messrs. Elvy and Co., W. H. Paling, Nicholson and Ascherberg, Farmer and Co., Thompson and Giles, D. Jones and Co., Peapes and Shaw, Parrot, Brothers, J. L. Hordern, Callaghan and Son, and E. Cantor.
Carriages enter by Northern Gate, and leave by Eastern.
D. MURRAY, Hon. Secretary } Ball Committee.
F. B. HALL, Hon. Treasurer }

LOYAL ORANGE INSTITUTION.

12th JULY, 1879, CELEBRATION.

A GRAND CONCERT, in connection with the above will be held in the EXHIBITION BUILDING, PRINCE ALFRED PARK, on MONDAY EVENING, 14th JULY, for which the following artistes are engaged:—
Miss FLORENCE NEVILLE, Miss E. A. LAMBERT, (of Lyster's Opera Company, by kind permission of W. S. Lyster, Esq.),
Mr. H. ACKLAND, Mr. T. CAMPBELL,
and
Signor P. GIORZA,
Mr. W. G. BROADHURST, Musical Director.

The BRETHREN will march in PROCESSION in the building, attired in FULL REGALIA.

ADDRESSES will be delivered by the Revs. GEO. SUTHERLAND (Grand Chaplain), Rev. Dr. KELYNACK, Rev. JOSEPH BARNIER, Rev. GEORGE LANE, and
Rev. Pastor CHINIQUY.

Doors will be open at 6.30. Concert to commence at 8.
Tickets—Adults, 1s 6d; children, 1s. To be had of any of the committee, and at the DOORS.

Programme will appear in future issues.
H. HICKS, R.W.G.M.
W. B. SOLLING, } Hon.
ALFRED PERRY, } Secretaries.

COMPLIMENTARY PICNIC
to JOHN LUCAS, Esq., M.L.A.,
on SATURDAY, July 26.

The undersigned will attend at the ROYAL HOTEL, DAILY, between the hours of 10 and 12
GEORGE A. HEWETT, Secretary.

N. S. W. POULTRY, PIGEON, AND CANARY SOCIETY.
Annual EXHIBITION will be held in Temperance Hall, on 29th, 30th, and 31st July. Admission, 1s. Tickets, Entry Forms, Prize Schedules, &c., can now be obtained from Mr. FLETCHER, George-street Markets.
WILLIAM CRANE, Jun., Hon. Sec.
124, Philip-street.

BOTANY. BOTANY. BOTANY.

SIR JOSEPH BANKS PAVILION.

SATURDAY, July 12.

Dancing
Skating.
Young Australian Band.

DANCING under the direction of Mr. William King.
SKATING
on the largest Rink in the Australian colonies;
a mile
in 12 rounds.

Skates on hire.
Rink open every day in the week.
'Buses from Wynyard-square every few minutes.
Admission, 1s.
The whole under the management of the proprietor.
FRANK SMITH.

CIVIL SERVICE MUSICAL SOCIETY.—Second CONCERT, Twelfth Season, Masonic Hall, THURSDAY, 24th instant. Music—Cantata, "Eveleen," and miscellaneous. Conductor, Signor GIORZA. S. M. MOWLE, Hon. Secretary.

PYRMONT HALL, PYRMONT. SECOND GRAND SOIREE will be held in the above Hall on FRIDAY EVENING, July 11th. Double tickets, 12s 6d.
J. WOOLDRIDGE, Manager.

GLADSTONE LODGE, No. 80, I. O. G. T., Wesleyan School-room, Botany-street, Surry Hills. The members of the above Lodge will present that popular temperance play, known as the "Trial of John Barleycorn," to conclude with a side-splitting farce, entitled "A Convivial Evening," on This (Thursday) Evening, July 10th. Doors open at 7.30. Performance to commence at 8. Admission—Reserved seats, 1s 6d; back ditto, 1s.

AMATEUR BRASS BAND CONTEST. ENTRANCE LIST will CLOSE TUESDAY EVENING, 15th. Meeting of Bandmasters, Wednesday, 7 p.m., 262, Pitt-street.
A. KOPFF, Secretary.

QUOITS, QUOITS.—The well-known players, JOLLY and THORNTON, will play a Match next SATURDAY, at the Coach and Horses Hotel, Randwick. Afternoon.

SKATING at TEMPERANCE HALL TO-NIGHT, 7.45, THIS AFTERNOON, Friday, and Saturday afternoons. NOTE.—The only Hall open for Skating, is free from surrounding posts, which endanger Skaters limbs.

SKATING, Glammis Hall, Stewart-street, Paddington, every SATURDAY, 2.30 to 4.30 p.m. Admission, 1s.

PROTESTANT HALL.—A SELECT QUADRILLE ASSEMBLY will be held by the members of the IMPERIAL BAND on next MONDAY, July 14. Tickets as usual.
H. SMITH, Hon. Sec.

REDFERN Football Club.—Scratch MATCH THIS DAY, Moore Park, 4.15 p.m. Other clubs respectfully invited.

OPEN UNTIL SIX O'CLOCK, THIS DAY, THURSDAY.
THE ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE.
The GREAT EXHIBITION of Furnishing Merchandise still continues; the 20 per cent. Discount Departments are now ready.
W. B. CAMPBELL.

GAS-COOKING.—Persons prejudiced against gas-stoves should see Raleigh's "Victory" grilling in the flame to-day. It will convert them at once. Price from £3. Call for circulars. RALEIGH, 523, George-street.

MERCANTILE BALL, This Night.—Close Carriages, 'Buses, Cabs, &c., cheap rates. 22, Bligh-street.

WARATAH F. C.—SCRATCH MATCH, TO-DAY, Moore Park, 4.30. G. W. BEAL, Hon. Sec.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Lessee and Manager ... ... Mr. Samuel Lazar
Stage Manager ... ... Mr. R. N. Jones
Scenic Artist ... ... Mr. W. J. Wilson
Leader of Orchestra ... ... Mr. W. Rice.

CONTINUED SUCCESS
of
THE EMINENT TRAGEDIAN,
Mr.
WILLIAM CRESWICK,
supported by
MISS HELEN ASHTON
and the
THEATRE ROYAL COMPANY.

THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING, JULY 10, 1879,
Mr. CRESWICK
will appear for
THE FIRST TIME IN SYDNEY,
as
INGOMAR
Ingomar
Ingomar
Ingomar
Ingomar
Ingomar
the
BARBARIAN.

Parthenia ... ... Miss Helen Ashton.

INGOMAR
will be produced with
NEW MUSIC
and
NEW STAGE ARRANGEMENTS.

IN PREPARATION,
VIRGINIUS,
which will be produced with
GRAND SCENERY AND EFFECTS.

☞ SPECIAL NOTICE.
During
MR. CRESWICK'S SEASON
the
FREE LIST
will
BE ENTIRELY SUSPENDED,
the Press excepted.

☞ BOX OFFICE at Messrs. Nicholson and Ascherberg's, George-street.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
GUILD HALL.

SATURDAY, 12th July, 1879.

FAREWELL BENEFIT
and
LAST APPEARANCE
of
MISS MARIAN WILLIS.
DRAMA, COMEDY, BURLESQUE, MINSTRELSY, and Pantomime by all the PRINCIPAL ARTISTES in SYDNEY, who have kindly tendered their valuable services.
See full Programme in to-morrow's issue.

EXHIBITION BUILDING,
ALFRED PARK,
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY,
July 17th, 18th, and 19th.

PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL
FORTY-EIGHT HOURS WALKING CONTEST,
EDWARDS v. TAYLOR,
for £100 aside,
and the Long Distance Championship of Australia,
starting on THURSDAY EVENING, July 17th, at 8.30 p.m.

During this great contest the Exhibition Building will be open to the public the whole time.
This enormous building, capable of holding 10,000 persons, will be specially fitted up for this occasion in such a manner that a good view of the competitors will be obtained from all parts.
'Buses will ply to and from the Building the whole time.

Musical Instruments.

FOR PRIVATE SALE

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.
A large assortment ex recent arrivals, affording buyers a choice of instruments from the most renowned makers (guaranteed genuine), embracing instruments of the HIGHEST CLASS, unsurpassed for TONE, POWER, FINISH, and DURABILITY, and UNEQUALLED for VALUE.
Also,
AMERICAN ORGANS and HARMONIUMS.
☞ All Pianofortes sold at this establishment are carefully examined and properly tuned by a competent pianoforte mechanist before they leave the premises, and purchasers from the country may rely on obtaining a sound instrument that will give them every satisfaction.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers, Spring and O'Connell streets.
☞ Principal entrance to Show Rooms from O'Connell streets

A REDUCTION of 20 per cent. off Musical Boxes, £3 15s to £25, at Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. Campbell.

PIANOFORTES, &c., Tuned and Repaired by H. W. Loveday. W. Bullard's, Music Warehouse, 356, George-st.

THE NEW ENGLAND ORGAN CO. have received 3 GOLD MEDALS within the past eighteen months. At the Great Fair, Portland, Maine, U. S. A., September, 2 GOLD MEDALS, for being the BEST ORGANS for CHURCH and HOUSE USE; and at MECHANICS' FAIR, BOSTON, U. S. A., September, October, and November, 1878, a FIRST GOLD MEDAL OVER ALL COMPETITORS for smoothness, evenness, superior power and volume of tone, and all the important requisites which make this THE ORGAN that now leads the world.
THE NEW ENGLAND ORGANS HAVE NO SUPERIOR.
Critical examination is solicited. Catalogues and price lists sent free on application to the sole agents for Australian colonies.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.,
York-street, Wynyard-square.

PIANO, trichord, walnut, new, 7-oct., check action, £27; cost £65, bargain. 8, Rosebud-ter., close Sacred Heart.

FOR SALE, an Estey American Organ, almost new. Apply on board ship Samuel Plimsoll, Moore's Wharf.

FOR SALE, cheap, no reasonable offer refused, a Pipe ORGAN, 4 stops, handsome case, occupies small space; height of organ, 8 feet 6 inches. Suitable for church or drawing-room. Apply No. 10, Belvoir-street, Alfred Park.

WANTED to hire, easy, Second-hand PIANO, with option to purchase. State terms, Piano, General Post Office.

PIANO, trichord, most highly finished, and elastic touch; cost, £100; any reasonable offer. 100, Phillip-st.

Horses and Vehicles.

AMERICAN HARNESS, best quality single and pair horse buggy, carriage, and express harness. JOHN BRUSH, Importer, and Manufacturer, 407, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

WANTED, roomy one-horse PHAETON, first-class Address A. K. Mackenzie, Kiss's Bazaar.

SPRING DRAY and HORSE, complete, wanted. State particulars H. H., Herald Office.

THE LARGEST and BEST-SELECTED STOCK of AMERICAN BUGGIES and CARRIAGES in the Australian colonies, from builders of the highest reputation in the United States, built expressly to suit requirements of the colonies, under special instructions.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Importers of every description of American Merchandise, Stores and Offices, York-street, Wynyard-square.
Every vehicle bears our plate as importers, to serve as guarantee.

AMERICAN HARNESS of every description, from celebrated makers direct.
BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Importers,
York-street and Wynyard-square.

AMERICAN EXPRESS WAGGONS, with both pole and shafts. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.

AMERICAN BUGGIES. AMERICAN BUGGIES

ANOTHER NEW SHIPMENT,
comprising
The Latest Novelties introduced to the American Market,
NOW BEING UNPACKED.

Half-top Victoria Phaeton (mounted with the Patent Rubber Cushioned Axle), very easy riding trap ...	£120
Jump-seat top Buggy, the most perfect and easiest worked jump-seat yet invented ...	80
Top Phaetons, with rumbles and child's seat ...	70
Doctor's and Ladies' Top Phaetons, from ...	35
Side-bar Top Buggy ...	42
Tray Buggies (Abbott) Top and no Top, from ...	48
Turn-out Seats, Top and no Top, from ...	38
Ditto ditto Cutuder ...	60
Kensington Trotter BUGGIES, from ...	50
Harness—Single, Double, and Shifting of English and American make, from ...	6

KEAREY, BROTHERS, Coachbuilders and Importers,
290, Pitt-street.

THOROUGHBRED Stallion, by The Barb, £30; bay Cob, first-class hack, £12. KNIGHT, Castlereagh-street.

HOODED Passenger Waggonette, £27; new Spring-cart and new Harness, £18; Saddles, 50s. KNIGHT.

NEW double-seat Buggy and new Harness, £43; good second-hand double Buggy, £25. KNIGHT.

HOODED Surveyor's Waggon, £45; light hooded Buggy, £30; single seat Buggy, £21. KNIGHT.

STANCH HORSE, any harness trial, suit patent safety or van, with good set of HARNESS, £14 lot; patent Safety, with license, £10. Apply No. 11, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

FOR SALE, CAB, two HORSES, and Harness. Mrs. RICHARDS, Albert-street, Redfern.

WANTED to PURCHASE, 6 good light harness HORSES. KNIGHT, 257, Castlereagh-street.

PAIR BAYS, splendid match, black points, 5 and 6-year old, and good goers, £60. E. M'CARTY and CO.

HORSE, new Spring-cart, and new Harness, £27; Invalid Phaeton, Pony, and Harness, £52. E. M'CARTY and CO., Castlereagh-street.

PAIR good Roadsters, American Waggon, with top, and Harness, £60; good hack, Saddle, and Bridle, £12. M'Carty.

STYLISH Double Buggy, £42; Pagnel Cart, £18; new Spring-cart, £14; strong Buggy, £20; Surveyor's Waggon, with top, and Harness, £42; Rockaway, £20; Tray Buggy, £30. E. M'CARTY, 235, Castlereagh-street.

BUGGY HORSE, 5 years old, first-class trotter in saddle or harness; price 20 guineas; pair stylish bay geldings, 5 years old, remarkably handsome, grand steppers; 60 guineas. GIBSON'S Bazaar, 282, Pitt-street.

SUPERIOR Horse, good family Sociable, and Harness. £55 the lot. GIBSON, 282, Pitt-street.

NEW hooded Buggy and Harness, only £45; light Buggy and Harness, £35. GIBSON'S.

BROWN good Spring-cart HORSE, ton trial, £12; Draught Horse, any trial, £21. WOOLLER'S.

CHESTNUT stylish Buggy and Saddle HORSE, £20; Horse, Tip-dray, and Harness, £24. WOOLLER'S.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.—W. VIAL and SON, Practical Coachbuilders, Castlereagh-st., Sydney. Estb. 1856.

SILVER-PLATED Buggy HARNESS, best quality, cheap. J. RIORDAN, 208, Liverpool-street, off Oxford-st.

A SPLENDID WAGGONETTE and set of Harness cheap. W. Alexander, Pitt and Park streets.

A HANDSOME bay brougham or sociable HORSE for SALE. J. F. KING, Bull's-chambers, 173, Pitt-street.

Public Notices.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1869.

IN THE LONDON BANKRUPTCY COURT.
In the Matter of a special resolution for liquidating by arrangement of the affairs of CHARLES PHIPPS TIARKS, HENRY COATES TICKLE, and GEORGE FRANCIS WRIGHT, trading in copartnership as Merchants under the style of "Tiarks, Tickle, and Wright," at No. 4, Star-court, Bread-street, in the city of London, and of York-street, Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, and the said Charles Phipps Tiarks, also residing at Cannon-street Hotel, in the said city of London, and the said Henry Coates Tickle also residing at Belmont, The Avenue, Acre-lane, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, and the said George Francis Wright, residing at Sydney aforesaid; and also in the matter of the separate Estate of the said Charles Phipps Tiarks.
The separate Creditors of the above named Charles Phipps Tiarks who have not already proved their debts are required, on or before the fifth day of August, 1879, to send their proofs, duly authenticated, to me, the undersigned, TRAYTON PAGDEN CHILD, of the firm of Boyes and Child, of 42, Poultry, in the city of London, England, accountants, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the dividend proposed to be declared.
Dated this 2nd day of May, 1879.
T. P. CHILD, Trustee.
SAXELBY and FAULKNER, 7 and 8, Ironmonger-lane, London, England, Solicitors for the Trustee.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1869.

IN THE LONDON BANKRUPTCY COURT.
In the Matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of CHARLES PHIPPS TIARKS, HENRY COATES TICKLE, and GEORGE FRANCIS WRIGHT, trading in copartnership as Merchants, under the style of "Tiarks, Tickle, and Wright," at No. 4, Star Court, Bread-street, in the city of London, and of York-street, Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, and the said Charles Phipps Tiarks, also residing at Cannon-street Hotel, in the said city of London, and the said Henry Coates Tickle, also residing at Belmont, The Avenue, Acre-lane, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, and the said George Francis Wright, residing at Sydney, aforesaid.
The Creditors of the abovenamed Charles Phipps Tiarks, Henry Coates Tickle, and George Francis Wright, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the fifth day of August, 1879, to send their proofs, duly authenticated, to me, the undersigned, TRAYTON PAGDEN CHILD, of the firm of Boyes and Child, of 42, Poultry, in the city of London, England, Accountants, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof, they will be excluded from the benefit of the dividend proposed to be declared.
Dated this 2nd day of May, 1879.
T. P. CHILD, Trustee.
SAXELBY and FAULKNER, 7 and 8, Ironmonger-lane, London, England, Solicitors for the Trustee.

NOTICE UNDER THE TRUST PROPERTY ACT.

JAMES BRACKENREG, late of West Maitland, deceased.

PURSUANT to the Trust Property Act, 26 Victoria, No. 12: Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any debt or claim upon or affecting the estate of JAMES BRACKENREG, late of West Maitland, in the colony of New South Wales, landholder, deceased, who died on or about the 25th day of June, 1878, probate of whose will and codicil was granted by the Supreme Court of said colony, in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, on the 18th day of July, 1878, to CHARLES JOHN BRACKENREG, of West Maitland, Veterinary Surgeon, are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims to WILLIAM HENRY MULLEN, Esq., of West Maitland, Solicitor and Proctor, on or before the 16th day of August next, at the expiration of which time the said Charles John Brackenreg will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the debts and claims only of which he shall then have had due notice; and the said Charles John Brackenreg will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not have had due notice at the time of such distribution.
Dated this 5th day of July, A.D. 1879.
WILLIAM HENRY MULLEN,
Proctor for Administrator, West Maitland.
By W. F. BRENNAN, his agent.

KAISER WILHELM SPENDE.
(German Benevolent Society.)

The following subscriptions for the above institution are hereby thankfully acknowledged.

A. Shadler, Esq. ...	£5 0 0	John Hagen, Esq. ...	£5 0 0
C. H. Meurer Esq. ...	1 0 0	Otto Meyer, Esq. ...	5 5 0
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Chas. Windberg, Esq.	1 1 0	M. Barr, Esq. ...	1 0 0
Chas. Busse, Esq. ...	1 1 0	Word, Esq. ...	1 0 0
Raphael, Esq. ...	0 10 6	A. Parrot, Esq. ...	1 1 0
Kronfeld, Esq. ...	0 10 6	Brambach, Esq. ...	1 0 0
H. G. Hansen, Esq.	1 0 0	Otto Fein, Esq. ...	3 0 0
F. Sheidel, Esq. ...	1 0 0		
F. C. Hedemann, Esq. ...	5 0 0	Total,	£101 10 0

OTTO MEYER, Hon. Treasurer.

SYDNEY RAGGED SCHOOLS.—The following SUBSCRIPTIONS are thankfully acknowledged:—

London Chartered Bank ...	£5 0 0	Mrs. Chauvel	1 0 0
Evening News Office	0 10 6	Messrs. Flavelle, Bro. and Roberts ...	1 1 0
Bishop of Sydney ...	2 2 0	A. M'Arthur and Co. ...	2 2 0
Justice Faucett ...	1 1 0	J. H. Davies and J. T. Chapman, secretaries to return ball to the Mayor ...	9 1 8
Dr Moore ...	1 1 0		
Mr. H. C. Dangar ...	2 2 0		
S. Greenhill ...	2 2 0		
J. G. Ross ...	3 3 0		
J. Harris, M.L.A. ...	1 1 0		
R. A. A. Morehead	2 2 0	C. Newton, Bro., and Co. ...	2 2 0
W. Owen ...	1 1 0		
F. H. Humphrey ...	1 1 0	Anderson and Co. ...	1 1 0
Josiah Mullens ...	5 0 0	Warburton and Sons ...	1 1 0
H. E. Tidswell ...	1 1 0		
C. Bowen ...	1 1 0	Yee, Sang, Loong, and Co. ...	1 1 0
W. Crane ...	1 1 0		
J. H. Newman ...	1 1 0	M. Albery and Co.	0 10 0
F. T. Watkins ...	1 1 0	Bull, Price, and Co.	1 1 0
D. Cormack ...	2 2 0	Caird, Paterson, and Co. ...	1 1 0
J. S. Abraham ...	0 10 6		
J. B. Rundle ...	2 2 0	Mr. T. W. Smart ...	2 2 0
C. Moore ...	2 2 0	E. Way ...	1 1 0
F. H. Dangar ...	10 0 0	J. S. Adam ...	1 1 0
Mrs. Hooper ...	2 4 0	J. Scroggie ...	1 1 0
Brown ...	0 10 0	J. S. Murray ...	1 1 0
Miss Brown ...	0 10 0	S. Bryen ...	1 1 0
Lady Stephen ...	1 1 0	L. F. Iredale, Goolhi ...	3 0 0
Mrs. Mary Roberts ...	5 5 0		
Lamb, sen. ...	2 2 0		

JAMES R. FAIRFAX, Hon. Treasurer.
J. S. HARRISON, Hon. Secretary.

THE BISHOP OF BATHURST
and
the Late Mr. KENNA.

The Original Correspondence and the Explanatory Lecture, by the Rev. Dr. BYRNE, will this afternoon appear in THE ECHO.

79-43 Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 9th July, 1879.

TEMPORARY CLOSING of a portion of ELIZABETH-STREET.—NOTICE is hereby given that ELIZABETH-STREET, between Bathurst and Liverpool streets, will be CLOSED until further notice, for works in connection with the Government Tramway.
By order of the Right Worshipful the Mayor.
CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the estate of WILLIAM SMITH, late of Manly Beach, are requested to send them in under cover to JOHN TRENCHARD SMITH of Manly Beach, an executor of the said deceased.

CIVIL SERVICE BUILDING SOCIETY.
The MONTHLY PAYMENT falls due THIS DAY, the 10th instant, between the hours of 10 and 5, and 7 and 9 in the evening, at the Offices, 267, George-street, opposite Hunter-street. Shares and all information can be obtained from
JOHN PURKINS, Secretary.

NEW ZEALAND LOAN AND MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY (Limited).

It is hereby notified to Shareholders in New South Wales that an Interim Dividend at the rate of ten per cent. per annum for six months, ending 30th June last, is now payable at the Offices of the Company in Sydney.
FREDERICK BATTLEY, Secretary.
Auckland, July 1, 1879.

NOTICE.—If Mr. PATRICK NAUGHTON and MICHAEL CLANCEY do not come forward and complete their contract with me in building a Cottage in Marlborough-street, Strawberry Hill, Sydney, I will have the work completed at their expense.
JAMES O'BRIEN.

NOTICE.—If WILLIAM WINKWORTH, Contractor, does not complete my house in Botany-street, Redfern, at once, I will at his expense.
A. ROSS.

TRY PEMELL'S PATENT MEAL—an excellent breakfast for children and persons in delicate health.

NOTICE.—No Draper Sells Cheaper than E. WAY, Importer of Drapery, 261 to 267, Pitt-street.

WOOL AND OTHER PRODUCE.—Liberal cash advances made by the undersigned on wool and other produce placed in their hands for sale in the colonies for shipment to Messrs. Dalgety, Du Croz, and Co., their London firm. Advances made on stations and stock. Station stores supplied.
DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.
Offices: Exchange-buildings, Pitt-street (next Messrs. W. Laidley and Co.'s), Sydney.

WOOL.—The undersigned will make liberal advances on WOOL of the ensuing clip.
A. HINCHCLIFF,
Wool Stores, Circular Quay.

ROBERT WILKES and CO., Export and Commission Merchants, 69, West Broadway, New York; 60, Queen Victoria-street, London; Montreal—196 and 198, M'Gill-street; Toronto—48 and 50, Yonge-street.

All sorts of American and Canadian Manufactures and Products shipped from New York at the actual cash cost, with 5 per cent. commission charged and interest until the return of funds covering short drafts, with B. L. drafts, made direct on the consignees, and not through London Houses unless specially desired.
No discount lists issued, but the best possible done for our friends. Orders solicited from Australian Merchants desiring the very closest prices on goods.

WATERWORTH'S
DAY COACH
between
Wollongong and Campbelltown.
Leaving Campbelltown every MONDAY and FRIDAY MORNING, on arrival 9.45 train from Sydney.
Leaving Wollongong every TUESDAY and SATURDAY MORNING.
Fares:—Return tickets, available for eight days, 12s 6d single; fare, 7s 6d.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—The office of Messrs. DEANE and DEANE, Solicitors, 63, Elizabeth-street, will CLOSE at 1 o'clock from the 1st to the 14th July, during the present vacation.

Public Companies.

PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE,
Lombard-street, London. Established 1782.
LOW RATES with SECURITY.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO.,
Agents for N. S. Wales.
Exchange-corner, Sydney.

THE AUSTRALASIAN CIVIL SERVICE MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 37 Vic., No. 19.
Chief Offices, 145, King-street, Sydney.
This Company issues LIFE Policies to the GENERAL PUBLIC as well as members of the Civil Service at lowest rates.
Premiums payable yearly, half-yearly, quarterly, or monthly.
Banking Assurance: Half premiums withdrawable on demand.
Credit Assurance: Credit for half premiums until death.
No Medical Examination required for sums up to £200.
Declined and Impaired lives accepted on favourable terms.
Fidelity Guarantees at LOWEST practicable rates.
Premiums only nominal if combined with Life Assurance.
Accident and Casualty Assurances at LOWEST rates.
Premiums only nominal if combined with Life Assurance.
Prospectuses, forms, and information, on application to
CHAS. STUART CANSDELL, Managing Director.

THE NATIONAL MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA (Limited).

Established 1869.
New South Wales Branch, 71 Pitt-street, Sydney.
Directors:
Edward Chisholm, Esq. (Brown and Co.), Chairman.
D. G. E. Alsop Esq. (Harbottle, Biddulph, and Alsop).
Albert A. Smith, Esq., Hunter-street.
Medical Referees:
Alfred Roberts, Esq., M.R.C.S.
Andrew Houison, Esq., M.D., Edin.
The NEXT DIVISION OF PROFITS will take place as at 30th September, 1880, and all policies issued on or before 30th SEPTEMBER, 1879, will participate therein.
HENRY F. FRANCIS, Resident Secretary.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.
Established 1869, and Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
GEORGE AND WYNYARD STREETS, SYDNEY.

Directors:
The Hon. S. D. Gordon, M.L.C., Chairman.
The Hon. Sir G. W. Allen, M.L.A., Deputy-chairman.
H. G. Alleyne, Esq., M.D. S. Dickinson, Esq.
John Davies, Esq., M.L.A. Alex. Stuart, Esq., M.L.A.

Medical Officer: H. N. MacLaurin, Esq., M.D.

INDEFEASIBLE POLICIES. Low Rates of Premiums, Economical Management, and Undoubted Security, are leading features of this, the SECOND OLDEST Mutual Life Office in these colonies, and the FIRST TO FREE ASSURANCE from restrictions.
J. C. REMINGTON, Secretary.

SYDNEY COFFEE PALACE AND TEMPERANCE HOTEL COMPANY (Limited).
Capital, £6000, in 6000 shares of £1 each, payable as follows:—2s 6d on application, 2s 6d on allotment, and balance in calls of 2s at intervals of not less than one month.
Prospectuses and application forms may be had and all information will be accorded at the Temporary Offices, 174, Pitt-street, Sydney.
Share list filling fast; 3500 are applied for; will remain open for a few days. Apply early.
SAMUEL E. LEES,
Secretary pro tem.

ALLOTMENT OF SHARES.
BRITISH AND AUSTRALASIAN TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY (Limited).

CAPITAL, £2,000,000,
with power to increase.
First issue, £1,000,000, in 40,000 shares of £25 each, 4000 shares of which have been reserved for the colonies now offered for subscription.
£1 to be paid on application.
£1 10s ditto ditto on allotment.

TRUSTEES:
The Right Honorable Lord Wolverton.
Sir Charles Henry Mills, Bart., M.P.
Frederick Gonnerman Dalgety, Esq.

DIRECTORS:
Frederick Gonnerman Dalgety, Esq., chairman.
Sir Charles Clifford, deputy chairman.
George Arbuthnot, Esq.
Robert Alexander Brooks, Esq.
Colonel Sir Thomas Gore Browne, K.C.M.G.
James Campbell, Esq.
Lionel John William Fletcher, Esq.
Rear-Admiral the Hon. Henry Carr Glyn, C.B.
With power to add to their number.

ATTORNEYS IN AUSTRALASIA:
James Blackwood, Esq.
Richard Blackwood, Esq.
John Benn, Esq.

BANKERS IN AUSTRALASIA:
The Oriental Bank Corporation.
The Union Bank of Australia.

SOLICITORS IN MELBOURNE:
Messrs. Taylor, Buckland, and Gates.
Offices in Melbourne—59 and 61, Little Collins-street West.
This Company is formed for the purpose of making advances on freehold and other securities in the Australasian colonies, where, by the introduction of fresh capital to aid in developing their great resources, it will supply a want known to the directors to exist.
Prospectuses and forms of application may be obtained at the offices of the Company, 59 and 61, Little Collins-street West, Melbourne; or at Exchange-buildings, Sydney.
Applications will be received up to 31st July next, when allotment will be made.
JAMES BLACKWOOD.
RICHARD BLACKWOOD.
JOHN BENN.
DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO., Agents,
Exchange-buildings, Sydney.

Medical, Chemicals &c.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES. COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES (recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty). No other remedy is half so effective. One lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no opium, morphia, nor any violent drug, and may be taken by the most delicate. One or two at bedtime ensures rest when troubled by the throat. Sold by all Chemists, in tins.

ACCOUCHEMENT BELTS, Waterproof Sheeting, Nursing Aprons, Swathes, Nursing Stays. E. WAY, 261 to 267, Pitt-street.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE.

Trade Mark—"Blood Mixture."

The GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and RESTORER, For CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from all impurities, cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin Diseases, and sores of any kind, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.
It Cures Old Sores
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs
Cures Blackheads, or Pimples on the face
Cures Cancerous Ulcers
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases
Cures Glandular Swellings
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter
From whatever cause arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
THOUSANDS of TESTIMONIALS from all parts.
Sold in bottles, 2s 6d each; and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases—by all CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world.
Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, High-street, Lincoln, England.
SYDNEY AGENTS:
WILLIAM TAYLER and CO., 219, Pitt-street, Sydney.
ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, and CO.,
Wholesale Druggists.

CHURCHILL'S SIRUPS OF LIME, IRON, AND SODA.—Recommended by the faculty for consumption and all diseases of debility. Free from any unpleasant taste or smell.
ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents,
Pitt-street.

ONE BOX of CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS is warranted to cure all ailments of the urinary organs in either sex (acquired or constitutional), gravel, and pains in the back. Sold in boxes, 4s 6d each, by all chemists and patent medicine vendors. Sole Proprietor, F. J. CLARKE, Chemist, Apothecaries' Hall, Lincoln, England.

KIRBY and CO.'S Compound PHOSPHOROUS PILLS restore Nerve Power, cure Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Melancholia, Epilepsy, and Nervous Exhaustion, induced by overwork, worry, and other depressing influences. May be obtained in original bottles, 3s 5s, and 10s each, of Messrs. Elliott, Brothers, Sydney; H. and T. Kirby and Co., London.

BEAR IN MIND, when disease undermines the health, and the physical system has become prostrated, a stimulant that will not only strengthen, but remove the cause, should be immediately resorted to. Mental distress is also a fruitful source of the breaking down of the constitution, and the ravages of this enemy to health are truly alarming. For all such maladies,
HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS
have been found unsurpassed. By acting directly upon the digestive organs, they remove the heavy, disagreeable feeling after eating, so often complained of by persons of a delicate temperament. As soon as digestion is restored, the patient finds his strength increasing, and his general health improved.
Thousands of persons certify that it may be relied on in all cases of weakness or nervous debility attendant upon sedentary habits. The generality of Bitters are so disagreeable to the taste that they are objectionable to a weak stomach. This is not the case with Hostetter's Bitters, which will be found mild, and extremely pleasant. Balsamic barks, plants, and roots contribute their restorative juices to render it soothing and strengthening. Its basis is the only pure stimulant which has ever been produced, containing no fusil oil, or any other deleterious element. The most careful and skilful chemists have analysed the bitters, and pronounce them harmless. This is scientific testimony; but the testimony of the hundreds of thousands who have experienced the preventive and curative effects of the GREAT VEGETABLE TONIC and ALTERATIVE of modern times is still more conclusive. In Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Billiousness, Nervous Complaints, Chronic Complaints, and general debility, it is as nearly infallible as anything in this fallible world can be.
Wholesale Agents, ELLIOTT, BROTHERS,
110 and 112, Pitt-street, Sydney.

J. S. ABRAHAM'S PILLS (Dandelion), the great Liver Remedy; warranted not to contain a single particle of mercury, or any other mineral substance. Culled solely from Dame Nature's garden. Beware of immitations. 446, George-st.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Acidity, Heartburn, Flatulency, and Indigestion.—Sufferers from these complaints may confidently resort to these pills. They at once remove all cases of indigestion, acting so effectually on the stomach and bowels that perfect health results. Sold at 533, Oxford-street, W.C., London, and druggists.

COUGH, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Tickling and Irritation of Throat. Try Downer's Salicilic Lozenges. Pharmacy, 23, Pitt-street.

WATTS' CARAGHEEN for Coughs and Colds acts like a charm.

WATTS' SOOTHING POWDERS for Children cutting teeth. Use no other.

Drapery, Haberdashery, &c.

THOUSANDS OF LADIES have read the 16-page CATALOGUE of the GREAT CASH SALE of DRAPERY now taking place at
CRAWSHAW, M'CLELLAND, and VARLEY'S
100, King-street,
664, George-street.

THOUSANDS OF LADIES have visited the GREAT CASH SALE of DRAPERY now taking place at
CRAWSHAW, M'CLELLAND, and VARLEY'S,
100, King-street,
664, George-street.

THOUSANDS OF LADIES can testify to the GENUINENESS of the GREAT CASH SALE of DRAPERY now taking place at
CRAWSHAW, M'CLELLAND, and VARLEY'S,
100, King-street,
664, George-street.

THOUSANDS OF LADIES can still be supplied with REALLY FIRST-CLASS DRAPERY at LOWER prices than are usually paid for inferior goods.
CRAWSHAW, M'CLELLAND, and VARLEY.
100, King-street,
664, George-street.

THOUSANDS OF LADIES should still see
COSTUMES AT REDUCED PRICES. 100, King-street, 664, George-street.
MILLINERY AT REDUCED PRICES. Flowers and Feathers Laces and Ribbons.
JACKETS AT REDUCED PRICES. Waterproofs and Ulsters, Stays and Underclothing.
DRESS MATERIAL AT REDUCED PRICES. Cashmeres and Beizes, Silks and Satins.

Everything at Reduced Prices
during the
GREAT CASH SALE OF DRAPERY
at
CRAWSHAW, M'CLELLAND, and VARLEY'S
100, King-street; and 664, George-street.

HABERDASHERY.—This important Department at EDWARD HORDERN'S is the LARGEST, BEST ASSORTED, and CHEAPEST OUT OF ENGLAND. Dealers, Storekeepers, and Dressmakers can buy Haberdashery from me at MUCH LOWER PRICES than the Wholesale Houses charge. COME and SEE THE STOCK.
No Deception at 676, Brickfield-hill.
No Branch Houses.

FARMER AND COMPANY'S 2-BUTTON UNDRESSED KID GLOVES, 1s 6d per pair. A serviceable glove that can be recommended; all sizes in stock.

FARMER AND COMPANY'S CELEBRATED HALF-CROWN GLOVE; PRESENT CASH, PRICE, 2s. This glove was introduced to the Sydney public as the best value to be had at the price quoted. There is still a good assortment of sizes and colours remaining, to which the attention of intending purchasers is invited.
FARMER and COMPANY,
Victoria House,
Pitt and George streets.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN SILK DRESSES.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN COSTUMES.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN MILLINERY.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN UNDERCLOTHING.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN COSTUME CLOTHS.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN HOSIERY.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN CALICOES.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN BLANKETS.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN CARPETS.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN UMBRELLAS.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN NEW SUITS.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN BOYS' CLOTHING.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN MIRRORS.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN FANCY GOODS.

FARMER'S GREAT CASH SALE will be continued this week. SPECIAL BARGAINS IN GLOVES.

THE EXHIBITION OPENS IN SIX WEEKS.

It behoves every Householder!!
It behoves every Merchant!!
It behoves every Hotelkeeper!!
To have their Houses!
To have their Offices
To have their Hotels
Nicely Fitted-up, Nicely Upholstered
For the Reception of their Friends
For the Reception of their Customers
For the Reception of their Guests.

HORDERN, Upholsterer, Pitt-street. — Be in time. Do not leave it till September.

Now is the Time. Now is the Time. — Carpets should be bought at once.

If you contemplate making your place look nice, buy new Floorcloths at HORDERN'S, in Pitt-street. Buy Mattings at HORDERN'S, in Pitt-street. at HORDERN'S, in Pitt-street. — HORDERN, Pitt-street.

Coco-Mattings, for Churches, Chapels, &c.
Durable Coco-Matting, suitable for Hotels.

HORDERN, Draper, 259, Pitt-street. — For Furnishing Carpets. For Laying Floorcloths. For Selling Matting.

All Furnishing Goods are very Cheap just now.

Just now. — Be in Time. Be in Time. — Just now.

The influx of visitors will be large. Lodging-housekeepers will find HORDERN'S, in Pitt-street, the best shop for Towels, for Sheets, for Tablecloths, for Household Linen, for Matting, for Blankets, for Quilts, for everything.

THOMPSON and GILES. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.
50 dozen Cambric Handkerchiefs, at 2s 11d the half-dozen, worth 4s 6d.
58 dozen Ladies' hemstitched Cambric Handkerchiefs, at 4s 11d the half-dozen, worth 7s 9d.
125 Ladies' Pocket Handkerchiefs, at 5s 11d the half-dozen, worth 10s 6d. The cheapest ladies' handkerchief ever offered.

THOMPSON and GILES. A large parcel of Ladies' Umbrellas, at 30 per cent. reduction; to clear by the end of the present month.
First number, 8s 11d; strong, servicable, plain, dark browns.
A bright silk Umbrella, large size, light and firm, superior quality; formerly 13s 9d and 14s 6d, now marked 10s 6d

THOMPSON and GILES. Very superior highly-finished ivory and carved wooden-handle Umbrellas; formerly 25s and 22s 6d, now marked 18s 9d and 17s 6d.

THE CHEAPEST GLOVE IN SYDNEY.
THOMPSON and GILES
are
without doubt now selling
the
CHEAPEST GLOVE IN SYDNEY.
THOMPSON and GILES
are selling
THEIR SECOND SHIPMENT OF THEIR CHEAP GLOVES,
in all sizes and colours.
This glove is a well-known brand, with the maker's name and trade mark stamped on each band.
THOMPSON and GILES,
DENISON HOUSE, GEORGE-STREET,
opposite Bank New South Wales.

THOMPSON AND GILES'
Reduction in the Silk Department.
120 pieces of Fancy and Plain Coloured Silks, containing upwards of 8000 yards of silk, at the following rates:—
Good quality Fancy Silks at 1s 11½d per yard
Superior quality Fancy Silks at 2s 6d per yard
Plain Gros Grain Silks at 2s 11d per yard
The celebrated Louis Velveteens, 27 inch wide, at 2s 6d per yard
Two Thousand Yards of Remnants of Fancy and Plain Silks
at
1s 3d per yard.
THOMPSON and GILES,
Denison House,
George-street, opp. Bank N. S. W.

WINTER HOSIERY, at EDWARD HORDERN'S. The close of the Winter season. A splendid Stock of the Choicest FANCY HOSIERY, for LADIES and CHILDREN, GREATLY REDUCED IN PRICE, TO CLEAR.

GENT'S Fancy Striped Merino SOCKS, new goods, FASHIONABLE COLOURS, ONLY 6s PER DOZEN, at EDWARD HORDERN'S, BRICKFIELD-HILL. SAME GOODS SOLD ELSEWHERE AT ABOUT 12s 6d DOZEN.

THE FOLLOWING ADVERTISEMENT appeared in the S. M. HERALD last THURSDAY, from a Drapery Firm at the Haymarket.
"WE CHALLENGE any House in the Australian colonies to show a lower Haberdashery list than ours.
"We publish a few prices, and request all customers to bring the same with them and we will supply the goods.
" 36 Skeins of Darning Cotton, for 1s
" 80 ditto of best Piping Cord, for 2s
" 36 Yards best Black Braid, for 1s
" 12 Reels of Machine Silk, for 1s 9d
" 12 Machine Needles, for 1s 4½d
" 12 Dozen Shirt Buttons, for 2d
" 12 Cards Linen Buttons, for 1s 6d
" 12 Pieces Blocked Tape, for 11½d
" 12 Reels Brookes' Cotton, 200 yards, for 1s 4½d
" 12 Boxes Hair Pins, for 4½d
" 12 Boxes Hooks and Eyes, for 4½d
" 12 Strips of Whalebone, for 10d
" 12 Women's Thimbles, for 4½d
" 12 Steel Bodkins, for 2d."

Since we exposed the hollowness of the above unseemly boasting advertisement, another list has appeared from the same house, omitting the only item worthy of notice, viz., Brookes' Cotton.
We continue to supply in any quantity to bona fide buyers the following items
OUR USUAL PRICES.
RILEY, BROTHERS', USUAL PRICES:—
36 Skeins of Darning Cotton, for 9d
80 Skeins best Piping Cord, for 1s 9d
36 Yards best Black Braid, for 10d
12 Reels Machine Silk, for 1s 6d
12 Machine Needles, for 1s 3d
12 Dozen Shirt Buttons, for 1d
12 Cards Linen Buttons, for 1s 3d
12 Pieces Blocked Tape, for 9d
12 Reels Brookes' Cotton, 200 yards, for 1s 3d
12 Boxes Hair Pins, for 3d
12 Boxes Hooks and Eyes, for 3d
12 Slips Whalebone, for 9d
12 Women's Thimbles, for 3d
12 Steel Bodkins, for 1½d.

RILEY, BROTHERS,
IMPORTERS OF HABERDASHERY EXPRESSLY SUITED FOR DRESSMAKERS AND SMALL SHOPKEEPERS,
608, Brickfield-hill;
167 and 169, Oxford-street;
249 and 251, Pitt-street.

YES, FACTS ARE VERY STUBBORN THINGS. OLD-FASHIONED HOUSES, ESTABLISHED 50 years, must have old-fashioned notions and old-fashioned goods.
RILEY, BROTHERS, endeavour to keep abreast of the times, and supply NEW GOODS, fashionable,
AT MODERATE PRICES.

THE GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SALE,
AT
RILEY, BROTHERS',
608, BRICKFIELD-HILL,
TO-DAY.

SPECIAL SALE OF
WHITE BLANKETS, 8s 11d per pair
NEW DRESS MATERIALS, 5½d
LARGE SIZE QUILTS, 2s 6d
HORROCKSES' LONGCLOTH, 2½d
ALL-WOOL FLANNEL, 8½d
READY-MADE PETTICOATS, 11½d
JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES, 1s 11½
BOYS' TWEED SUITS, 8s 11d
MEN'S WORKING SHIRTS, 11½d
MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS, 1s 11d.

RILEY, BROTHERS'
SEMI-ANNUAL SALE,
BRICKFIELD-HILL.

ANOTHER VERY STUBBORN FACT.
Large Palaces and a great number of Assistants mean large profits on inferior goods. RILEY, BROTHERS, respectfully call attention to

THE GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SALE
at
RILEY, BROTHERS',
OXFORD-STREET,
TO-DAY,

SPECIAL SALE OF
HORROCKSES LONGCLOTH at 2½d
JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES, 1s 11d
DARK WARM PETTICOATS, 11½d
GOOD-SIZE BLANKETS, 3s 11d
SPLENDID WHITE FLANNEL, 8½d
GOOD SCARLET FLANNEL, 7½d
BEAUTIFUL DRESS MATERIALS, 5½d
GIRLS' FELT HATS, 11½d
NICE FELT CARPETS, 9½d
MEN'S WHITE SHIRTS, 1s 11d.

RILEY, BROTHERS',
SEMI-ANNUAL SALE,
OXFORD-STREET.

GOOD WINE NEED NO BUSH.
Old-established and respectably conducted Business Houses do not generally descend to Boasting and Challenging in the Public Prints.

THE GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SALE.
AT
RILEY, BROTHERS, IN PITT-STREET,
TO-DAY.

SPECIAL SALE OF COSTUMES
" MANTLES
" BONNETS
" HATS
" FLANNELS
" SHAWLS
" BLANKETS.

RILEY, BROTHERS,
Pitt-street,
late M. J. Murphy's.

SUCCESS IN BUSINESS is sure to be attended with rivalry, but any one who calmly deliberates on the subject will see that a concentration of energy and mind upon
ONE PLACE OF BUSINESS
is bound to result in extension and success.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS,
of the
HAYMARKET,
have not scattered their businesses about, but have put all their energy and capital into one place, and made it one of the
GREATEST SUCCESSES IN AUSTRALIA.
No failures in their efforts,
No alterations in their mode of business,
No unsuccessful attempts,
But a steady legitimate trade,
The certain result of constant application.
No periodical puffs.
Regular, constant, and increasing trade,
at
ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS,
of the
Haymarket (Only).

ONE BUNDLE DARNING COTTON, 9d.
80 skeins Piping Cord for 1s 6d
Wadding, one penny a sheet
12 Patent Stay Busks for 1s
Sewing Needles, 1d a packet
12 sheets of Pins for 9d
12 reels Machine Silk for 1s 8d
12 Machine Needles for 1s
12 cards Linen Buttons for 9d
1 dozen Dutch Twilled Tape for 7d
36 yards 65 Black Braid for 9d
12 reels Clark's Machine Cotton for 9½d
Hairpins for 2d, elsewhere 4d
1 gross Hooks and Eyes for 4½d.

JUST TO HAND.
Silver and Gold Lace, all widths
Silver and Gold Stars, all sizes
Silver and Gold Fringes, all sizes
Spangles and Cords, in gold and silver.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS,
of the
HAYMARKET.

DRESS MATERIALS.
OPENED THIS DAY.
2 cases 45 inches wide BLACK MERINOS, 1s 4½d
1 case 48 ditto ditto ditto ditto, 1s 9d
2 cases 54 ditto ditto ditto ditto, 2s 3d and 2s 6d
1 case extra good value, 2s 11d
Splendid Wearing Black.

BLACK SATIN CLOTHS, WOOL DYED, the best value in the city, 1s 1½d per yard.
2 cases 29-inch wide, 1s 3d and 1s 6d

Jet Black and Blue Black
NEW PLUSHES, all colours, 2s 6d.

Our GRAMPIAN TWEEDS, in all the new shades, all wool, 8½d per yard.

We would ask buyers of Dress Materials to pay our Dress Department a visit and choose from the largest and most varied stock in Australia.

ALL-WOOL SERGE, all colours, 6d a yard, worth 11½d
300 pieces DIAGONAL SERGE, all colours, 6d.

200 pieces FANCY SILK and WOOL, beautiful designs, at 9d per yard.
THE BEST GOODS OF THE CLASS IN SYDNEY.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS,
HAYMARKET.

NOTICE IS SPECIALLY DRAWN
to
OUR HAVING RECEIVED,
and
HAVE NOW ON VIEW,
4 CASES COLOURED FRENCH MERINO, 1s 11½d,
ALL THE COLOURS,
AT ONE PRICE, 23½d.
Pink, Sky, Burgundy, Ceil, Marone, Bronze,
and all the new shades.

COSTUMES, COSTUMES, COSTUMES,
12s 6d, worth 25s.
325 LADIES' WINTER COSTUMES, 12s 6d
We are
CLEARING THE ABOVE LINE AT A
TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE.
ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS
of the
HAYMARKET.

325 LADIES' WINTER COSTUMES, 12s 6d,
worth 25s.
PLUSHES, ALL COLOURS.
BLACK SILK VELVET, FOR DRESSES, 2s 6d,
worth 4s 6d.
RICH BLACK SILK, 1s 6d,
worth 2s 6d.
PURE BLACK GROSGRAIN,
half-a-crown a yard.
PURE SILK AND SPLENDID BLACK PLUSHES, 2s 6d,
all colours.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS
of the
HAYMARKET.

MERCANTILE BALL.—COSTUMES ready for use See our windows. THOMAS BAKER, opposite Cathedral.

FANCY COSTUMES.—A great variety of Fancy Characters, ready for use. THOMAS BAKER.

EVENING COSTUMES.—Not excelled by any house in the city. THOMAS BAKER, opposite Cathedral.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS at EDWARD HORDERN'S.—Novelties in every Department.

NEW SOUTH WALES PARLIAMENT.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 9.

The PRESIDENT took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.

CRIMINAL LAW MITIGATION BILL.

On the motion of Mr. DE SALIS, this bill, which was interrupted by the House being counted out on the 3rd instant, was ordered to be restored to the paper, and stand an order of the day for the next day of sitting.

WARATAH COUNCIL CHAMBERS RESUMPTION BILL.

Mr. SAMUEL moved that this bill be read the second time. In 1872 the Government granted a piece of land to the Municipal Council of Waratah for Council-chambers. These chambers were built, and afterwards they were lent to the Government for the purposes of a Court-house. The Council were now willing to sell this property to the Government, and the Government were desirous of acquiring it, and the sum of £600 was voted by the Assembly for the purpose of purchasing it. But Mr. Foster, when Attorney-General, advised that the Municipal Council at Waratah could not convey the property to the Government without an Act of Parliament, and hence this bill.

The motion was agreed to, the bill was read a second time, passed through committee without discussion, and reported to the House without amendment.

MACQUARIE-STREET LAND RESUMPTION BILL.

Mr. SAMUEL moved that this bill be read the second time. The object of the bill was very clearly stated in the bill itself. It was to enable the Government to resume the land and premises between the Parliament Houses and the Domain, including Richmond-terrace. The mode of arriving at the amount of compensation to be given was set forth in the bill.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL said he had not read the bill, and he would like the hon. member to say what the mode of fixing the compensation was.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said it was the same mode as that provided in the Sydney Tramway Bill, recently passed. Instead of referring the matter to arbitrators, there was an appeal, in case of dispute, to the Supreme Court.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL thought the House ought to pause before departing from the old mode of appointing arbitrators. Surely there could be no difficulty in carrying it out in this case, and there could be no reason to suppose that an injustice would be done to the Government under such a mode of valuation. If the matter were carried to the Supreme Court and a jury, it would entail great trouble and expense. He thought the House ought not to force upon any person a new system of which we had had no experience.

Mr. MACLEAY said the matter alluded to was a question of detail that could be dealt with in committee. So far as the bill itself was concerned, no one could have the slightest objection to it. It was a step in the right direction. This land ought to have been purchased by the Government long ago, and the only fault he had with the bill was that it did not go further, and provide for the resumption of the land south of the Parliament Houses.

Mr. DE SALIS said that if this bill had not come from the other House, he would say throw it out. He could not understand the Government wanting to purchase this piece of land after giving away the land on the other side of the Parliament Houses. We were spending quite enough money this year without adding this expense. At any rate, he thought a specific sum should be stated.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said his hon. friend, Mr. De Salis, seemed to be mixing up two things that had no connection with each other. The ground for the Infirmary was promised years ago, but Government after Government refused to complete it until the last Government came into power, and they carried out the promise. That might be wise or unwise, but no one could dispute that the Government had the right to do it, and they did it before the eyes of the Parliament and the people, and were not censured for it. Then the hon. member said the price ought to be fixed. How could that be done? That would have to be fixed by appraisement, and settled, in the event of dispute, by the Supreme Court. Then Mr. Mr. Campbell said, why depart from the old system of arbitration? That system had not been a very profitable one to the country, and the Parliament, the other day, determined, in passing the Sydney Tramway Bill, to adopt the new system, because, he supposed, it was thought to be a better mode. It was the mode which had been in force many years, so far as the taking of land for military purposes was concerned. But there was no system under which the Government would not be defrauded. He had no doubt that the Government would have to pay more for this land than it was worth, and it was nothing more than right that people who were forced to sell should have something more than the bare market value of their property.

Mr. FOSTER said he was at first inclined to take the same view as the hon. member, Mr. Macleay, namely that it would be desirable to enable the Government to again acquire the adjoining land on the south, but, on consideration, he saw that the Council could not impose such a burden upon the public funds as the purchase of that site would be. With regard to the general provisions of the measure, he did not think anybody could object to them. As to the objection to the trial of the matter in the Supreme Court, on the score of expense, it would be found that the expense of a jury of four would be much less than the ordinary fees paid to arbitrators, while the Judge would receive no fees at all. The new mode would, therefore, be much less expensive than the old, and he thought it would be the means of obtaining as fair justice as we could expect. It was the way we had of obtaining justice between man and man and between the Crown and private individuals. It could not be concealed that many persons were not satisfied with the former mode of arbitration.

Mr. SAMUEL, in reply, said he thought the objection as to the mode of valuation had been pretty well answered. He would simply point out that the bill provided that the Minister should first treat with the owner of the property for the purchase, and that if they failed to agree, then, and only then, the matter should be referred to the Supreme Court to be tried by a jury of four or twelve, as either party might desire. It was not compulsory that they should go to a jury; it was only in the event of a dispute. Under the old method, the decision lay practically in the hands of one person, and, in many instances, the Government had had to pay an excessive price for the land they resumed. He agreed with the hon. member, Mr. Macleay, that it would have been well if the Government could resume the portion of land to the south, but that was quite impossible.

The motion was agreed to, and the bill was read a second time.

The House went into committee to consider the details of the bill.

Clauses 1 to 3 were agreed to without discussion.

Clause 4. "Notice of claim for compensation."

Mr. HOLT thought the introduction of the new feature in the bill of having recourse to the Supreme Court in case of non-agreement as to valuation, required to be well considered. People were compelled to part with their property and the reinvestment of the money might make a considerable reduction in their income. He thought some basis should be arrived at to give an equivalent in funded stock. He moved that the clause be postponed.

Mr. SAMUEL saw no object to be served by the postponement. His opinion was that the valuation of city properties had hitherto been unsatisfactory. The Government could treat with the claimant, and if they could not agree evidence could be taken in open Court, and a fair valuation could be ascertained. This mode of valuation seemed to be a fair and just one.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL thought the fairest way was by arbitration. With regard to his land in Pitt-street, taken by the Government, he offered to take in debentures an equivalent of the value to him under a contract. This the Government refused, and he was put to a loss of £1700. He did not think the mode proposed in the bill was the best mode, though he did not offer any objection to it.

Mr. SAMUEL thought the loss of that £1700 was purely imaginary. The hon. member got an exceedingly good price for his land.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said the hon. member got twice as much as he gave for it.

The clause was agreed to.

Clause 5, "Claim and report thereon," and clause 6, "Compensation by action in the Supreme Court," were agreed to.

Clause 7. "Issue in action of compensation—verdict and costs."

Mr. HOLT objected to the clause, because if a less amount was given by the jury than was demanded by the claimant he would have to pay the costs, although the land was forcibly taken from him. He believed that these costs did not go into the hands of the Government, but into the hands of the Crown Solicitor.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL said it appeared only fair, because if the claimant obtained more than the Government offered, the Government would have to pay the costs unless the claimant paid the costs. He thought it should be allowed to the Judge to direct an arbitration.

Mr. HOLT moved the omission of the words relating to the payment of costs by the claimant or by the Government.

Mr. DARLEY said if the claimant wanted more than the Government were prepared to give, he went to the Court, and if a jury gave him less than that amount, he would have to pay costs. The costs would be the costs out of pocket by the Government.

Mr. HOLT said when a man was forced into the Court that ought not to be so. He was satisfied to hold his lands, but the Government insisted upon taking them from him, and when he went into Court, he did so in order to obtain a fair value. The only costs the Crown would be put to, would be the fees of counsel and the Court fees.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL pointed out that there was no provision to pay interest to claimants, while any case might remain undetermined for two, three, or even ten years. Thus, a man's income from his property might be taken from him during that time.

Mr. DE SALIS said, whatever money the Government tendered should be given within one month. That would be but reasonable, leaving the question of any surplus to be settled by the Court.

The amendment was negatived, on division, by 13 to 2, the minority being Mr. Holt and Mr. De Salis.

Mr. HOLT moved that the following words be added to the clause:—"But the claimant shall not be liable to pay any other costs, but those of Court fees and counsel."

After some remarks from Mr. DARLEY, Mr. A. CAMPBELL, and Mr. DE SALIS, the amendment was negatived, on division, by 12 to 3, the minority consisting of Mr. Holt, Mr. De Salis, and Mr. Watt.

Mr. HOLT moved that the following words be added to the clause:—"But the claimant shall not be liable to any costs incurred in the office of the Crown Solicitor."

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON hoped the hon. member would not insist upon this amendment. He could understand an amendment having the effect of giving a man more than the mere value of his property on account of the forced sale, as in England, where the State allowed 20 per cent. for that but he could not understand this petty amendment about law costs being proposed.

Mr. HOLT said he believed that many law suits, in which the Government were concerned, would never have been instituted if it were not for the pecuniary interest the Crown Solicitor had in them, and he would do all in his power therefore to prevent any of the costs going to him. He felt so strongly on the matter that he would continue to move amendments so long as there was a chance of accomplishing the object he had in view.

Mr. DARLEY pointed out that it was not the Crown Solicitor who instituted the suit. He had to act on the defence. Then if it turned out that the Crown was right, why should they not be recouped the costs they had incurred? He thought it was below the House to go into little peddling matters of this sort.

Sir JOHN HAY thought the question was of some importance, if what the hon. member, Mr. Holt, had alleged were correct, that large fees accrued to the Crown Solicitor or to any person in the Crown Solicitor's office, out of actions in which the Government was a party. He understood that the whole of the officers in the Crown Solicitor's department were paid by the Government for the whole of the work they did.

Mr. HOLT: They get the fees the same as any private attorney.

Sir JOHN HAY: That is the question. Do they get the fees?

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON: They get no fees from the Government.

Mr. HOLT: No, but from private parties they do.

Sir JOHN HAY said it should be remembered that we were in a manner forcing private individuals to go to law with the Government, and there was no doubt that the whole of these transactions were carried out in the Crown Solicitor's Office, and with the advice of the Crown Solicitor; then, he thought, arrangements should be made so that there should be no inducement, in any way, on the part of those officers to bring about litigation, or to make things so that private individuals should unnecessarily have to assert their rights in the Supreme Court. It was therefore right to consider how far the springs that would move the Government would be free from any undue influence. He thought it well that they should see how far the Crown Solicitor received fees beyond the amount of his salary from the Government. In the first instance a valuator was appointed, but he was not an appraiser as in the mother country. At home an appraiser was sworn to make a valuation as between the two parties, but here, under the railway system, a valuator made a valuation for the use of the Government, and it made it the more serious that the Government would be guided by that valuation because the Minister was precluded from going beyond that valuation. If the Minister was never to go beyond that valuation, then it ought to be made by a man who was sworn to appraise between the two parties. Then they all knew that it was very seldom that the costs allowed covered all the costs that a man was put to, so that they ought to take the greater care that people were not driven to take a certain course, because even if a man were successful he was a loser, and if not successful then he had to pay very heavily, consequently they should do nothing that would lead to litigation hereafter. He did not believe there was in the service of the Government a more efficient officer than the present Crown Solicitor, or one to whom the colony was under greater obligations, but he was making these remarks on principle. He did not believe that any temptation of this kind would lead him from the straight path of duty.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON said he thought his hon. friend would see that the Crown Solicitor had nothing whatever to do with the fixing of the value, and, therefore, nothing whatever to do with deciding whether or not there should be a law-suit. The question was, had the Crown Solicitor a direct interest, and, if so, had he the power. He had no power, but all he had to do was to see whether or not the title was right. He had nothing whatever to do with the value, and it was on the value that the Ministry went to law. [Mr. HOLT: If an action is commenced against the Government he will defend it.] He did not know whether hon. gentlemen were aware that he received a larger salary from fees than from the Government, but that was not the issue at present. He could understand the hon. gentleman bringing in a bill that all fees should go to the Consolidated Revenue, but it was simply absurd to say that this matter encouraged litigation.

Mr. FOSTER said he could not let this opportunity pass without expressing his opinion of the gentleman who had been spoken of as the Crown Solicitor. A more able and efficient officer, in his opinion, did not exist, and he was sure that he was utterly incapable of doing anything to benefit himself at the expense of the country. The Crown Solicitor, even if he had the power, would only, by diminishing the amount that the Crown would give, afford a greater chance to the other party of succeeding, and costs would go of course to the party who succeeded. But it was the valuator who fixed the amount and the Minister determined whether or not the Government would go to law.

Mr. OGILVIE said he certainly could see some objection to this bill. The value fixed might be fair market value, but the owner might be disinclined to part with his land at that value, and no one, in his opinion, should be expected to do so. Well, a man might apply to the Supreme Court and the jury might think it their duty to say that the amount fixed was the fair market value of the land, and then the owner of the land had to pay all the expenses because he wanted more than bare market value. This surely was not a fair principle to go upon. Some hon. gentlemen had mentioned that 20 per cent. over and above fair market value was the amount allowed in England, and if a clause to that effect were inserted then the objection to this legislation would be done away with. He would not, however, move such an amendment himself, but if any other hon. member chose to do so he would support it.

Mr. DE SALIS thought the hon. gentleman had hit on the right principle after all, for the difficulty might be got over if it were provided that the claimant should not be asked to pay costs, if he did not charge more than 20 per cent. over and above fair market value. But there was a very serious principle involved in this bill that could not be discussed in two or three minutes in one evening, in the way they were doing, and, therefore, he thought it might be put off until next session. People did not like to bring law-suits, and yet they were compelling people to go to law. He did not think anything would be lost by delaying the matter.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL contended that both parties should pay their own costs, as in arbitration, and then there would be no inducement to go to law.

The amendment was negatived and the clause agreed to.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL suggested that interest should be allowed from the time of resumption up to the time of payment. If this were not allowed, and there were long delays, people might be ruined.

Mr. DE SALIS read the following proviso that he intended to move:—"Provided that when any claimant disputes the sufficiency of the amount tendered, the same shall, nevertheless, be paid to him within one month, and he shall retain a right to seek a larger amount by law; and if the claimant have but a holding title, the sum shall be paid in trust for the benefit of such claimant until the title be made good."

The CHAIRMAN left the chair, progress was reported, and leave given to sit again on Thursday.

BILLS FROM THE ASSEMBLY.

The Metropolitan Guaranteed Loan Bill, the Sydney International Exhibition Bill, and the Appropriation Bill, were received from the Assembly; and, on motions by Sir John Robertson, they were severally read the first time, and the second readings were fixed as orders of the day for this day (Thursday).

DUTY ON GOLD ABOLITION BILL.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON moved the second reading of this bill, reminding the House that a like measure had several times been passed by the other branch of the Legislature and he said he believed a vast majority of the people of the country were of opinion that the duty ought not to be imposed as it was not defensible.

Mr. HOLT said three similar bills had been rejected by this House on good grounds. There was no better reason why people from all parts of the world should be allowed to come to dig our gold, which when taken from the earth was lost to us for ever, than there was to allow them to dig our crops. This impost was a duty no one could object to; it did not amount to anything like the injury done to the public lands by digging for gold.

Mr. DARLEY had hitherto voted against bills for the abolition of the gold export duty, and only once before had such a bill been brought in by the Government. The abolition having, however, been sanctioned four times by the Assembly, and the Government having assumed the responsibility of the bill, he did not feel disposed to continue his opposition. He thought, however, that it was an improper measure, that they were giving up revenue which they would soon require. The surplus would quickly be exhausted, and even now the ordinary revenue was not sufficient to meet our requirements. He assumed that the Government had well considered the matter, and had concluded that the revenue from this source was no longer needed.

Mr. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL said the most substantial reason for the abolition of the duty was, that no such duty was imposed in the adjoining colonies of Victoria and Queensland, and that, owing to the duty being imposed in this colony, people were prevented from bringing their gold to our Mint. The more the gold that came here the better for us—some of it would stick to us.

Mr. MACLEAY said the best reason in support of this bill was, that a country putting a duty on its own produce when exported was a barbarous and abominable thing. It was contrary to all principles of political economy, except those of the Manchester school, and therefore he assented to the propriety of doing away with the duty. Although the Government had undertaken to bring in this bill, hon. members should bear in mind that the public expenditure was so far in excess of income that there were no good grounds for reducing the revenue.

Mr. OGILVIE said the gold export duty was equivalent to the charge formerly imposed on those who took gold from the lands of the country; it procured for the State a fair share of the gold extracted from the soil. The change was an important one, when they transformed the charge into the shape of an export duty. No good reason had been adduced against levying a charge in some shape, the only arguments being those urged against it as an export duty. Take the case of rents for runs, assume that the rent was commuted to an export duty on meat, tallow, and hides, and that then they were asked to do away with the charge because it had taken the form of an export duty. The public had a perfect right to make the charge on gold, whether in the shape of an export duty or otherwise. He should not, however, oppose the bill.

Mr. DE SALIS was opposed to any duty on exports; but he could not see that the duty on gold was liable to the objection to duties on other exports; it was so infinitesimal as compared with the value of the gold. On the other hand gold digging caused a great increase of our public expenditure. This export duty was the fairest and most convenient form in which diggers could contribute towards the cost they occasioned. We were running into a frightful abyss with our immense expenditure, and yet Parliament was now asked to fling away £6000 of revenue. If there was any duty that should be abolished it was that on rock salt, a commodity so necessary and beneficial to live stock, and one that made one of the best preventives to rust in wheat. He did not think the gold duty would interfere in the least with the gold mining industry, and therefore he saw no reason for remitting it.

Mr. A. CAMPBELL said it appeared that he was in error in assuming that gold sent to this colony to be coined would be liable to the duty.

The motion was agreed to, and the bill was read the second time.

The bill was passed through committee without amendment.

ISLANDERS SHIPPING ENGAGEMENT BILL.

The House went into committee to consider the Assembly's message with reference to this bill.

The amendments were agreed to, and the House resumed.

The report of the committee was adopted, and a message was sent to the Legislative Assembly.

The House adjourned at twelve minutes past 6 o'clock.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 9.

Mr. SPEAKER took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.

QUESTIONS.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to Mr. O'Connor (in the absence of Mr. Taylor), said the postmaster at Parramatta is allowed a reserve of £50 for carrying on the money order and savings bank business, and when advised to pay orders exceeding that amount he is allowed to retain a sufficient sum to pay such orders. No complaint had been made that an order was presented and payment refused for want of funds. If any complaint is made it will be inquired into.

Mr. LACKEY, in reply to Mr. Buchanan, said the new post and telegraph office at Gulgong was opened on the 3rd instant.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to Mr. Bennett, said tenders for carrying the mails between the railway platform, Quipolly, and the post-office, were invited in May last, and opened on the 4th June. The lowest tender was accepted, that of William Wheeler, for £24 per annum.

Sir HENRY PARKES, in reply to a question by Mr. J. Davies, as to whether the Government intended to provide for the erection of a dwarf wall and iron railing round Cook's statue, replied that the matter had been talked of, but strong objections had been raised, from an art point of view, to any railing round the pedestal; but the matter should receive some further consideration.

PAPER.

Mr. WINDEYER laid on the table of the House correspondence relating to the establishment of a District Court and Petty Sessions at Brewarrina.

It was ordered that the document be printed.

PETITION.

Mr. W. C. BROWNE presented a petition from A. M'Dougall, of Kelso, Singleton, in reference to a claim of his for a block of land.

The petition was received.

THE CASE OF WEBSTER.

Mr. BENNETT asked the Minister for Justice what had been done with reference to the case of a prisoner named Webster, convicted of cattle-stealing some time ago, for whose release a petition had been presented. The hon. gentleman also complained that the Minister had omitted to supply him with information on this case, but had supplied it to the hon. member for Patrick's Plains.

Mr. SUTTOR replied that he had not conferred with the hon. member for Patrick's Plains on the subject. When the petition was received it was transmitted to the Judge who had tried the case, and a certain course, which had been suggested, was now being pursued.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

On the motion of Mr. WATSON this bill was read a third time, and transmitted to the Legislative Council.

Mr. FITZPATRICK asked what course the Government intended to pursue after the bill had been passed in the Council, seeing that after it had been passed it would be unconstitutional to proceed with other business.

Mr. SPEAKER said that the bill could not be presented to the Lieutenant-Governor unless at the close of the session, or by the direction of the House.

Sir HENRY PARKES presumed that this would be an answer to the hon. gentleman's question.

METROPOLITAN LOAN BILL.

On the motion of Sir HENRY PARKES, this bill was read a third time, and transmitted to the Legislative Council.

EXHIBITION BILL.

On the motion of Mr. WATSON, this bill was read a third time, and transmitted to the Legislative Council.

THE CRICKET GROUND.

Mr. DRIVER, although not desirous of moving the adjournment of the House, desired to call the attention of the Government to the wanton destruction of the cricketing ground in the Domain.

Sir HENRY PARKES said that a deputation had waited on him and remonstrated against any injury being done to the cricket ground in question. He informed them that it was not intended to encroach upon the ground except to make use of it as a promenade. At that time he was not aware that an attempt would be made to erect a machinery hall in connection with the International Exhibition. It had been pointed out to him that the hall and some other exterior buildings were indispensable, and he had suggested that they should be erected outside the Domain in what he believed was Phillip Park. This was objected to by the Exhibition Commissioners on the ground that it would interfere with the unity of the Exhibition as a whole. Other objections were also urged and eventually he consented to the hall, which he believed would cover three acres of ground, and the sheds for the exhibition of sheep and cattle being erected in the Outer Domain. He had had to decide whether young trees, which had taken several years to produce, should be destroyed, or whether the hall should be erected where the only thing that would be destroyed would be the turf on the cricket ground, and as involving the lesser evil, he chose the cricket ground. A portion only of the turf had been removed, and had it not been removed it would have been destroyed by the ground being occupied by machinery. He had assured the cricketers that the other portion of the ground should be kept clear, and that the turf on the ground on which the hall was to be erected should be restored in its original condition.

LOAN ESTIMATES.

Mr. SPEAKER intimated that he had received a message from the Lieutenant-Governor, recommending the consideration of Loan Estimates for £7,787,768 for railways, water supply, and sewerage.

It was ordered that the message be referred to a committee of supply.

PERSONAL EXPLANATIONS.

Dr. BOWKER complained that it was reported in the HERALD that morning, that he had accused hon. gentlemen of making vile attacks. What he said was wild attacks.

Mr. CAMERON said that he had noticed that the Marine Board had issued a regulation in connection with certain aquatic contests in the harbour. He thought they might be satisfied with the rules in force in England which allowed steamers to follow in line after a race was over.

Mr. W. C. BROWNE explained with reference to Webster's case, referred to by the hon. member for Liverpool Plains, that the Minister did not give him any information concerning the case, and that he had obtained his information from other sources.

FOREIGN CRIMINALS' INFLUX PREVENTION BILL.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved the second reading of the Foreign Criminals' Influx Prevention Bill. He admitted at once that this bill was of a character which he was sorry to be under the necessity of asking the House to agree to. [Mr. BUCHANAN: Hear, hear.] He felt as strongly as most hon. members could the undesirability of passing measures so stringent as the provisions in this bill, against any people of a civilized country, and he admitted fully that a bill, many of the provisions of which were so strong and unusual—[Mr. DRIVER: Hear, hear]—could only be justified by a great and undoubted necessity. We must see what that necessity was. In the penal French colony of New Caledonia there were at this moment, as he was credibly informed, no fewer than 14,000 criminals, other than political offenders. The whole mass of this criminal population might be expected sooner or later, either to be released or escape from that country, and New South Wales was about the only country where they could take refuge. They could not go to Victoria—[Mr. FITZPATRICK: Hear, hear]—for they would not be allowed to land there; and he did not think they could go to Queensland, though he was not sure about that. [An hon. member: A lot of them have already landed there.] At all events, we were likely to be the chief refuge of this class of the French population. He admitted at once that he should be quite willing to throw open our doors to receive any small number of persons of this kind, in the hope that they would be lost in the general population, and would be found no detriment to society; but when he found that, as he was informed, 400 of these persons had arrived here already—and he was not speaking of political offenders, but of persons who had been convicted in France of the most serious crimes—and that they had arrived in such large numbers as fifty in one ship, the question arose whether, by that principle which was at the bottom of all civilized society, the spirit of self-preservation, we were not justified in seeking to guard ourselves from an influx of persons of this kind. He would not advert in detail to the provisions of the bill, but ask the House to read the bill a second time, and take the discussion on the details in committee.

Mr. BUCHANAN said he would like to have the assurance of the Colonial Secretary that no political offenders would be included among those who would be affected by this bill. [Sir HENRY PARKES: They are expressly excluded.] But how would you know political offenders? [Mr. DRIVER: Hear, hear.] How would you find them out? The French Government during the time of the Commune seized hold of large bodies of men who were fighting against the army of France, and probably large numbers of those men helped to form the 14,000 criminals as they were called that were now in New Caledonia. Some of the finest men in France were members of the Commune, and many of them were transported to New Caledonia for life, and many for a number of years. He did not for a moment hesitate to say that the bill should apply to the real criminals—murderers, burglars, cutthroats, and other offenders of that description, but in the category of criminals there would probably be included many others. The Government of this country should ascertain the nature of the crime with which these men had been charged before bringing this Act to bear upon them. The great danger was that the Act might apply to innocent and injured men.

Mr. PILCHER said he would vote for this bill, as it was a very good bill, but pointed out that there was not the necessary provision in the bill to secure a conviction under it. A clause was required to facilitate the proof of the guilt of a criminal, or of the assertion that a person charged under the bill was only a political offender.

Mr. O'CONNOR said he would support the bill, and condemned the French Communists as a band of cut-throats.

Dr. BOWKER said the atrocities of the Communists were enough to disgust every assembly or any people, but inasmuch as all the French people were not Communists, and as we should not condemn the whole nation, we should be doing a great wrong to the French nation by this bill. The bill seemed to him to be wrong in an essential particular; it seemed to him to be an interference with the right of nations, unless we said "once a criminal always a criminal." Was a man who committed a petty larceny, and was punished for it, always a criminal? He thought it was scarcely to be denied that when a man had been punished for an offence he was no longer a criminal. And why they should say that a person who was to be at liberty to go into France and enjoy all the privileges of citizenship there, should not come here and enjoy our privileges, seemed to him difficult to be understood. It appeared to him that no necessity had been shown for the bill. The hon. member merely proposed it to meet an evil in the future. Why should they adopt such a measure from a chimerical fear of something in the future. The bill was so un-English, and interfered so much with the rights of nations, that he did not hesitate to say that he should oppose it.

Mr. FITZPATRICK should record his vote against this bill, for he regarded it as most inhuman and unchristian. He could not find language too severe to express his estimate of the whole character of this bill. The principle was one that they ought to be ashamed to give their assent to. They were going to punish men for no other offence than landing on our shores. He could not understand how educated men could listen to such a proposal as that. He looked upon the law passed in Victoria as a disgrace, and they were going to follow a bad example. According to his conception of right and wrong, it was no crime for a man, whether a Communist or other criminal, after serving his sentence, to come to this country to seek his fortune if he had paid the penalty for his offence to his own nation. The man having paid the penalty according to his merits or demerits, and perhaps behaved himself well while in exile, why should they say to him "if you land on our shores we will put you in gaol," unless he had committed some other offence. He could not subscribe to a document of such a character. He would sooner forfeit his position as a public man—he would rather go out of power—than sit there and not record his protest against such a proposal. He did not believe any necessity had arisen for such a thing. If there was any necessity for such a course as this it should have been made manifest. It was scarcely alleged. It was known from the papers that had been laid on the table that the Duc Decazes when Minister of State in France, made a promise to our home Government that this evil should be prevented as far as the French Government could prevent it, and he was happy to say in apparent good faith, for large frigates were sent out to New Caledonia to take back to France large numbers of the Communists who were liberated. It was the duty of the Government to have revived this matter. The week before he left office he submitted to Sir Hercules Robinson a proposal to revive that matter by communication with the Home Government, and the Governor entirely agreed with him. But so far as these papers disclosed, that had not been followed up. He thought that the Government should have appealed to the Home Government to renew the representation to the French Government to see if this evil could not be mitigated and brought down within such limits that would save this colony from the disgrace connected with the passing of such a bill as this.

Mr. COHEN said that while anxious to preserve the moral character of the people of this colony, he was certainly unable to give his vote for this bill. It was a measure of the most Algerine character that had ever been submitted to this Parliament. It was most extraordinary that a man having committed the crime against a code of a foreign country, and having expiated his crime by suffering the punishment imposed upon him, should immediately he put his foot on the shores of this country appear to everybody in the character of a criminal. This was not the sort of legislation they required to meet the evil for which this bill had been proposed. Taking the bill as it stood, it appeared to him that it was either too arbitrary or too lax. He should like to know what proof could be given in order to establish that any of these foreign criminals, as they were designated by the bill, came within the operation of the Act. It was said in the second clause "that it shall not be necessary upon the trial of any person under this Act for any misdemeanor charged thereunder to produce any record or copy of the record or certificate of the conviction or order for the transportation of such person by such Foreign Court or authority. Well now, was a man arriving here merely because he had the appearance of a Frenchman to be apprehended and brought before the Court as a foreign criminal. Who was to prove the case? They could not expect countrymen of the person in charge to come forward here to give evidence. They could not give evidence in the colony, and they would not be justified in convicting him upon the fact that he might have the appearance of a Frenchman, and have arrived within a few days from New Caledonia. The fourth clause stated that "If the master of any vessel registered in this colony or elsewhere shall bring or land or permit to be brought or landed in New South Wales any person who is a foreign criminal, the master and the owner of such vessel shall each incur a several penalty of one hundred pounds for each person so brought or landed." Here was an attempt to impose a heavy penalty which might be inflicted on a captain who quite innocently introduced a foreign criminal. Let them just take clause 7:—"The production by any person coming to New South Wales by or being on board any such vessel of a certificate signed by the British Consul at any foreign penal settlement or possession, or by the Governor thereof, to the effect that the person named therein was not transported to such settlement or possession, in pursuance of the sentence of some Court of criminal jurisdiction (which certificate may be in the form and to the effect specified in schedule C hereto), shall, unless such officer has reasonable doubts as to the identity of the person named in the certificate with the person producing the same, be *prima facie* evidence that such person is not a foreign criminal within the meaning of this Act." Supposing a person arrived here from New Caledonia, not being a foreign criminal, without a certificate, he would be liable, on suspicion, to be taken up and imprisoned for twelve months; and then, if he did not leave the colonies within three months, he would be liable to a further imprisonment of twelve months. He thought that legislation of that kind was not only un-English but also un-Australian. By clause 9 a justice of the peace, or constable, having reasonable cause to suspect a person as being a foreign criminal, might, without warrant, arrest a person and proceed against him under the law. By clause 11 there was a penalty proposed for harbouring foreign criminals, and this might be imposed upon persons who did not know that the persons they harboured were of the character they were afterwards found to be. Then clause 12 gave power to any justice of the peace to grant search warrants to enable a constable to break into a dwelling-house with a view to ascertain whether a foreign criminal was harboured in it. He did not wish to take up the time of the House longer, but he must say this was not legislation of a character that this House ought to be asked to assent to. To meet the evil, at present in its infancy, he thought that the better course would be that suggested by the member for Yass Plains.

Mr. WINDEYER thought the House on reflection would see that the objections to the bill were not of such a character as to induce them to throw it out. With regard to the argument founded upon constitutional and political grounds, as to the danger of our interfering with the right of asylum which had always been afforded by Great Britain and her dependencies to persons of foreign extractions seeking refuge from oppression, provision had been made to prevent any invasion of the principle. The Government were keenly alive to the importance of maintaining this provision, and there was a clause stating that the bill should not apply to persons who had suffered for political offences. He was not called upon to discuss the merits of the question raised with reference to the Communists of France, though he would say that he thought that the persons in Paris known as Communists included many of the best and noblest spirits of their time. [Attention was called to the state of the House and a quorum was formed.] The best argument in answer to these suggestions put forth against it by certain hon. members was, that the measure was not directed against those whom France or any other country did not wish to keep under punishment. The bill had for its object the guarding of our shores from a number of persons whom France would be very glad to get rid of. The danger to be apprehended was, that they had a large penal settlement within a few hours' sail, containing some 14,000 convicts of a criminal character, altogether apart from those who were there on political grounds, and of whom many might come to our shores. He was rather surprised to find the hon. member for Yass Plains objecting to the bill because he found that in a minute which the hon. member wrote shortly before he went out of office he pointed out the danger that was to be apprehended from this cause. It appeared to him absurd to think that we could protect ourselves from a danger of this kind by merely writing to foreign Governors, when it might be to their interest to ship their criminals away—to pardon them on the condition that they left the country, on the same principle that we exile people from our own shores. It was to guard against things of this kind that the bill provides. In reference to an inquiry made in relation to applications for free passes to be granted to some of these convicts, the hon. member for Yass Plains wrote this minute:—"It is quite clear to my mind that we shall receive no satisfaction from the French authorities either here or in New Caledonia. The enclosed letter is a fair specimen of the way in which our complaints are treated. The number of expirees now arriving from New Caledonia is becoming alarmingly large, and there is reason to fear that some of them are of the very worst class of criminals." Here were 14,000 of these criminals close to our shores, and there were 400 of them here already. The political refugees were very few in number—he believed only some fifty or sixty. The evidence before him in our Criminal Courts showed that these criminals had already begun their practices here; some of the most abominable crimes had already been committed amongst us. These people could not be readily absorbed in our population, nor could they, from their want of knowledge of the language, readily obtain employment, and they come here with all the instincts of the criminal class. It was very difficult for a man to get out of a criminal course of life, even in a country where he was at home; much more difficult was it for a foreigner, and he would be naturally driven to fall back on crime. He thought it could hardly be said that there was not fair grounds for the introduction of a bill of this sort. As for the provisions of the bill itself. [Attention called to the state of the House, and a quorum formed.] The hon. member for Yass Plains, in his minute, says:—"It is not fair or reasonable that this colony, which years ago successfully freed itself from the importation of British criminals, should be, against its will, made the receptacle for the scum of France." [Mr. FITZPATRICK: Hear, hear.] What stronger language could be used than that? There were 400 of them already amongst us, and there were 14,000 of the worst class close at hand. Why should we not protect ourselves from them? He quite agreed with the hon. member in thinking that persons should be allowed an opportunity of taking a honest course of life, and he had shown that in the most earnest way by establishing a society for the aid of discharged prisoners. At the same time he could not see why we should allow a number of foreign criminals to come amongst us who would have very little facility in taking to a honest course of life. He would point out that a similar bill, but with more stringent provisions, had passed in the sister colony of Victoria. He did not think it would be well to hamper the bill with any provisions as to proof. It would be almost impossible to obtain the record of a man's conviction in a foreign country. If a foreign country wished to get rid of these criminals in the way he had suggested, they would not be very willing to afford us proof of this kind. He did not suppose that a record such as would be required in a Court of Justice could be obtained in New Caledonia. [Attention called to the state of the House, and a quorum formed.] If this Act was passed there would be very little fear of these persons coming here. They were mostly brought here by persons interested in shipping, for the sake of the passage money, but if these persons were liable to a penalty they would not bring them. Any master of a vessel could protect himself by obtaining a certificate under the second clause of the Act. The master of a ship who wished to bring passengers from New Caledonia could get this certificate, and he would be perfectly safe. If he chose to bring them here at his own hazard, he must take the consequences. There was no force in the argument of Mr. Cohen about innocently harbouring such persons; a person could only harbour another when he knew that he was a person he ought not to receive. No doubt the penalties in this bill might appear severe, but they would not oppress a person desirous of obeying the law. He thought it really desirable that a bill of this kind should pass, to prevent persons of a dangerous character from coming here. There was no sympathy between the French Communists and the criminal prisoners; they held themselves in a proud superiority to the criminal class. He apprehended that the evidence required by the Act could be readily obtained. Of course, if it could not be obtained, the Act would become a dead-letter. Only the other day a person was found at large here who had been convicted of robbery and violence of the worst kind, and who had escaped from New Caledonia, and they found no difficulty in finding persons here who knew that he was a convict of this character. And where there are a number of political refugees it was not likely they would allow any of their number to be dealt with without giving evidence in his favour. He thought they were only acting in accordance with the dictates of self preservation in supporting this bill.

Mr. M'ELHONE thought the sooner the Opposition elected a new leader the better for the Opposition and for the country. It was a rather singular thing for the leader of the Opposition to try to count the House out time after time, by calling attention and then walking out himself. [Attention called to the state of the House and a quorum formed.] He was not fond of arbitrary legislation, but he thought this was a very necessary measure, and was called for by the exigencies of the case. A great deal had been said about this affecting the Communists. He would like to ask if anything more horrible in the shape of brutal murders could take place than those committed by the Communists. They did not stop at fighting the soldiers, but they deliberately committed murder on the Archbishop of Paris and other helpless prisoners. These were the persons whom the hon. member wished to protect by trying to count out the House. He thought we had a perfect right to legislate to protect ourselves against murderers of the deepest dye being forced upon us. Not only that: these were the worst class of criminals, thieves, and housebreakers sent to New Caledonia, and when their time has expired, or perhaps before it has expired, they give leg bail, and come here in our midst. These so called Communists were being daily brought before our Courts, and sent to prison for crimes of the vilest description. When he was in Victoria, some years ago, there were hundreds of the vilest criminals coming over there from Tasmania, and they took to robbing and murdering everybody they met on the roads between Melbourne and Bendigo, and other places. Victoria was put to enormous expense to protect herself against these Tasmanian criminals, and as a matter of self-protection they were obliged to pass a measure which prevented the influx of criminals from any part of the world. Criminals from Western Australia could not land in Victoria, but they came on to Sydney; and he could not see why the honest and law abiding people of New South Wales should be taxed to catch, convict, and feed in her gaols, criminals from Western Australia, New Caledonia, or any other part of the world.

Mr. GREENWOOD said that this was exceptional legislation in any British community, and much stronger reasons than those adduced were required before the House would be justified in voting for the second reading of this bill. The law passed by Victoria in 1854 was of general application, but this bill had to a dependency of one of our warmest allies, and was specially invidious. If the bill got into committee he should move the excision of the words New Caledonia wherever they occurred. If we did pass a law of this kind it should be indiscriminate. There might be a particular danger in this colony, because France had only one penal settlement. Many of the deportees to New Caledonia had been more sinned against than sinning, and we should remember that in times of great political excitement things were done which would not be done under other and ordinary conditions. Regard should be had to the political history of France, to the *coup d'état*, and to the oppression of the French mind for the fifteen years which preceded the downfall of the Napoleonic dynasty at Sedan. Admitting for the sake of argument that these deportees were criminals and not political offenders, he did not think that there was any danger of them coming here in overwhelming numbers, or in such numbers as would justify us in putting a law like this on our statute book. Suppose that four hundred of these people had come to this colony, who was to say whether they were political offenders or criminals? Did the Attorney-General say?

Mr. WINDEYER: Yes, Communists say so.

Mr. GREENWOOD: We require something more than some French *on dit* before we passed a measure which would be a disgrace to British legislation. New South Wales ought to be the last country in the world which should be guilty of exclusive legislation.

Mr. GARRETT said that we owed it to the country to pass some measure of this character. We had done all we could to keep away criminals of the race from which we were proud to have sprung; and seeing that we had excluded the criminals of Great Britain, he did not see how we could be called exclusive because we objected to the criminals of France. (Cheers.) He should prefer that no reference should have been made in the bill to any foreign country, and he did not see why the words New Caledonia should be in the bill. [Sir HENRY PARKES: I do not think we require them.] That admission deprived the bill of any of that offensive significance which might otherwise be held to exist in regard to the French people. He had the deepest sympathy with the great bulk of the French Communists, because he recognised that in what they had done they thought they were fighting for their liberty. The French Government had pardoned them, and had sent out ships to carry them back to France from which they had been expelled with so much harshness and injustice. His sympathy with offenders of this character must not be confounded with sympathy for crime.

The question was put, and the House divided with the following result:—

AYES, 22.

Parkes	Dillon	Clarke
Windeyer	M'Elhone	Burns
Watson	Cameron	Beyers
F. B. Suttor	Wisdom	Bennett
Lackey	Macintosh	Shepherd }
Baker	Garrett	M'Culloch } [Tellers.
Hoskins	J. Davies	
O'Connor	Roseby	

NOES, 6.

Fitzpatrick	Driver	Greenwood }
Cohen	Jacob	Bowker } [Tellers.

The bill was then read a second time, and the House went into committee to consider it in detail.

The preamble was postponed.

Clause 1 "Short title and commencement."

After some remarks from Mr. COHEN, which were almost inaudible in the gallery, but which were understood to be adverse to the clause,

Dr. BOWKER affirmed that he objected to the clause because it involved a misnomer. It called persons criminals who were not so, being released or having expiated their offences.

The clause was agreed to.

Clause 2. "After the commencement of this Act it shall not be lawful for any person who in pursuance of the sentence of a foreign Court of Criminal Jurisdiction, has been transported, or has by order of any foreign Government been exiled to any foreign penal settlement or possession, to land in or come to New South Wales. And if any such person (hereinafter termed a 'foreign criminal') shall, in violation of this enactment, be found in New South Wales, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour, and on conviction thereof, shall be liable to be imprisoned with or without hard labour for the term of one year. Provided that it shall not be necessary upon the trial of any person under this Act for any misdemeanour charged thereunder, to produce any record, or copy of the record or certificate of the conviction or order for the transportation of such person by such Foreign Court or authority. And provided, also, that a certificate signed by the Consul or Acting-Consul of the country of which the person charged is a subject, stating that such person is not a foreign criminal within the meaning of this Act, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact so certified."

Attention was called to the state of the House by Mr. DRIVER, and a quorum formed. The clause having been verbally amended,

Mr. DRIVER asked the Attorney-General what kind of evidence would be required to ensure the conviction of a person under this bill.

Mr. WINDEYER said the evidence would have to be of a character that would satisfy the Judge and jury. Hearsay evidence would not be more admissible in this case than in any other. A man might give evidence that he had seen a prisoner at work in New Caledonia.

Mr. WINDEYER said a man might have been sentenced by a local Board to only three months' servitude.

Mr. WISDOM said that he was afraid that the clause in its present form would be inoperative, because every other rule of evidence than that referred to would have to be observed. It would not be sufficient to prove that a person was seen working at some settlement like New Caledonia. There was, and would be a great difficulty in proving offences under this bill, and really the value of the measure, so far as preventing an influx of criminals was concerned, would be very small indeed. It might frighten criminals against being summoned, and leave them in state of doubt as to the day on which they might be summoned. We knew how very skilful advocates were in taking points of law, and in this case it would be next to impossible to secure a committal. He would recommend the Attorney-General to postpone the clause. [Mr. Windeyer said he was now framing a new clause.] The proviso at the end of the clause seemed to him to be a very loose way of dealing with the question if referred to, and he would prefer to see it left out altogether.

Mr. COHEN said that the Attorney-General had suggested only one class of evidence as being sufficient to secure a conviction before a jury, and that was not likely to be sufficient. The hon. member suggested the evidence of a man who had been working side by side at a penal settlement with the person being tried, but that evidence would be considered to be tainted, and such as could not be relied upon. He believed with the hon. member for Morpeth that in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred there would be acquittals. He had an objection to legislation that would be inoperative, but since the House had affirmed the principle of the bill he desired to make the bill complete. The proviso to the clause would he considered inflict a hardship, for it was not sufficient that a certificate purported to be signed by a consul or acting-consul, and it would be necessary for the person being tried to prove the signature. [Attention was called to the state of the Committee, and, no quorum being found, the House resumed. A quorum was found, and the House went again into committee.] He thought the whole bill would be inoperative and would remain as a dead letter on the Statute Book. [Attention was called to the state of the Committee, and, no quorum being found, the House resumed. A quorum being then found, the House went again into committee.]

On the motion of Mr. WINDEYER, the Chairman left the chair, progress was reported, and leave given to sit again to-morrow.

MESSAGE.

Mr. SPEAKER read a message from the Legislative Council, expressing concurrence in the Assembly's amendments on the Islanders' Shipping Bill.

The House adjourned at twenty-six minutes to 8 o'clock until 4 o'clock this day (Thursday).

UPPER HOUSE DOINGS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—The speech of the Premier, last night, in which he referred to the action of the Legislative Council, seems to betoken some atmospheric disturbance on the horizon, or a little below. Is there to be a storm? And if so, is it to be in a teacup, or one to try the solid timbers of the good ship of State? Something must be brooding behind the clouds that darkened the knightly Premier's massive brow.

The public will be anxious to know the real nature of the Council's misbehaviour, which has called forth such unexampled strictures from so high a statesman as Sir Henry Parkes. The disclosures which we may soon expect will doubtless be appalling, but as yet the public manifestly has not discovered the offences which have nevertheless caught the keen eye of the great legislator.

The public doubtless have observed that the Council have had the temerity to reject the Parliamentary Privileges Bill root and branch; that they have declined to pass a bill declaring specifically that attorneys may be Supreme Court Judges—although they were ready to leave it to the Government to appoint any proper person whether attorney or not, leaving to the Government also the responsibility of determining who was a proper person; they have also observed that the Government have withdrawn the Land Law Amendment Bill, in consequence of an amendment introduced in the Council; but so far the public appear to have looked with great and imperturbable equanimity upon these legislative proceedings. No thunders of disapprobation from the Press, no public demonstrations of any kind, have signified dissatisfaction at the Council's action. True the Land Bill has only just been withdrawn; but the amendment, the real cause of its withdrawal, was passed a week ago. This, however, appears to have been the culminating point of the Council's transgression, and it is well that we should understand what it actually is that they have done.

A bill was introduced into that Chamber by the Vice-President of the Executive Council, after it had passed the Assembly, to amend the land laws. It was stated by him to be for the purpose of amending certain details requiring alteration, and the Council were told that the bill itself would be open to amendment in committee; indeed, Sir John Robertson candidly admitted that the minimum rate of £1 per section for the lease of Crown lands appeared to him calculated to work oppressively in the case of back blocks. The bill passed the second reading, and went into committee, when an amendment was at once moved in the second clause, relating to the reduction of improvements on conditional purchases. This amendment simply had the effect of restricting the operation of the section to conditional purchases made after the bill became law, in other words, making the legislation not retrospective. The Council were told by Sir John Robertson that he would not insist upon the clause being indefinitely retrospective, as the Assembly had made it, but unless it was left retrospective as far as selections taken up since the 1st of January, 1875, or at any rate since the passing of the Lands Acts Amendment Act of 1875, he would withdraw the bill, or, as he afterwards explained, he would consult his colleagues as to the withdrawal of the bill. The Council, nevertheless, declined to commit itself to legislation, relieving certain classes of contractors with the State from liabilities under their contracts, which others of the same classes had duly fulfilled, and they carried the amendment by a large majority.

It will be observed that the relief from these conditions was not asked for individual cases of hardship, but for all those who had failed to fulfil these conditions, while others similarly situated to themselves had fulfilled them, and that no return was proposed to be made to those who had so fulfilled their contracts; moreover, that it was not limited to those bona-fide selectors who sought homes upon the land, but included, also, all those graziers and capitalists who have got possession of conditional purchases upon which these conditions of improvement have not been carried out to the extent of one pound per acre.

On the amendment being carried Sir John Robertson consulted his colleagues, and on Tuesday introduced a further amendment, avowedly for the purpose of allowing the Council to reconsider the matter, and sanction that retrospective legislation it had just refused. This amendment was rejected by a large majority, and it was upon this being made known to the Premier, and upon the withdrawal of the bill in consequence, that he gave utterance to the strong comments I have referred to. This is not a matter merely affecting the members of the Council. We are all, as citizens, concerned to see that the Constitution is not infringed by members either of that House or of the Assembly, and that if there be anything in the Constitution requiring amendment, proper steps should be taken to procure that amendment. But it is a sad mistake if any one supposes that this colony is in a condition to allow of the Upper House being "Berryed" merely because it will not swallow whole all the measures of the Ministry for the time being.

What is it that is sought? Is it desired that there should be but a single Chamber? There are some individuals who are of this opinion, and at least they have the advantage of consistency, however dangerous it might be to the public that the supreme legislative power should be vested in a single body of men, who, on sudden impulse, might one day do what they would be sorry for the next, when their regret would come too late. But if there be a Second Chamber, can it seriously be proposed that its members should be mere puppets in the hands of a Ministry, or even under the control of the other Chamber? What honorable men, worthy of being entrusted with any power or authority, would consent to hold their places on such terms? Or, if they could be found, what advantage would the public have from the existence of such a body?

No, Sir! The Premier may be temporarily nettled at the failure of his measure, but he will find there is too much sound sense and patriotism in the Assembly to listen to any serious suggestions of such a character. I have already trespassed too far upon your valuable columns.

I am, sir, yours truly,
SCRUTATOR.

July 9.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 251, George-street, this day, at 11 o'clock, by order of the mortgagee, allotments of land, Elizabeth-street, Camperdown; also, a splendid block of land, Darling Harbour, and blocks of land at Balmain and Botany.—ADV.

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—July 9.

City of New York (s.), 3020 tons, Captain Cobb, from San Francisco June 9. Passengers—Mr. Thomas Day, Mr. C. J. Donahue, Miss Marguerite Donahue, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Henry and 2 children, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Smith and child, Dr. J. F. Grady, Mr. J. J. Phillips, Mr. J. A. Gurner, Mr. M. Meagher, Mr. E. H. Deeley, Mr. H. C. Joplin, Mr. W. J. Joyce, Mr. W. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Rosenthal, Mr. J. C. M'Arthur, Mr. and Mrs. S. Edmiston, Mr. J. A. Bayley, Mr. J. H. Knight, Mr. Richard Brown, Hon. Edward Combes, Miss S. Lizzie Pritch, and 23 in the steerage. From Honolulu: Captain and Mrs. F. D. Walker and 3 children, Mr. Heymanson, and 2 in the steerage. From Auckland: Mrs. S. Samuel and child and nurse, Miss Samuel, Mr. Broomfield, Mr. Goldstein, Mr. and Mrs. Gardiner, Mr. M. Makee, Mr. A. G. Ascher, Mr. J. H. Symonds, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor and daughter, Mr. E. G. Lukinz, Mr. C. H. Seneauer, Mr. Solomon, Mr. Cunningham, and 4 in the steerage. R. Towns and Co., agents.

Joan, schooner, 53 tons, Captain Burgess, from Torquay. Nipper and See, agents.

Diamantina (s.), 200 tons, Captain Herron, from Manning River. Passengers—Mrs. G. B. Luffren, Mr. and Miss Stanford, Miss Wyntor, Messrs. G. B. Luffren, Jelly, Randell, Castle, and 12 in the steerage.

Terranora (s.), 250 tons, Captain Ives, from Clarence River 7th instant. Colonial Sugar Co., agents.

Argos, brig, 290 tons, Captain Punch, from Adelaide 25th ultimo. Captain, agent.

Wotonga (s.), 1000 tons, Captain Phillips, from Melbourne 7th instant. Passengers—Captain James Deane, Lieutenant Haselwood, Messrs. J. C. Smith, J. H. Storey, F. P. Taylor, T. Trood, H. Tulloh, Van Renen, G. Dentzelman, J. M. M'Crae, and 25 in the steerage. A.S.N. Co., agents.

City of Grafton (s.), 400 tons, Captain Bracegirdle, from Grafton 8th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Moriarty, Mrs. Henderson, Mrs. Brown, Messrs. Moriarty, Huffer, G. T. Tindal, Luff, Ellis, Watkins, Wee Sing, Master Snape, and 16 in the steerage. C. and R. R. S. N. Co., agents.

Wakatipu (s.), 900 tons, Captain Wheeler, from Dunedin 1st instant. Passengers—Misses Maitland (2), Wilson, M'Kinlay, Lawson, Amos, Cairns, Mesdames Stewart, Tetley, Murray, Mr. and Mrs. Adams, Messrs. Littleton, Reynall, Cass, and 53 in the steerage. F. W. Jackson, agent.

Berean, schooner, 71 tons, Captain Noak, from River Mersey 7th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Hargraves and 2 children. Captain, agent.

Eveline, schooner, 67 tons, Captain Murray, from River Mersey 1st July. H. Chune, agent.

Nineveh, ship, 1130 tons, Captain Ross, from Plymouth 10th April. Passengers—402 Government immigrants. Montefiore, Joseph, and Co., agents.

Enterprise, schooner, 58 tons, Captain Hughes, from River Forth 28th ultimo. Captain, agent.

DEPARTURES.—July 9.

Atjeh (s.), for Sourabaya and Batavia, via Port Darwin.
Wentworth (s.), for Levuka.
Tasman (s.) for Hobart Town.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—July 10.

Sydney Griffiths, for Melbourne; Leichardt (s.), for Maryborough and Rockhampton.

CLEARANCES.—July 9.

Tasman (s.), 491 tons, Captain Lyon, for Hobart Town. Passengers—Miss Bunce, Miss A. Geeves, Mr. O. Hickman, Mr. Mackay and 8 in the steerage.

Atjeh (s.), 954 tons, Captain E. C. Wessels, for Batavia, &c. via Port Darwin, and Thursday Island. Passengers—Captain Cook, Mrs. V. V. Brown, Masters Brown (2) Messrs. W. H. Stevens, V. V. Brown, A. C. Schutze, R. B. Ronald, H. Rundle, Butler, Richards, Griffiths, and 18 in the steerage.

Wentworth (s.), 1000 tons, Captain C. E. Saunders, for Levuka. Passengers—Master Swan, Mrs. Moore, nurse and child, Mrs. Alderson, Miss Palmer, Messrs. John Miller, H. J. O. Coates, G. Simpson, Edward Ward, and 15 in the steerage.

Sydney Griffiths, barque, 333 tons, Captain Knarpton, for Melbourne.

COASTERS INWARDS.—July 9.

Hilda, from Coal Cliff, with 200 tons coal; Lillian, Helena Davis, A. C. Lynn, from Port Stephens, with 20,000 feet timber and sundries; Nambuccra, Isabella Gollan, Ariel, Glossariel, from the Macleay, with sundries; Lucie, from Camden Haven, with sundries; Catherine Agnes, with 80 tons coal; Amy, from Cape Hawke, with sundries; Emily Ann, Coomba, Prince Alfred, from Port Macquarie, with 900 bags maize, 20,000 feet timber, and sundries; Dairymaid, from Shellharbour, with sundries; Lotus, from Cape Hawk, with 19,000 feet timber; Margaret and Jane, from the Macleay, with 865 bags maize, 65 hides; Kembla (s.), from Newcastle, with 60 bales hay, 200 bags tin ore, 7 cases iron, 7 casks tallow, 10 bales skins, 50 sacks potatoes, 150 hides, 10 bags lead, 8 bags bones, 12 bundles brooms, and 18 packages sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—July 9.

Hilda, for Coal Cliff; Lilian, for Port Stephens; Nambuccra, Glossariel, Margaret Jane, for Macleay; Namoi, for the Manning; Lucie, for Camden Haven; Catherine Agnes, for Newcastle; Emily Ann, Coomba, Prince Alfred, for Port Macquarie; Isabella Gollan, Glossariel, Margaret Jane, for Macleay River; A. C. Lynn, for Port Stephens.

IMPORTS.—July 9.

[A special charge is made for consignees' announcements in this column.]

City of New York, from San Francisco: 2295 packages mouldings, 10 bales hops, 192 cases canned goods, 2 crates shaper and planer, 39 boxes type, 200 cases honey, 1 barrel nuts, 1 box corncoffers, 1000 pieces shakes, 1198 sacks barley, 1 package circular saw, 1 box whips, 123 bales pulu, 45 bundles tanners' oil, 30 cases hops, 1 box sewing-machine, 5 cases hardware, 100 flasks quicksilver, 105 packages dried fruits, 52 packages herrings, 100 bales broom corn, 54 cases paint, 26 cases glass goods, 2 crates presses, 16 parcels, 2 cases piano, 2320 cases salmon, 991 doors, 14 packages furniture stock, 3 cases sewing-machine oil, 4 boxes tobacco, 26 trunks, 4 packages rubber goods, 5092 pieces lumber, 15 cases empty cans, 1 package bats, 1 box printing ink, 1 case batteries, 3 boxes gold, 4 packages reaper, 2 packages spring-beds, 12 packages merchandise, 10 cases printed matter, 5 gunnies popcorn, 8 cases varnish, 85 packages groceries and provisions, 5500 pieces pickets, 58 cases drugs, 100 boxes casings, 11 boxes books and stationery, 1 case clothing.

Joan, from Torquay: 1000 bags potatoes.

Argos, from Adelaide: 785 bags wheat, 740 bags flour, 120 cases jam.

Wotonga (s.), from Melbourne: 3154 bags salt, 25 cases castor oil, 80 bundles iron, 6 coils rope, 10 cases galvanized iron, 25 bundles woolpacks, 5 cases acids, 12 plates 15 bundles hoop iron, 5 boxes tinplates, 18 casks stearine, 6 cases cheese, 46 half-chests 49 boxes tea, 45 quarter-casks brandy, 2 quarter-casks 3 octaves wine, 16 bundles ridging, 1 case jewellery, 56 packages and cases sundries.

Enterprise, from River Firth: 870 bags potatoes.

Eveline, from River Mersey: 876 bags potatoes.

Wakatipu (s.), from Dunedin: 1020 sacks bran, 180 bags flour, 100 bags barley, 538 packages sundries.

Berean, from River Mersey: 90 tons potatoes.

Ex Saturnus: Double and single barrelled guns, butcher knives, accordeons and concertinas, pistols, clerical coats and waistcoats, anchovies in kegs; Hamburg, Westphalian, and Brunswick sausage—J. C. W. Hinsch, 160, Pitt-street.

Ex Georgina, Ridge Park, Argos, and Joan: 15,712 bushels Adelaide wheat, 650 bags Kneese, 740 bags Simpson's superfine Adelaide flour, 1010 bags prime Circular Head potatoes—Nipper and See.

Ex Cheviot: 70 sacks Bencraft and Co.'s superior oatmeal—W. H. Ariell, 119 and 121, Sussex-street.

Ex Silver Stream, Argos, and Helen White: 1150 sacks, half and quarter sacks Dawson's, 500 sacks Galt's, 1100 sacks Kneese and Trilling's, 500 sacks Curnow and Pine's, 300 sacks H. Hart's superfine Adelaide flour; 1300 bushels Adelaide wheat—Henry Dare.

EXPORTS.—July 8.

Keilawarra (s.), for Brisbane and Queensland ports: 60 bags rice, 265 packages tea, 417 packages oilstores, 53 packages wines and spirits, 24 cases books, 12 bundles oakum, 6 lengths chain, 274 bags potatoes, 8 boxes boots, 14 crates earthenware, 1 anchor, 10 casks tar, 10 cases drapery, 15 bales hair, 54 cases fruit, 72 packages iron, 10 cases onions, 30 boxes skins, 18 packages hardware, 79 coils wire, 52 bags bark, 1 bale paper, 66 bags bran and pollard, 140 bags flour, 2 cases cigars, and sundries.

July 9.

Tasman (s.), for Hobart Town: 9 cases fruit, 100 bags maize, 4 bales lucerne.

Atjeh (s.), for Batavia, &c.: 20 cases kerosene oil, 23 sacks flour, 12 casks mineral waters, 20 cases cordials, 1 boat, 26 packages wines and spirits, 26 packages beer, 28 packages oil stores, 12 cases nails, 12 drums oil, 4 packages tea, 14 packages paint, 2 cases galvanized iron, 9 packages rope, 29 packages potatoes, 82 bags maize, 8 cases butter, 10 cases onions, 7 packages bacon, 7 horses, 20 bags bran, 10 sacks barley, 24 wheels, 6 grindstones, 15 cases axes, 335 packages preserved meat, 4 bales hay, 10 cases cheese, 1 cage kangaroo, 14 casks tallow, 3 cases picks, 120 felloes, 200 spokes, 8 pairs naves, 18 packages timber, 4 bars iron, 1 waggon, 87 packages sundries.

Sydney Griffiths, for Melbourne: 226 tons coal.

Wentworth (s.), for Levuka (Fiji): 200 packages wines and spirits, 76 cases biscuits, 91 kegs beef, 6 kegs pork, 11 cases beef, 6 packages tobacco, 24 boxes candles, 3 cases cigars, 40 packages drapery, 14 cases matches, 3 cases confectionery, 10 casks sugar, 3 casks peas, 1 hogshead vinegar, 6 cases potatoes, 1 cask suet, 3 cases soap, 20 cases flour, 6 cases chocolate, 2 tents, 2 cases sewing-machines, 8 cases vegetables, 4 cases ironmongery, 5 casks crockery, 3 cases chairs, 1 case curry, 1 case chutney, 1 case blue, 4 cases H. oil, 1 case cotton, 6 casks paint, 1 bag meal, 4 cases muntz metal, 1 cask iron, 1 case f. books, 1 case tools, 2 barrels oil, 20 drums oil, 1 hand-cart, 1 case books, 9 cases China goods, 10 boxes pipes, 1 crate earthenware, 1 case cheese, 1 case peas, 1 case sauce, 1 cask soda, 1 bale leather, 5 cases mineral waters, 18 coils rope, 2 casks chain, 1 cask tar, 2 coils spunyarn, 4 bundles oakum, 1 cask holloware, 4 casks pitch, 4 bundles fryingpans, 2 cases milk, 1 case hatchets, 10 bundles spades, 1 keg butter, 1 stove, 1 bundle handles, 1 case periodicals, 2 barrels flour, 2 cases muskets, 25 kegs lead, 10 bundles tubs, 15 coils cordage, 12 ovens, 22 oven covers, 45 anchors, 1 chain, 5 bundles sacks, 1 case gun caps, 16 drums oil, 2 sides leather, 1 cask oil, 7 kegs shot, 4 boxes pipes, 1 case rifles, 15 cases apples, 1 case cartridges, 8 boxes soap, 1 case rifles, 12 cases salmon, 3 boxes silver coin (£1000), 3 cases sausages, 1 case bath brick, 2 cases bacon, 10 cases fancy goods, 16 cases boots, 160 cases kerosene oil, 192 bags flour, 15 kegs nails, 8 bundles buckets, 41 cases meats, 40 cases beer, 40 casks ale, 64 packages tea, 135 bags rice, 5 cases butter, 40 bundles iron, 12 kegs paint, 76 oars, 10 cases bottled fruits, 3 cases pickles, 6 bags potatoes, 30 bags salt, 15 trunks, 120 iron pots, 100 cases oilmen's stores, 42 cases axes, 70 sheep, and sundries.

Custom House.—Entered Outwards, July 9: Ephemey, schooner, 55 tons, Captain Woods, for Huon Island; Australia (s.), 1715 tons, Captain Cargill, for San Francisco; Veteran, barque, 338 tons, Captain Martin, for Shanghai; Cheviot (s.), 764 tons, Captain Ashford, for Melbourne; Enterprise, schooner, 58 tons, Captain Hughes, for River Firth.

The mails received, via San Francisco, per R. M. S. City of New York, consisted of 146 bags and packets, exclusive of 82 sealed mails for other colonies:—Fiji, 26 letters 1 book 25 newspapers; Honolulu, 212 letters; San Francisco, 2269 letters 8409 newspapers; other parts of America, 35 letters 1 book 8 newspapers; London, 20,205 letters 2677 books 14,235 newspapers; from New Zealand, 630 letters 16 books 623 newspapers: total, 23,377 letters 2695 books 23,309 newspapers.

The Pacific Mail Company's steamship City of New York, W. B. Cobb, commander, came into port early yesterday morning with the European mails via San Francisco, after a good through passage, though it has been latterly retarded by strong adverse gales. Sailed from San Francisco June 9th, at 2 o'clock p.m.; took Honolulu pilot off the reef at 10.35 p.m. on the 15th of June; left Honolulu June 16th at 11.55 a.m.; arrived at Auckland July 2nd at 12.52 p.m.; left Auckland wharf July 3rd, at 9.20 a.m.; discharged Auckland pilot at 9.55 a.m.; arrived at Sydney July 9th, at 5.25 a.m. Running time from San Francisco to Sydney, pilot to pilot, 26 days 3 hours 2 minutes. Experienced moderate north-east winds and light swell from the northward on passage from San Francisco to Honolulu; from Honolulu to Auckland fresh south-east trade winds to latitude 20° south; thence to Auckland winds from north-east to south-west, light rains, and squally. Passed the island of Tutuila, Navigators' Group, at 6 a.m., June 26. Dr. J. J. Hudson, saloon passenger, formerly surgeon of the Australia (s.), died June 21, latitude 8° 7" north, longitude 163° 8" west. On arriving at Honolulu, touched on bar in entering harbour. July 3, at 7.15 p.m., Cape Brett abeam; July 4, 2.15 a.m., North Cape abeam, distance 3 miles; 7 a.m., same day, Three Kings abeam, bearing north by west, by compass distant five miles. Sunday, July 6, heavy swell from the westward and falling barometer; at 12 (midnight), heavy sea and heavy squalls increasing to a gale from the westward, continuing up to 12 (midnight) of July 8; lowest barometer, 29·62; on the 7th instant fearful squalls from west-south-west to west-north-west accompanied with rain and hail—sea running very heavy; on the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., wind more moderate, west-south-west, and sea going down—weather clear. Has on board 53 cabin and 30 steerage passengers, £10,826 treasure, 616 tons freight.

The Union Steam Company's steamer Wakatipu, from New Zealand, came into port last night. She left Port Chalmers at 3.30 p.m., on 1st instant, arriving at Lyttelton at 11 a.m., on 2nd instant; left again at 5 p.m. same day, arriving at Wellington at 10 a.m., on 3rd instant, fine weather on coast; left Wellington at 2.30 p.m., on 3rd instant. Encountered strong head winds and sea, accompanied with rain, the whole of the passage.

The steamship Atjeh left the port at 8 o'clock last night, for Batavia via Port Darwin.

The steamer Elamang passed the Macleay River Heads, bound south, at 3.40 p.m. yesterday.

The schooner Belle passed Sydney Heads, bound north, yesterday evening.

The schooner Fearless passed Gabo Island, bound south at 1.35 p.m. yesterday.

The schooner Joan, from Torquay, sailed on the 4th instant, and met with light N.E. winds to Cape Otway; thence N.W. winds to Wilson's Promontory, which was passed on Saturday at 10.30 p.m., and from thence she had strong westerly winds.

The steamer City of Grafton left Grafton at 7 a.m., July 8, crossing the bar at 1 p.m. same day, entering Sydney Heads at 6.30 p.m. 9th instant. She experienced light westerly and N.W. breezes, with fine weather, to Port Stephens; thence to Bird Island strong N.W. breezes; thence to Sydney moderate westerly breezes. She brings 2472 bags maize, 34 casks molasses, 10 casks tallow, 195 hides, 2 buggies, 20 bags bones, 30 bags oysters, 1200 bunches bananas, 6 pigs, 1 horse, and sundries.

A barque passed Gabo Island, bound north, at 11 a.m. yesterday.

The barque Sisters passed Gabo Island, bound north, at noon.

The steamer Rodondo, bound to Melbourne, passed Gabo Island at 0.35 p.m. yesterday.

The ship Hampshire, from London for Melbourne, passed Cape Otway yesterday morning.

The A. S. N. Company's steamer Katoomba left last night for Newcastle. The vessel replaces the Coonanbara, which is being overhauled.

The brig Syren has sailed from Auckland to load cargo for Sydney at Wangaroa.

The steamer Diamantina left the Manning River on the 8th instant, at noon, and arrived at the company's wharf on the 9th, at 9.45 a.m. Had fine weather and westerly winds throughout the passage. The cargo consists of 1000 bags maize, 74 bags oysters, 24 coops poultry, 49 boxes eggs, 139 pigs.

The steamer Terranora left the Clarence River on the 7th instant, at 2.15 p.m.; passed Smoky Cape on the 8th at 2.45 a.m., and Seal Rocks the same day at 5 p.m. Experienced strong S.W. winds throughout the passage. The cargo consists of 150 casks molasses, 149 casks rum, 436 bags maize, 38 hides.

The s.s. Wotonga left Port Phillip Heads at 5.30 p.m. on the 7th instant, passed Wilson's Promontory at 2.10 a.m. on the 8th, rounded Gabo Island at 4.45 p.m. same date, and entered Sydney Heads at 1 p.m. on the 9th. She experienced westerly winds throughout the passage, accompanied with heavy rain squalls, to the Promontory, thence fine weather until arrival.

The white star clipper Nineveh has again arrived from England with another splendid batch of Government immigrants, all in apparent good health. The voyage has been a remarkably successful one in every respect, and the passengers have enjoyed an immunity from any contagious or infectious disease, such as small-pox or fever. On the arrival of the ship last night she was anchored off Macquarie Point, and Captain Ross was the recipient of a very flattering address from his passengers, expressive of their appreciation of his kind and gentlemanly conduct, and making respectful mention of his staff of officers. The ship brings 402 immigrants, equal to 331 statute adults, comprising 75 married couples, 59 single girls, 65 single men, 109 children between the ages of 1 and 12 years, and 19 infants. There have been five deaths, all infants, and, to balance this, four births took place, but only two of the infants survived. Dr. Darn had the immigrants under his superintendence, and Miss Malley had charge of the single girls. Captain Ross reports that the ship took the N.E. trades in 29° N., and carried them to 5° N., 17 days out from Plymouth. Crossed the Equator, 28 days out, in 28° W.; fell in with the S. E. trades in 3° S., on the 11th May, which carried us to 22° S., which proved very good; from thence to St. Paul's Island encountered gales from S. S. E. to S. S. W.; sighted Cape Wickham light at 4 a.m. on the 7th instant, Wilson's Promontory 5 p.m. same day, rounded Cape Howe at 8 a.m. on the 8th, experienced very unsettled weather on the coast. From St. Paul's ran our easting down on a parallel of latitude 40. S. All are well on board. The Cimba, from London to Sydney, was spoken by the Nineveh on the 15th April, in latitude 37·38 N., longitude 16·58 W.; the ships were in company 5 days. The City of Corinth, from London to Sydney, was spoken by the Nineveh on April 18, latitude 31·24 N., longitude 18·24 W. The Gryfe, from Liverpool to Sydney, was spoken by the Nineveh north of the Equator.

The schooner Smiling Morn is now alongside the southern end of the Circular Quay discharging blue metal, for the necessary repairs to the Circular Wharf; and the schooner is also discharging timber at the same place for the construction of the new jetties about to be erected, by the Government, for the accommodation of the harbour steamers.

Many of the shipping and mercantile community, especially those who have had business transactions with the mail steamer City of New York, will regret to learn that Mr. Beardsley (late purser) has resigned his position, and gone to New York. Mr. E. T. Platt, who has been a long time in the company's service, fills the vacant position; and to this gentleman we are indebted for the prompt delivery of our files of American papers and telegraphic despatches.

Immigration.—During the year ending 1878 there have been 1306 arrivals of vessels of all classes from English and foreign ports. The passengers by them may be classified as follows, viz.: 22,315 men, 9068 women, 2838 boys, 2455 girls, and 2917 Chinese.

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING.

Auckland.—Arrivals: June 26, Syren, from Sydney; June 27, Isle of Bute, from London; July 1, Ryno, from Savage Island; July 2, Borough Belle, from Newcastle. Departures: June 21, Mary Miller, for Newcastle; June 28, Estelle, for Newcastle.

Dunedin.—Arrivals: June 26, Angerona, from Cardiff; June 27, City of Cashmere, from London; June 28, Mabel, from London; Clyde, from Newcastle. Departures: June 27, Zephyr, for Melbourne; Signal, for Newcastle.

Wellington.—Arrivals: July 27, Western Belle, from London; June 28, Wild Wave, from Newcastle; July 31, H.M.S. Sandfly, from Auckland.

Lyttelton.—Arrivals: July 27, Australian Sovereign, Woodville, from Newcastle. Departure: July 1, Circe, for Newcastle.

ENGLISH SHIPPING.

Departures from London.—For Sydney: May 5, Ben Voirlich; 6th, Windermere. The former vessel brings the following passengers:—Mr. F. J. Baker, Mr. C. H. Walton, Mr. F. Elliott, Mr. D. Macnicoll, Mr. W. G. Gilmore, Mr. and Mrs. Champion and child, Miss Mary Barkley, Miss Lilian Barkley, Mr. F. A. W. Gisbourne, Mr. and Mr. W. A. Vivian and child, Major James D. Thursby, Mr. W. H. F. Young, Francois Brasey, Eugenie Brasey, Mr. F. Wheeler, Mr. J. B. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Price, Mr. W. E. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Wicks, Mrs. Sarah Bury, Master G. H. Wicks, Master C. Wicks, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Anthony, Mr. L. R. Thompson, Mr. S. T. Taylor, Mr. A. Luckman, Mr. F. Elsasser.

The passenger ship Dunbar Castle, Captain Iamay, 925 tons, with a general cargo and passengers for Sydney, Australia, put back into Plymouth Sound on May 19, having on board a portion of the crew of the Swedish barque, Christiana, 285 tons, from Cette, with salt, for Memel. On Sunday night, when running down the Channel close hauled, with the wind north-west, the barque was sighted south of the Eddystone running free up Channel. In attempting to cross the bows of the Dunbar Castle they came into collision, and the barque was cut down amidships. She sank immediately, and of the crew of nine hands only six were saved, the steward and two seamen being drowned. The Dunbar Castle then put back to Plymouth. She has sustained but slight damage, having lost only her flying jibboom and a portion of her bulwarks.

TELEGRAPHIC SHIPPING NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

Newcastle.—Arrivals: July 9, Tythonus Garstang, Duke of Argyle, Rosebud, Conference, Sea Nymph, Medea, Italy, Madura, Jane Woodburn, Sarah Ann, Frederica, from Melbourne; Fiona (s.), from Grafton; Dahlia, Verulam, from Adelaide; City of Brisbane (s.), Collaroy (s.), Lubra (s.), Cheviot (s.), Lalla Rookh, Fusileer, from Sydney. Departures; July 9, Lubra (s.), for Clarence River; Easby (s.), for Melbourne; Ridge Park (s.), for Adelaide; Hebe, Lady Emma, Fanny Fisher, Morpeth (s.), Collaroy (s.), for Sydney.

Rockhampton.—Arrivals: July 9, Tambaroora (s.) and Balclutha (s.), from Sydney. Departures: Derwent and Victor, for Sydney. The Torres Straits mail steamer Bowen left Keppel Bay, for Sydney, early this morning. The Alexandra (s.), from Sydney, arrived at Townsville, on Tuesday.

Wollongong.—Arrivals: July 8, Hunter (s.), from Kiama; July 9, Illawarra (s.), from Sydney. Departures: July 8, Hunter (s.) and Tasmania (s.), for Sydney; July 9, Illawarra (s.), for Kiama and Shoalhaven.

Gabo Island.—July 9: The barque Sisters was beating westward at noon. The Rodondo (s.) passed westward at 12.40 p.m., and the City of Adelaide (s.) westward at 5.5 p.m. The brig Benda passed north at 4.45 this afternoon.

Wilson's Promontory.—July 9: The R.M.S. Avoca passed at 2.25 p.m. bound to Melbourne.

Queenscliff.—Arrivals: July 9, Varuna, German barque, from Rangoon to Valparaiso, put in leaky; 5 p.m., Brisbane (s.), from Sydney. Departure: At 5.30 p.m., Lusitania (s.), for Sydney.

Melbourne.—July 9, the Lusitania (s.) left her anchorage for Sydney at 1.45 p.m.

Adelaide.—Arrivals: July 8, Mallsgate, from Liverpool; Otway (s.), from West Australia. Departure: July 8, Annie Main, for San Francisco.

FOREIGN SHIPPING.

(PER THE MERCHANT SHIPPING AND UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.)

Wellington, July 9.

The wreckage that has been seen at Pencarrow Head is believed to be almost certainly a portion of the wreck of the Swallow schooner, from Lyttelton to Newcastle (to which port she belongs), which was wrecked in Tory Channel, Cook's Straits, on the 30th June.

SYDNEY HEADS.

Date.	Time.	Wind.	Remarks.
July 9.	8.30 a.m.	West.	Light and fine.
	Noon.	West.	Ditto and ditto.
	5 p.m.	West.	Ditto and ditto.

High water at Fort Denison, July 10—12.0 midday; 12.17 a.m.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—July 9.

South Australia: Cloudy generally, squally and showery, with a rough sea at Cape Borda; Adelaide reports weather clearing with a sterdy barometer, rain at Adelaide, 0·27, Borda 0·16, Robe 0·19, and Eucla 0·01. Victoria: Showery, barometer rising, wind moderate from W.N.W., sea smooth. New South Wales: Cloudy generally, raining at Mount Victoria, Bathurst, and Orange, also Wagga Wagga and Albury, barometer falling, wind W. and N.W. Queensland: Rockhampton, fine and clear; Brisbane, W., cloudy. 3 p.m. Observations. — Victoria: Melbourne, S.W., 18, barometer rising, fine, 48; Portland, S., 34, fine, smooth, temperature 50°; Cape Otway, S., 18, showery, sea moderate; Wilson's Promontory, W.N.W., 23, showery, sea moderate. New South Wales: Wentworth, S.W., fine, temperature 59°; Deniliquin, S.W., fine temperature 56°; Albury, N.W., 14, dull, temperature 56°; Goulburn, N.W., showery, temperature 56°; Eden, W., 14, fine, sea smooth, temperature 58°; Moruya, N.W., 42, fine, smooth, temperature 62°; Cape George, W., fine, smooth, temperature 52°; Sydney, W., 14, fine, smooth, barometer 29·72, temperature 58°; Newcastle, W.N.W., 38, fine, smooth, temperature 60°; Port Macquarie, N.W., 28, fine, smooth, temperature 61°; Clarence River, N.W., fresh, fine, smooth, temperature 54°. State of Rivers:—Murrumbidgee, at Wagga, 5 feet 6 inches above summer level; at Hay, 4 feet 6 inches above summer level. Murray, at Albury, 3 feet 6 inches above summer level. Darling, at Wentworth, 12 feet 9 inches above summer level; at Pooncarie, 20 feet above summer level; at Menindi, 24 feet above summer level; at Wilcannia, 31 feet above summer level.

Astronomical Memoranda for July 10.—Sun rises at 7.6, sets at 5.4; moon rises at 11.35 p.m., sets at 10.43 a.m.; Mercury, 8.29 a.m., 6.33 p.m.; Venus, 9.43 a.m., 8.37 p.m.; Mars, 12.28 a.m., 11.53 a.m.; Jupiter, 9.24 p.m., 10.6 a.m.; Saturn, 12.0 midnight, 11.36 a.m. Full moon, 4th; new moon, 19th.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Wednesday Evening.

The ship Nineveh arrived this evening. She brings a general cargo valued at £12,000.

Transactions in the Stock and Share market were not quite so numerous to-day, but prices were firm and shares on which a half-year's dividend have accrued exhibited an advancing tendency. City Bank were taken at 10, Joint Stock at 13⅝, and both had sellers at these prices. Commercial wanted at 107, offered at 108; buyers of Mercantile at 4¾, sellers at 5; New South Wales inquired for at 46½, held for 47½; New Zealand dull at 18 buyers, 18⅞ sellers; National of Queensland buyers at 5⅞, sellers at 6; Oriental wanted at 23; and Union at 50, with buyers at 51. Debentures were unchanged. New South Wales funded fours offered at 93; fives wanted at 105, sellers at 106½. Queensland fours had buyers at 89, sellers at 92. New Zealand fours offered at 84; fives and City of Sydney sixes at par. Insurance shares continue firm. Buyers of Accident at 1s. 6d., holders asking 2s.; Australian Fire wanted at 6s., none offered, nor were there any sellers of City at the brokers' meeting; General had buyers at 63s., sellers at 65s.; Mercantile offered at 2s. 2d.; for New South Wales, 40s. was asked, 37s. offered; Pacific had buyers at 46s., sellers at 49s.; Sydney Fire, buyers at 57s., sellers at 61s.; Sydney Marine held for 26s., and United for 31s., with buyers at 29s. 6d. No improvement in Steam—Australasian offered at 12; Clarence and Richmond at 6, buyers at 10s. less; Hunter River had sellers at 6¾; Illawarra buyers at 5½, sellers at 6½; North Shore Ferry offered at 13s. Gaslight firm at 12¾, sellers for fully-paid new issue held for 5¼; Pyrmont Bridge had sellers at 5, and Sydney Exchange at 8. The only sale of Mining was Band and Albion Gold at 70s. Shale Oil unchanged; buyers at 12s. 3d., sellers at 13s. Bulli Coal dull at 13½, sellers; Wallsend wanted at 16½; Waratah at 7¼, sellers at 8½. Great Cobar Copper advanced to 12s., buyers; holders asked 12s. 6d. Krohmann's Gold offered at 1s. 11d.; Star of Peace wanted at 5s., sellers at 6s. 6d. Volunteer land-orders had buyers at 88, sellers at 91.

The lots of wool offered at auction, to-day, by Messrs. Mort and Co. and Mr. Bridge were of an unimportant character, and consisted chiefly of fellmongers' parcels. Nearly the whole of their catalogues changed hands at quite equal to late sales. Scoured realized 11½d. to 16½d; greasy, 7d. to 9¾d.; fleece, 12¾d. to 15¾d. Sheepskins were in good demand at from 6d. to 7d. for best full-woolled; 4d. to 5½d. for medium; 2d. to 3½d. for pelts.

In the Import markets to-day there was the usual trade inquiry for small lines but nothing more, and quotations presented no change. There was more inquiry for brandy, and sales of second-class brands at late rates, which do not cover cost and charges if French advices are reliable. Maize was a shade easier, as Auckland orders have been interfered with by the receipt there of shipments from Fiji and San Francisco. There was a little doing in sugars; two lines of white Mauritius, amounting to forty-five tons, were taken by second houses on private terms. The news just to hand from Port Louis reports that there was only about 8000 tons from last crop in store there. Crop prospects were good, but the market was dull at 16 to 17·20 rupees for white crystals; 14 to 14·30 rupees for brewing sorts, and 13½ to 14·30 rupees for yellow crystals. The stock of yellow counters was exhausted. Shipments to Australia for the season aggregated 47,910 tons as against 46,716 for the corresponding portion of 1877-8. The former quantity does not include the Eden now to hand, or that of the Cité d'Aloth yet to arrive. At auction this morning Messrs. Fraser and Co. disposed of a moderate quantity of goods balances of Messrs. Tange and Co.'s teas, to the extent of 400 packages, sold at 35s. to 47s. 6d. for half-chests of congou, £3 8s. for low chests, and 1s. 7½d. for orange pekoe. Three lines of Mr. Smith's shipments went at 53s. to 54s. per half-chest. About 1500 pockets brown colonial sugars brought £23 to £28 10s. Valencia raisins 4¾d.; plaid vestas, 8s.; oatmeal, in 7-lb. bags, 18s. 6d.; pearl barley, 24s.; and faulty Californian salmon, 4s. 6d. They will offer the Ardgowan's cargo of deals on Friday, and sundry lines of lumber, &c., per mail steamer, early next week.

This evening the Government submitted to the Legislative Assembly a proposal to raise a further loan of £7,787,768, of which all but £1,486,768 is for railway works. It is proposed to extend the Northern line to Tenterfield, the Western to Bourke, and the Southern to Hay, with branches to Narrabri and Mudgee. Also to connect Waverley, Randwick, Newtown, and Woollahra with the city, and extend the main lines to the Circular Quay. The balance of the loan to be devoted to Mr. Clark's plan for water supply and the sewerage of the city. Though the House may assent to this, the whole of the loan will not be placed on the market for some time.

The British and Australasian Trust and Loan Company, formed in London some months back, has placed upon the colonial market the 4000 shares originally reserved for Australian investors. £1 is to be paid on application, and £1 10s. per share on allotment.

The R. M. S. City of New York arrived this morning with London dates to May 22nd. The money market was then dull, Colonial securities firm, and Consols closed at the extreme rate of 98⅞. Private advices are not satisfactory to importers, as they speak of a heavy increase on the previously uncalled-for large shipments to the colonies. The aggregate value for the month ending 10th May was £1,608,400, an increase of £313,900 on the previous four weeks. The shipments to Sydney were valued at £497,300—increase, £128,100; to Melbourne, £430,800—increase, £60,300; to Adelaide, £151,700—decrease, £6100; to Queensland, £26,900—decrease, £21,000; to New Zealand, £480,100—increase, £144,000. Of the exports for this market the principal items are:—Drapery, £178,690; bar and rod iron, 302 tons; hoop, 102 tons; sheet, 30 tons; plate, 136 tons; pig, 660 tons; galvanized, 434 tons; sheet lead, 59 tons; yellow metal, 11 tons; tinplates, 550 boxes; wire, 400 tons; linseed oil, 7446 gallons; woolpacks, £978; cornsacks, £690; sawn wood, 60 loads; canvas, £2527; slates, 72 tons; cement, 7550 barrels; brandy, in case, 11,332 gallons—bulk, 22,925 gallons; rum, 33,790 gallons; geneva, 31,968 gallons; British spirits, 14,717 gallons; red wine, 12,259 gallons—white, 6478 gallons; bulk beer, 581 barrels—bottled, 2140 barrels; malt, 2968 quarters; hops, 184 cwt.; bacon and hams, 143 cwt.; sardines, £1222; other fish, £1362; oilmen's stores, £8307; chicory, 140 cwt.; white salt, 557 tons—rock, 150 tons; soda crystals, 75 tons; caustic soda, 25 tons; candles, 1528 cwt.; raisins, 875 cwt.; currants, 2748 cwt.; glucose, 513 cwt. Of the wool market, we learn from the New Zealand L. and M. Co.'s Circular of May 22nd, that the first few days of the May sales, though marked by some little hesitation on the part of the foreign section of the trade were supported by a large attendance of buyers from all quarters, and the competition then established showed the rates of February-March series being well maintained. As the sales have progressed, this firm tone was more fully developed, the apparent disinclination of foreign buyers to operate having disappeared to a great extent, and the result being an additional strengthening of the market. French buyers not bidding with their accustomed freedom, but the home and German demand being particularly strong compensates for their inactivity. Crossbred wools of fair quality, which, in the previous sales had been severely depressed, experienced a recovery averaging ½d. per lb., the lower and coarser kinds being in less request, and attaining less noticeable change of value. Middle class fleeces and most descriptions of scoured wool ruled in steady demand, while on the other hand greasy wools showed more irregularity, and the lower grades somewhat easier to purchase. Lambs' wool of good quality and in good condition, selling with more freedom, but inferior sorts difficult to move. Fine wools of high class without change, the improved tone of the market for other growths having failed to reach these descriptions, which were not so largely represented as in the preceding series. The demand for tallow throughout the past four weeks had been moderate, and confined entirely to purchases to fill immediate requirements. The supply of home tallow large and salable at low prices, the business done in colonial sorts restricted, and prices had given way to a considerable extent. On average for the month the decline was fully equal to 1s. per cwt. on all classes.

The annual meeting of the London Chartered Bank of Australia was held on May 20, when a dividend of 8 per cent. per annum was declared. This will take £40,000, leaving £8420 to be carried forward. The profits of the whole year were £81,878, and the dividends paid, including that of December last, took £80,000. The Scottish Australian Investment Company declared a dividend of 10 per cent. for the past year, and carried forward £5213. The Trust and Agency of Australasia, 20 per cent.; and the Scottish Australian Mining Company, 15 per cent.

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits, £1705 8s. 3d.; wine (still), £359 3s. 8d.; ale, porter, and beer (in wood), £6 13s. 6d.; ale, porter, and beer (in bottle), £35 12s. 6d.; tobacco and snuff, £108 14s.; tobacco (unmanufactured), £156 18s.; cigars, £1 17s. 6d.; tea, £100 12s.; sugar, refined, £7 17s. 7d.; sugar (unrefined) £101 9s. 7d.; rice, £1 2s. 5d.; dried fruits, £96 18s.; hops, £14 12s. 9d.; specific duty, £336 6s. 4d.; bonding warehouse duty, £75; pilotage, £41 15s. 4d.; harbour and light dues, £30 12s. 4d. Total, £3180 13s. 9d.

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, Wednesday.

Yellow sugars are scarce, owing to the demand in other colonies. Wheat is quoted at 5s. 8d.

THE MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

For Melbourne.—Overland daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.
For Adelaide.—Overland via Melbourne, daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.
For Hobart Town and Launceston.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per steamer, daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.
For Manning River.—By the Diamantina (s.), this day, at noon.
For Maryborough and Rockhampton.—By the Leichardt (s.), this day, at 3.30 p.m.
For Gosford.—By the Pelican (s.), this day, at 5.30 p.m., and on Monday, at 5.30 p.m.
For Grafton.—By the City of Grafton (s.), this day, at 8 p.m.; and by the Agnes Irving (s.), on Monday, at 8 p.m.
For Ulladulla and Clyde.—By the Kiama (s.), on Friday, at 8.30 a.m.
For Melbourne.—By the Cheviot (s.), on Friday, at 11 a.m.
For Solomon Islands.—By the Gazelle, on Friday, at noon.
For Brisbane.—By the Elamang (s.), on Friday, at 3.30 p.m.
For Macleay River, via Port Macquarie.—By the Platypus (s.), on Friday, at 8 p.m.
For All Southern Ports of New Zealand via Melbourne, and Bluff.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per Arawatta (s.), on Saturday, at 6 p.m.

DISPATCH OF MAILS VIA TORRES STRAITS.

Mails will be made up at this office, on Saturday, July 12, 1879, per E. and A.M.S. Normanby, closing at 10 a.m., for Java, Singapore, Eastern Archipelago, India, China, the Continent of Europe, and the United Kingdom.

Correspondence intended to be forwarded by this opportunity must be so endorsed, with the exception of that for India, China, and intermediate places, which will be forwarded by the Normanby, unless marked otherwise.

General Post Office, Sydney, July 5, 1879.

ROYAL MAIL NOTICE.—VIA AUCKLAND, HONOLULU, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

The mails by the R. M. S. Australia will close at the General Post Office, on Thursday, the 17th July, 1879, as follows:—
Registered letters at noon.
Unregistered letters at 1 p.m.
Newspapers, books, and packets, at noon.

The rates of postage upon letters to Honolulu, United States of America, and the United Kingdom are 6d. per ½-oz.

Full information as to the rates of postage to all places can be ascertained at the Inquiry Office, General Post Office, and at the various suburban and country offices.

LATE LETTERS.

Late letters for the United Kingdom, Honolulu, United States of America, and Canada, will be received at the General Post Office up to 2.30 p.m. on payment of a late fee of 6d. each letter, and at the Custom House (Circular Quay) up to 2.45 p.m., on payment of a late fee of 1s. each letter.

IRON RECEIVERS.

Letters may be posted in the iron pillar letter receivers up to noon; newspapers may be posted in the newspaper receivers up to 10 a.m. on the 17th July, 1879.

All letters, &c., not otherwise marked will be forwarded by the Australia.

General Post Office, Sydney, 9th July, 1879.

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, Harness, &c.
T. COSGROVE.—At the Bazaar, at 11.30 and 12, Horses, Vehicles, Harness, &c.
PITT, SON, and BADGERY.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 11, Fat Calves.
SULLIVAN and SIMPSON.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2.30, Lambs.
HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2.30, Fat Lambs, Wethers, and Calves; at Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheepskins; at 2.30, Wool.
W. FULLAGAR and SON.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle.
MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep; at Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheepskins; at 2.30, Wool.
WELLS and SMITH.—At Newtown Station, at 3, Wool.
W. INGLIS.—At his Yards, at 11, Cows, &c.; at 1, Pigs, Lambs, and Calves.
H. VAUGHAN.—At 662, Elizabeth-street, at 10, Furniture and Effects; at his Rooms, at 12, Furniture, Houses and Land; at Lord Loftus Hotel, at 2, Stock-in-trade; on the premises, Glebe, at 3, Furniture and Effects.
TATE, BROTHERS.—At St. John's Road, Glebe, at 11.30, Furniture and Groceries.
HARRIS and ACKMAN.—At 1, Windsor-terrace, Dowling-street, at 11, Furniture and Effects.
C. MOORE and CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Hats and Caps, Collars, Ties, Fixtures, &c.
M. MOLONY.—At his Rooms, at 11, English Furniture.
GRIFFITHS and WEAVER.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Cattle and Sheep.
J. J. RYAN.—At the Haymarket Mart, at 1, The Stock of a Draper.
W. PRITCHARD.—At his Rooms, at 11, Land at Camperdown, Darling Harbour, Balmain, and Botany.
F. L. BARKER.—At Chamber of Commerce, at 12, The Plant of the Australian Meat Company; at 2, Sheepskins; at 2.30, Wool.
BRUNKER and WOLFE.—At Ellis and Co.'s Yards, at 2, Fat Lambs and Wethers.
A. MOORE and CO.—At the Mart, at 11, Jewellery, Watches, and Clothing.
ELLIS and CO.—At their Yards, at 11.30, Pigs, Calves, Lambs, Turkeys, &c.; at 12.30, Cows, &c.
J. BRIDGE.—At Homebush, at 11, Fat Sheep.
H. L. DUNN.—At his Rooms, at 10, Unredeemed Pledges; at 2, Clothing and Sundries; at 2.30, Jewellery, Watches, &c.
J. M'MINN and CO.—At their Yards, at 2, Poultry, Butter, Cheese, Fruit, &c.
DENT and HOSKIN.—At Darling Harbour, at 10, Wood, &c.
R. RICHARDS.—At Darling Harbour, at 11, Beef.
R. J. HUGHES.—At their Rooms, at 11, Furniture and Effects.

Special Advertisements.

CIRCULAR.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF J. ISAACS AND CO.

We beg to inform Merchants, Shippers, Country Storekeepers, and Traders generally, that we have purchased the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE in the above Estate, which we have placed in the hands of Messrs. HARRIS and ACKMAN, Auctioneers, &c., 141, PITT-STREET, for Sale either by PUBLIC AUCTION or PRIVATE CONTRACT.

DAVID COHEN and CO.

12, Spring-street.

In compliance with the above announcement, we shall be happy to negotiate with buyers for the sale of any portion of the above stock.

HARRIS and ACKMAN,
Auctioneers,
141, Pitt-street.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF J. ISAACS and CO. Special Notice to the Trade. For Fourteen days only. Having bought the China, Glass, Earthenware, Stoneware, and Lamps, we are now offering the same at from 25 to 50 per cent. less than the usual prices. Country orders must be accompanied by a remittance. BRAY, BROTHERS, 420, George-street.

CURRY POWDER, CHUTNEYS, INDIAN SOY, Tomato Sauce. A. L. LACKERSTEEN, 6, Macquarie-place.

SULTANAS.—On SALE. DAVID COHEN and CO.

ONE POUND (£1) FREE GIFTS.
To induce the destruction of the wrappers of WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, there is enclosed
IN EVERY DAY'S PACKING OF QUART BOTTLES
throughout the year
THREE £1 ORDERS,
which will be cashed by the undersigned on presentation.
M. MOSS and CO.,
Wynyard-lane, Sydney; 10, Market-buildings, Melbourne.

THE ROYAL BLEND WHISKY.
The above well-known Brand can be purchased in trade parcels, to arrive, from
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

PRESTON'S RUM, FINE SAMPLE, JUST landed.
LORIMER, ROME, and CO.

QUEENSLAND RUM, ON SALE BY
LORIMER, ROME, and CO.

FINEST OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.
"THISTLE BLEND."
On SALE by the undersigned, in cases, jars, and quarter-casks.
ALFRED LAMB and CO., sole Agents for New South Wales.

IMPERIAL SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS
is now
OFFERED TO THE TRADE,
and
CONSUMERS OF NEW SOUTH WALES,
in bottles with labels and wrappers entirely different to any other brand.

The temporary injunction, referred to by a rival competitor, is only applicable to the colony of Victoria. The case "Wolfe v. Hart," has yet to be tried on its merits, in March next.

Mr. I. L. LEVY, Solicitor, 142, Pitt-street, Sydney, is instructed to defend any proceedings that may be adopted against the introduction of the "Imperial Schiedam Schnapps" in New South Wales.

HENRI J. HART, Proprietor.

IMPERIAL SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.
Samples of this highly medicated and popular spirit can be seen and tasted at the office of the undersigned, 320, George-street,
J. MACGREGOR,
Agent for New South Wales.

BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.
JOSEPHSON'S AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT.
Warranted to be prepared from vegetable matter only, and being free from all metallic substances, it can be used with safety in all cases of sores, old wounds, &c., &c.
Its curative powers are well known throughout the colonies.
TRY IT for BROKEN CHILBLAINS. 1s pots, sold everywhere.
EDWARD ROW and COMPANY.

Special Advertisements.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY, PITT and Hunter streets. Capital, £250,000. Reserves, £50,000. Unlimited liability of shareholders.
FIRE risks accepted at premiums as LOW as those of any other office.

VICTORIA CAFE, 307, GEORGE-STREET.—Wedding Dejeuners, Dinners, Balls, Suppers, and Picnics, supplied. Elegant dining room upstairs for ladies and gentlemen. Ladies' room. Choice and liberal bill of fare. ALFRED HARRIS, Proprietor. N.B.—First-class pastry, confectionery, French bon bons, wedding cakes, &c.

ALDERSON AND SONS, Established 1844, Wholesale Leather, Boot, Saddlery, Mill Band, and Harness MANUFACTURERS. REMOVED from 221, Elizabeth-street, to 131, York-street.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER AND GALVANIZED Iron Merchants, 483, George-st., near Bathurst-st.

ALL USE IT. IT IS AT EVERY PICNIC. IT IS IN EVERY KITCHEN.
It gives the finish to every dish, for gravies, soups, game, fish, or cold meats. It assists digestion and increases the appetite. It has a place at Government House, and is seen at every respectable artizan's. The protectionists use it because it is colonial, the free-traders because it is cheap. It is the especial favourite with all classes because, as one of the Sydney clergymen wrote, "It is the best yet made." It is the
AUSTRALIAN RELISH
made by
WASHINGTON H. SOUL, 221, PITT-STREET.
And sold by every storekeeper.
Price, ONE SHILLING.

MANGLES AND WRINGERS, £4, BEST SYCAMORE Rollers, brass-bound. S. Hebblewhite, 432, George-st.

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SUMMARY OF NEWS FOR EUROPE.

The summary of Colonial news for transmission to Europe via San Francisco by the Royal mail steamship Australia, will be published in this journal on Thursday, 17th instant. Orders for extra copies should be lodged with the clerk of the counter on Wednesday. Our friends in the country are reminded that orders to post for England will be too late after Thursday morning's mail.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

In consequence of complaints as to the late delivery of the Herald, we have to inform our readers that, as the publication commences before 5 o'clock, there is no reason why the paper should not be delivered in Sydney and the suburbs by 7 every morning.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1879.

In the Legislative Council, yesterday,

On the motion of Mr. De Salis, it was ordered that the Criminal Law Mitigation Bill, interrupted by a count-out, be restored to the paper.

Mr. Samuel moved that the Waratah Council-chambers Resumption Bill be now read a second time. He explained that the land had been granted to the local Municipal Council, and upon it had been built a Council-chamber which had been used as a courthouse, and the Government desired to acquire it in order that it might be continued in use as a courthouse.

The bill was read a second time, and passed through committee without amendment.

Mr. Samuel moved the second reading of the Macquarie-street Land Resumption Bill, the object of which, he said, was to resume the land between the Parliamentary buildings and Bourke Statue, and also the buildings at the rear known as Richmond-terrace.

The bill was read the second time, and was considered in committee. The bill was reported without amendment.

Sir John Robertson moved the second reading of the Gold Export Duty Abolition Bill, reminding the House that this was the fourth bill of the kind that had been passed by the Assembly.

Although several hon. members maintained that the retention of the duty was justified, no actual opposition was offered to the measure, which was read the second time, and passed through committee without amendment.

The House agreed to the Assembly's amendments in the Islanders Shipping Engagement Bill.

The Metropolitan Guaranteed Loan Bill, the Sydney International Exhibition Bill, and the Appropriation Bill were received from the Assembly, and each was read the first time.

The House, at twelve minutes past 7 o'clock, adjourned to this day (Thursday).

In the Legislative Assembly, yesterday,

Questions were asked by Messrs. Taylor, Buchanan, Bennett, and J. Davies, and answered by Ministers.

On the motion of Mr. Watson, the Appropriation Bill was read a third time, and sent to the Upper House.

On the motion of Sir Henry Parkes, the Metropolitan Guaranteed Loan Bill was read a third time and transmitted to the other Chamber.

On the motion of Mr. Watson, the Sydney International Exhibition Bill was read a third time and sent to the other House.

Mr. Driver moved the adjournment of the House to call attention to the wanton destruction of the cricket ground in the Outer Domain. The turf on that ground had taken years to prepare, and now a large portion of it had been removed.

Sir Henry Parkes said it had been found necessary since the deputation waited upon him on this matter to enclose more ground for machinery in connection with the Exhibition, and this ground was the best available.

Dr. Bowker wished to correct the report of his speech last night. He did not accuse anybody of making vile attacks on the Council; but what he did say was, that violent attacks had been made on that body.

Mr. Cameron referred to the action of the Marine Board in regard to their regulations respecting the races on the Parramatta River. He thought they were very arbitrary.

Mr. W. C. Browne also denied that he had interfered in the electorate of the member for Liverpool Plains, as reported in the Press.

Sir Henry Parkes moved the second reading of the Foreign Criminals Influx Prevention Bill. He acknowledged that this was exceptional legislation, but there was need for it. In New Caledonia there were no less than 14,000 prisoners other than political, and a large number of these criminals were coming to New South Wales. Already 400 had arrived, and it was time for the Legislature, on the principle of self-preservation, to protect the colony from such a danger.

Mr. Buchanan asked how the Government meant to distinguish between political and other offenders.

Mr. O'Connor did not think worse citizens ever existed than these French Communists, and he would support the bill.

Dr. Bowker had not a word to say in defence of these Communists, but this bill was an insult to the whole French nation.

Mr. Fitzpatrick would record his vote against this bill. He regarded it as inhuman, and he would sooner go out of Parliament than support a bill like this.

Mr. Cohen was unable to support this bill. It was arbitrary in the extreme, and at variance with all the principles of British legislation.

Mr. Windeyer denied that this bill interfered with the right of asylum, as one clause of the bill distinctly exempted political offenders. He did not think the colony was sufficiently protected by correspondence with the French Government. Other colonies were protecting themselves from this danger, and why should not we?

Mr. M'Elhone thought this was a most important bill. The French Communists had proved themselves the vilest murderers in the world, and they ought not to be allowed to come to these shores.

Mr. Greenwood said regard should be had to the causes of the deportation to New Caledonia. The state of things in France could by the Napoleonic tyranny ought to be considered, and he did not think it was possible to distinguish between political and other offenders. This bill was opposed to the spirit of British legislation. If the second reading were agreed to he hoped that at least the term New Caledonia would be struck out, so as to have no distinction between one country and another.

The second reading was agreed to by 22 to 6, the bill committed, and after debate by Messrs. Greenwood, Windeyer, M'Elhone, Dr. Bowker, Driver, Wisdom, and Cohen, progress was reported and leave obtained to sit again.

The House adjourned at twenty-five minutes before 9 until 4 o'clock to-day.

With the ecclesiastical phase of the quarrel between the family of the late Mr. Kenna and the head of the Roman Catholic Church in Bathurst the general public are not likely to trouble themselves. Ecclesiastical, as well as other bodies, have their rewards for the faithful and their punishments for recalcitrants, and the man who bargains for the former can hardly complain if he is asked to endure the latter. In his essay on the Future of Faith, published in the *Contemporary Review* a short time since, Mr. Mallock contended that the Roman Catholic Church has a better right to deal leniently with outside scepticism than any Protestant Church possesses:—

"Of all religious bodies," he says, "the Roman Church has the largest hope and charity for those outside her own pale. She condemns men not for not accepting her teaching, but only for rejecting it; and they cannot reject it until they know it, what it is,—know its inner spirit, as well as its outward forms and formulas. Such a knowledge, in the opinion of many Catholics, it may be a very hard thing to convey to some men. Prejudices for which they themselves are not responsible may have blinded their eyes; and if they have been blind, they will not have had sin. They will be able to plead invincible ignorance; and the judgments the Church pronounces are not against those who have not known, but against those only who have known and hated. Nor is it too much to say that a zealous Catholic can afford to harbour more hope for an infidel than a zealous Protestant can afford to harbour for a Catholic."

Without discussing whether the Church is as lenient in her dealings with outsiders as Mr. Mallock says, it may be allowed that she is at liberty to condemn those within her pale to any extent she pleases. The message of the Church to her children is one of authority and her lesson is one of obedience. The late Mr. Kenna was a member of the Roman Catholic Church, and as such he, of course, bound himself to obey the laws of that Church and to listen to its spiritual instructors. But Mr. Kenna declined to do this in a matter which his Bishop regarded as one of grave importance. Mr. Kenna sent one of his sons to the Sydney Grammar School and another to a private school in Tasmania. The Bishop regarded these steps as contrary to the laws of the Catholic Church, and asked Mr. Kenna to withdraw his sons, intimating that, unless he did so, he would render himself liable to be deprived of the rites of ecclesiastical burial. But Mr. Kenna, believing that what he had done was for the good of his children, refused, and so placed himself in a position of antagonism to his ecclesiastical advisers, who deem it their business to prescribe for this world as well as for the next. The point raised by this procedure is a nice one. As a parent, Mr. Kenna believed that a certain description of school was good for his children; his Bishop believed that it was evil. Against the parent the Bishop brought the weapon of ecclesiastical authority, against the Bishop the parent brought his individual judgment. The latter declined to sacrifice his personal rights, the former persisted in maintaining his ecclesiastical rights. Hence the quarrel which has been laid before the world.

Into the ecclesiastical secrets of such quarrels, as we have already said, the outside public will have little disposition to pry. All these things are matters of agreement between a Church and its members, as they would be between any Civil association and its members. The laws which the members of a Church may contract to obey may be very absurd ones in the judgment of outsiders; but that is a question which the contracting parties may be left to decide for themselves. But when ecclesiastical authorities attempt to justify their demands by appealing from the Church to the world, it is the right of the world to ask whether justice is done to it or not. Among the reasons cited by the Rev. Dr. Byrne for claiming that the Sydney Grammar School was not the place for a son of Mr. Kenna was the contention that Mr. Kenna's younger son was insulted at the Sydney Grammar School because of his religion. If this is really known by Dr. Byrne, it is somewhat strange that it does not seem to have been known by Mr. Kenna. But if the charge be so well founded as it is said to be, the grounds for it must be known to young Kenna himself, and, after so serious an indictment, the authorities of the Grammar School can hardly fail to see the propriety of inquiry into the matter. The officers of the Sydney Grammar School are not supposed to be cognizant of any ecclesiastical distinctions whatever, and we question very much whether they really do know the Catholic boys in their establishment from the Protestant. Perhaps there never was a large school in which social distinctions of some sort were not occasionally remembered among the boys themselves, but the general belief is that the day has well nigh gone in which the pupils of large schools were doomed to disabilities on account of their faith. If this be not the case, so far as the Sydney Grammar School is concerned, it is strange that the public have only now been made aware of it. If the charge of the Rev. Dr. Byrne respecting this institution is a mere cry reiterated for sectarian purposes the fact ought to be exposed by the proper authorities, but if, on the other hand, the charge is a well-grounded one, the evidence of this should be furnished with a view to the correction of such an abuse in future.

The plea that mixed education tends to immorality and irreligion is as commonly urged by certain sections of Protestants as by Catholics. But familiar as the public have grown with assertions of this kind, they look in vain for any proof of their correctness. In an institution like the Sydney Grammar School, if we mistake not, even a small immorality is looked upon as a large offence, and we question very much whether the importance attached to morality in the primary and intermediate schools governed by the State is lower than in schools where the Churches do everything in their own way. It may also be doubted whether the irreligion of the nation would be lessened an iota if all the mixed schools were closed and others were opened in their places. It is quite certain that religious zeal is no monopoly of the advocates of Denominational schools. Perhaps an inquiry would show that, according to their numbers, the sections of the public who have little or nothing but mixed education within their reach, give more money and time for religious purposes than those who are in the habit of proclaiming that mixed education is the fore-

runner of infidelity. It may, at least, be contended that in America, where Denominational instruction has been the exception, and not the rule, the Roman Catholic Church itself has a better chance and a clearer prospect than in France, where this description of instruction has been the rule, and not the exception. It may be confessed—and the case of the late Mr. KENNA shows—that the spread of secular schools does not tend to increase the importance which is attached to mere ecclesiastical authority, but the weakening of such authority does not necessarily imply the decline of morality and religion.

The inquiry into the state of the iron and building trades, reported in a late number of the *Herald*, shows that though a large quantity of work is being done, and wages are well sustained, there are men seeking work who cannot find it at their particular trade. This seems to be partly due to a dullness in trade itself, and partly to the fact of many men having come up from the other colonies in search of work. Whatever the cause, the fact itself is to be regretted for the sake of the men and their families, as well as for that of the community. The idleness of skilled men is so much deducted from the possible progress and wealth of the colony.

At first sight it might seem that a superfluity of labour is inconsistent with such a fact as that of sending the Kembla to Melbourne to get repaired. Yet this phenomenon which seemed to reflect on our workshops, is partly explained by the fact that boilermakers are not in excess, and that the construction of new boilers was the principal part of the work that had to be done to the Kembla. Still even that explanation does not quite account for the statement that no one in Sydney would contract to do the work under twelve months, while it was executed in Melbourne in three. It is possible that if the work had been actually put in hand in Sydney, the work might have been done as expeditiously as it was in Melbourne. The difficulty was not in having it done, but in getting a contract to have it done, and done within a limited time. When there is the slightest sign of scarcity in the labour market employers are frightened to take a contract. They know that by so doing they put their necks in a noose, and put the other end of the rope in the hands of their men. In this way the fear that the men excite actually diminishes their employment. Their very strength and the display of it is turned against themselves. What is wanted is confidence; if employers could feel certain that their men would stand by them during a given job, and do good work at current rates, they would enter into contracts fearlessly. As we have often pointed out, the real remedy for the difficulty is to contract for labour; masters guaranteeing a certain wage for a certain term, and men guaranteeing for the same term to give a good day's work. Of course, the men would have to surrender the privilege of putting on the screw in the middle of a big job; but, on the other hand, they would gain the advantage of more continuous work. The country at large, considered as a consumer, would gain by getting rid of the risk of labour disputes, because the uncertainty of getting through a contract without a strike tends to enhance the cost of all works.

Another point suggested by the case of the Kembla is the evil that arises from too great a subdivision in trades—a subdivision that may suit a very large manufacturing country, but is inconvenient in a young colony. Many of our artizans have been trained in the large towns of Great Britain, where they learnt their business in some great establishment. They can do one thing well, but then that one thing is not always wanted in a young country. Thus, for instance, we are told at the present time that boilermakers are wanted, and yet that a hundred men in the iron trades are out of work. Cannot men who are well accustomed to working in iron learn in a moderate time the mysteries of boilermaking; and would it not be well worth their while to take learners' wages while they are undergoing their pupilage? Learning a new branch of the trade would not make them forget their old craft, and a man with two strings to his bow is more likely to succeed in the chase of life than he who relies on one. In America we are told that artisans rather pride themselves on their versatility and general handiness, and on their power to turn from one occupation to another as their interests require. With the spread of education this versatility may be expected to increase, and in it we may find hereafter one alleviation of occasional gluts in particular departments of the labour market.

The large number of men said to be available for the building trades is a further proof, if we needed it, that the strike at the Exhibition building was quite unwarranted. The Government was in fact, in that case, the master of the situation, because it possessed the power of cutting down the work, and so of dispensing with the services of a large number of men. But if the work had been subject to contract, and the contractor tied to time and the Government unwilling to give him any relaxation, the contractor would have been helpless.

Trade is dull in the colony, partly because private capital available for fresh investment is not so large as it was. The drought actually destroyed several millions of capital, and of course we miss the expected profit on that capital. The capitalist suffers in the first instance, and the workman suffers in the second. But though a good deal was lost, more remains behind; and the fact that fourteen millions are on deposit at the banks, shows that there are people who have money to invest. It has often been asked how it is that in a young country people who have made money should be content to place it in the banks rather than put it into productive enterprises, and the answer is that a moderate certainty is better than larger possible gains with greater risks. Many a man would rather get 8 per cent. from house rents than 6 per cent. from the bank; but he shrinks from building in dear times less the value of his property should be depreciated in a year or two, and so he keeps the money in the bank waiting for a favourable opportunity. Meanwhile the artizan complains of want of work.

It must never be forgotten that labour is a commodity which one man wishes to sell and another man wishes to buy. The seller wishes to get the highest price, the buyer wishes to get a profit out of the purchase, and the price is really determined by the possible profit to be made out of the resale. This does not apply to money spent simply in luxury and in unproductive expenditure, nor does it apply to money spent by the Government, which does not work for a profit, but it applies to all investments properly so called, in which capital is sunk with a view to an annual income from it, and it is this kind of investment which, under ordinary circumstances, is the great support of the labour market.

The Land Bill has not been rejected by the Upper House, but dropped by the Government. And it has been dropped because a clause, not originally stated to be of the essence of the bill, has been amended. The reduction in the required value of improvements is a matter affecting public policy; but, so far as it is retrospective, it is, primarily, a matter of private interest. The attitude assumed by the Government towards the Council is virtually this:—"The private part of the bill is its essence; if you do not pass that, the reforms provided for in the other clauses, and which are of a public character, can wait." It has not been usual for private interests to be of the essence of a public bill, and the present case is so far a novelty. And when private interests are legislated on, it is usual to disclose those interests, so that Parliament may clearly know what it is doing. But in this instance though the interests involved are great, the information given has been very scanty, and what has been given was not volunteered by the Government, but wrung from it. What we are allowed to know is that during the last four years and a half more than eight million acres have been conditionally purchased—more than during the whole previous fourteen years. This has been taken up on credit terms and before survey, and under covenant that in return for those advantages, improvements to the value of eight millions should be effected within three years. The Government says to the Council:—These people have promised to do too much; let them off their bargain to the extent of four millions. "But how many separate people are there who will be beneficially interested in this waiver?" "Ah! that we do not tell you." "On how many different runs has the land been selected?" "That we do not tell you." "How many of these selectors are really working people?" "That we do not tell you." "How many have actually commenced improvements already?" "That we do not tell you." "How many people are resident on these lands?" "That we do not tell you." "Then what do you tell us?" "We tell you that if you do not pass the clause as we wish it, there shall be no other land reform this session." That is the way it has been proposed to legislate in the self-governed and enlightened colony of New South Wales, in the year of grace 1879.

Once again Sir HENRY PARKES, chafing at the restraints which the machinery of the Constitution has placed upon the immediate accomplishment of the objects which he and his majority in the Assembly may have in view, has discovered that the Constitution is in need of change. The Land Bill having been abandoned by the Government, he promised the Assembly on Tuesday night that he would give its members an opportunity for expressing opinion upon the conduct of the Council, and the opportunity is to come next Wednesday, when he is to move a series of resolutions of which he gave notice last evening. Between this and then the House and the country will have time for calmly thinking over the matter; and it will be well if, in the House, at any rate, the interval should be turned to profit. The subject is not one that can be advantageously discussed under the influence of passion, and if the gain of a few days should tend to allay excitement, instead of fanning it to a white heat, it will be the better for Parliament and people. The resolutions, it will be seen, point more or less distinctly to three things: an alteration of the constitution of the Legislative Council; a swamping of the Council for the purpose of enabling the Government to carry through that House whatever measure of change the Assembly at the instance of the Government, may think fit to pass; and a warning to the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR, or to the officer who may be administering the government of the colony when the time comes, that if his Ministers advise him to summon members to the Upper House for the purpose of bearing down opposition, he is not to interfere, because to whomsoever he is responsible for his action, his Ministers are responsible to the House for their advice. Altogether, the resolutions form an interesting subject for debate, at the close of a dull session, in a House that is irritated by the fruitlessness of months of misdirected labour, and perhaps by a suspicion that the intelligent public must feel thankful that whilst the time has been wasted, the evils to be complained of are for the most part of a negative character. If the power of this Assembly to compromise the public interest had been equal to the readiness displayed on several occasions, the country would have had to deplore some serious positive evils as the outcome of this session. Sir HENRY PARKES has the delicate perceptions of a showman, and he seems to have arranged that the dulness of the session shall have its compensation at the close in a blaze of fireworks.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE cable is still interrupted. An official memorandum was received by Mr. E. C. Cracknell, Superintendent of Telegraphs, yesterday, from Mr. Todd, Superintendent of Telegraphs in South Australia, to the effect that the break in the cable between Port Darwin and Banjoewangi is believed to be about 380 miles from Port Darwin. A steamer, with telegrams from Banjoewangi, may be expected at Port Darwin to-day or to-morrow.

THE P. and O. Company's Steamship Siam with the incoming English mails via Suez to June 6, arrived at King George's Sound at an early hour yesterday morning, more than five days in advance of contract time. Through Reuter's agency we have received a lengthy telegraphic message from Albany, of English and European news of more than usual interest. This will be found on our sixth page. Amongst other items of intelligence is a resumé of a speech delivered at Sheffield in defence of the policy of the Beaconsfield Government, by Viscount Cranbrook, Secretary of State for the Indian Department. There is also a summary of the debates in the Houses of Lords and Commons on the Zulu war, and the appointment of Sir Garnet Wolseley to the command of the army in Zululand. Some important information respecting the treaty between the German Government and Samoa, is also supplied by our message. The Siam left Albany at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, for Adelaide. The Sydney portion of her mails may be expected here next Thursday morning. The P. M. S. Co.'s steamship Australia leaves next Thursday, and it is very probable that Sydney letters per Siam may be delivered in time for replies to be sent home by the Pacific mail.

THE P. M. S. Company's steamship City of New York arrived at an early hour yesterday morning, with the English mails to May 22. On the first page of our extra sheet we publish an interesting letter on English and foreign affairs, from our London correspondent, and a quantity of English and European news extracted from our files to hand.

THE hon. Colonial Secretary informs us that he has received by the Californian mail a letter from Lord Augustus Loftus, the new Governor of this colony. In this letter, which is dated in May last, Lord Augustus Loftus states that he intended to leave Liverpool, en route for New South Wales, on the 7th June, and that he had taken his berths in the steamer which would leave San Francisco on the 7th July, and he expected to arrive here about the 5th August next. His Excellency will be accompanied by his three sons. One passage in his Excellency's letter is as follows:—"I avail myself of this opportunity to express the satisfaction which the appointment of Governor of New South Wales has afforded me, and the pleasure with which I look forward to a residence in your beautiful country and delicious climate." We understand that Lady Augustus Loftus will not leave London for New South Wales until September or October next.

THE close of the session, after appearing tantalisingly close at hand, now again recedes from view. After having heard from Ministers that the session would probably come to an end early next week, we now find that Sir Henry Parkes has given notice for Wednesday next of a motion in respect to the Upper House that will in all probability take two or three nights in its discussion, besides which there are Loan Estimates, now brought forward, involving a matter of nearly eight millions of money. Under these circumstances it is hardly possible that the prorogation can take place before Friday (to-morrow) week, and probably it will not be before the Tuesday following.

IN the Legislative Council, yesterday, the Waratah Council Chambers Resumption Bill, the Macquarie-street Land Resumption Bill, and the Gold Export Duty Abolition Bill were severally read the second time, and passed through committee without amendment. The Assembly's amendments in the Islanders' Shipping Engagement Bill were agreed to. Several bills were received from the Assembly, and were read the first time.

THE Criminals Influx Prevention Bill was read the second time in the Legislative Assembly last night by 22 votes to 6. In moving the second reading Sir Henry Parkes indicated that he was fully sensible of the objections which could be applied to the bill on the ground of abstract principle; but in the facts that there were already fourteen thousand criminals, other than political offenders, in New Caledonia, and that persons of this class were flocking to Sydney in large numbers, he recognised a grave danger to the well-being of this community, and he rested his claim for support to the bill chiefly on the ground of political self-preservation. Although the bill was read the second time, there is little reason to anticipate that it can be passed into law this year, having regard to the limited duration of the session and the persistent character of the opposition to the measure. Last evening attention was called to the state of the House about a score of times, and the thinness of the attendance led to an early adjournment.

MR. EDWARD COMBES, C.M.G., who was the Executive Commissioner for New South Wales at the Paris Exhibition, was a passenger by the Pacific Company's mail ship which arrived from San Francisco yesterday. The passage from New Zealand was rough and protracted. Mr. Combes is still suffering from hoarseness, the result of a severe cold which he took in Europe last winter; but, with this exception, he is in excellent health. Soon after his arrival in Paris, Mr. Combes was invited to accept the position of vice-president of one of the most important juries connected with the Exhibition, the 59th, which embraced machinery for the manufacture of all material used in the construction of buildings, furniture, &c., and owing to the illness of the president he was called upon to act in his place. Mr. Combes thus had exceptional facilities for obtaining an intimate knowledge of the most recent improvements in wood-working, stone-cutting, brick-making machinery; and from his professional ability as a civil engineer, combined with his large experience as a colonist, it may be anticipated that Mr. Combes's special investigation of these subjects will place at the disposal of the Government every information which can be of value to the colony. Mr. Combes was also instructed to investigate the condition and ventilation of school-buildings, to inquire into the organization and management of technological museums and colleges, and to further generally the interests of our International Exhibition. In the prosecution of these missions he was accredited through the home Government to many of the most eminent men in the principal capitals of Europe, and we believe his researches took him through the most important public institutions of the United Kingdom, France, Belgium, Germany, Austria, and Switzerland. The sanitary condition of schools is a question which is now engaging the very earnest consideration of medical men and those who are responsible for the direction of public affairs; and, from investigations which have been made, the conclusion has been deduced that the seeds of disease are too frequently disseminated in schools. The subject is one upon which Mr. Combes's report will be looked forward to with much interest. As our readers are aware, Mr. Combes has returned to the colony through America, and he spent about six weeks in the States. The authorities at Washington gave Mr. Combes letters to the principal educational establishments, and he had, therefore, the best opportunities of inspecting the school-buildings of that country, and also its industrial establishments. We believe that Mr. Combes was much pleased by what he saw in America, and was especially charmed with the English character of the people of Philadelphia and other cities in which he made a brief stay.

SINCE the return of the Mayor of Sydney, Mr. C. J. Roberts, from Melbourne, a determined effort has been made to have the city kept in as cleanly a state as means will allow. Immediately on his return from his visit to the neighbouring colony, the Mayor's attention was directed to the cleansing of the roadways, and Mr. Inspector Seymour was instructed to have the roadways of the centre of the city properly scraped or swept at least three times in each week, and all the other principal streets once a week; and during rainy weather all the scavenging staff are to be employed constantly in scraping and sweeping the roadways and street crossings. The improvement effected by these means is noticeable by any one coming into the city after 8 a.m., as this work, with other scavenging duties, is performed between the hours of 4 and 8 a.m. None of the scavenging staff are employed in the city after 8 o'clock, so that if any carts are seen removing refuse after that hour from the centre of the city proper, they are not so employed by the City Council. If there were sufficient gaslight for the purpose the whole of the scavenging work in many parts of the city might be done at night, and completed by a early hour in the morning. The Mayor has also given instructions to Inspector Seymour to station the officers of his department in the principal streets at 7 a.m. in order to take notice of parties sweeping refuse from their shops or places of business into the open water channels. This practice has been carried on with impunity in every street in Sydney, and gives a dirty appearance to the streets after they have been cleansed. Householders should bear in mind that a fine of £10 can be imposed upon any person convicted of sweeping, or permitting to be placed on the streets or in the water-channels, any refuse, and that offenders detected in doing this will be prosecuted according to law.

THE ship Nineveh, with immigrants on board, arrived in Port Jackson last evening, and as there was no sickness on board, she was allowed to come up the harbour, and anchored off Macquarie Point. She left London with 402 emigrants, equal to 331 statute adults. They comprise 75 married couples, 59 single girls, 65 single men, 109 children between the ages of 1 and 12, and 19 infants. Five infants died on the voyage out, and there were four births on board.

MR. MORETON, one of the collectors of the Australian Museum, returned to Sydney on Tuesday morning from Newcastle, where he was sent by the trustees to collect the skeleton of an enormous whale, which had been washed ashore on the Nine-mile Beach, south of that port. He found, however, that the head and fins of the mammoth fish had been eaten away before the carcase became stranded, and that it was not worth while to collect the specimen.

MR. JOHN A. BUNN, lately engaged as Inspector of Nuisances at Redfern, was presented with a purse of 50 sovereigns at the Bellevue Hotel, Regent-street, on Monday evening. Mr. D. O'Connor, M.L.A., presided on the occasion, and feelingly testified to Mr. Bunn's abilities and scholastic attainments. Other speakers addressed the meeting, which was pretty numerously attended, and referred in flattering terms to Mr. Bunn's qualifications and the energetic manner in which he performed the duties of his late office. The purse was accompanied by a testimonial which had been largely subscribed to. Mr. Bunn, in heartfelt terms, thanked those present for the manifestations of their kindly feelings towards him, and expressed his gratitude for the tokens of esteem which had been presented to him

THE committee of the New South Wales Rowing Association met on Monday evening, but came to no decision as regards the date for the next intercolonial eight-oar contest, which will have to be rowed on the Yarra next year, the return match taking place in Sydney in 1881. The special meeting of members is to take place at the Exchange Hotel on Friday. It will be proposed to increase the annual subscription to one guinea, and to provide that donors of £5 in prizes or specie shall be members for life. As nearly every race will be for challenge prizes, in which case it is customary to associate the name of the donor with the race to which his prize has been awarded, it will afford an opportunity to the patrons of the sport of handing down to posterity their names closely linked with aquatics; and we hope to see the efforts of the association in this direction turn out fruitful.

MR. THOMAS WEST, Mayor of Five Dock, seems to be unusually unfortunate. Some time ago he met with a very severe accident, and now he has suffered loss by fire. On Tuesday night, at 9 o'clock, the stables attached to his premises were noticed to be on fire, and before anything could be done to save them, the flames had obtained a very strong hold. Their occupants, a valuable draught horse and a buggy horse, were rescued, and then the stables had to be allowed to burn out, the attention of the many neighbours who had assembled to render assistance being directed to saving the house. This was luckily accomplished. The stables were old wooden buildings, and the only cause that can be assigned for the occurrence is that a man attending on one of the horses, which was sick, may have dropped a spark in the straw of the litter. It is a matter for surprise that the Councils of suburban municipalities do not provide appliances for extinguishing fires, and encourage the formation of fire-brigades. At present a building at Ashfield, Burwood, or Five Dock, might be burned to the ground before the firemen of Sydney could be warned and could arrive on the scene.

A MAN called John Henry de Souza, cook on board the schooner Sea Rip, accidentally fell overboard about 2 o'clock yesterday morning. He was sober and quite conscious when taken to the Infirmary, and beyond the shock and the wetting has sustained no damage.

A VERY effective oil painting, of Mr. and Mrs. H. Wise, as they appeared at the recent return fancy dress ball to his Worship the Mayor, has just been executed by Mr. G. Podmore. It has been painted more with a view to effect than to delicacy of finish. It is not merely a good likeness, but an attractive picture. The lady is attired as Anne Boleyn, in blue and white satin, and pearls; and Mr. Wise, in an effective costume of scarlet and black, masked, and carrying at his belt a great axe, represents the executioner, the Nemesis that punished Anne's frivolity and ambition. The pair are well posed, and the picture, which was painted, strange as it may seem, almost entirely by gaslight, is a credit to Mr. Podmore.

A LARGE audience assembled, on Tuesday evening in St. Mary's schoolroom, Waverley, to listen to the lecture of Mr. S. J. Watson, Inspector of Telegraphs to the Government of New South Wales, on the Telephone, Microphone, and Phonograph. The Rev. Stephen H. Childe was in the chair. After a learned essay on the theory of sound, the lecturer explained the construction and use of each of the above instruments; and by the aid of insulated wires attached to the residence of Mr. Bates, some doors distant, sustained a conversation through the telephone with those who were assisting him at the further end. The Microphone was next exhibited, and by means of its marvellous power of magnifying sound, the ticking of a watch in the abovenamed house was plainly heard in the schoolroom. But perhaps the most successful of the experiments were those on the Phonograph. At the operator's will, by the mere turning of a handle, this wonderful instrument repeated words and tunes, in fact whatever was spoken or sung into its mouthpiece. A vote of thanks to Mr. Watson, proposed by Mr. W. Druitt, seconded by Mr. Alexander Gordon, and acknowledged by the lecturer, closed a most instructive and interesting evening.

POSTMASTER JAMES, of New York, learned on the 6th June of the arrival in London of the Australian mail, which left Sydney by the steamship City of New York on April 24th. The steamer arrived at San Francisco May 21st, and the mails left New York on the steamship Gaelic on May 28th. Total time, forty-three days—the fastest on record by way of New York.

THE now almost celebrated pigeon stealing cases have been terminated. Yesterday the four lads, Lahiff, Livermore, Swain, and Fleming were brought up again at the Water Police Court, and on the charges on which they were found guilty they were sentenced each to three months' imprisonment with hard labour; the sentences to be concurrent. The system of robbing dove-cots appears to have been not only wholesale but systematic, and the incarceration for three months of the young culprits will probably tend to their reformation, especially if the order of the Chairman of the Bench that they should be kept separate in gaol is carried out faithfully.

THE adjourned annual meeting of the Sydney Poultry Society was held yesterday afternoon, at the Agricultural Society's rooms, George-street. There were present—Messrs. W. Bradley (chairman), R. M. Johnson, Marklove, Barnett, Pemell, Dean, Vyner, Thorne, Frank, Bedwell, and Cadell (hon. secretary). The principal business was the alteration of certain rules, and upon this a considerable amount of desultory discussion took place. Finally Mr. Thorne moved, and Mr. W. Frank seconded, that rule 6 be altered so that instead of the exhibits of members being admitted free at the society's shows, they should pay an entrance fee of 1s. each exhibit. This was carried. The honorary secretary read a letter from Mr. C. J. Roberts, Mayor of Sydney, accepting the office of president of the society. Mr. Pemell moved, and Mr. Vyner seconded, that in rule 10, instead of the words "each exhibitor shall state the price," the words "may state the price," should be inserted. The motion was lost. A long discussion arose as to whether a couple of other rules should be altered or not, but no action was taken, and a vote of thanks to the chairman having been passed, the meeting closed. It may not be out of place here to remark that, as amalgamation between the Sydney Poultry Society and the N. S. W. Poultry, Pigeon, and Canary Society is not unfavourably regarded by many prominent members of each, and as the two conjoined could work much more effectively than they can apart, this union might, with advantage, take place.

A LECTURE is to be delivered this evening in connection with the Technical, or Working Men's College, at the School of Arts, by Mr. F. Lyon Weiss. The subject of the lecture is "Reading," and it will be illustrated by extracts from various standard authors.

THERE will be a service of song in the Pitt-street Congregational Church this evening. Members of the church choir and other friends will take part. The programme comprises a number of choice selections of sacred music.

THE young men's class in connection with the Rev. Dr. Steel's church, Phillip-street, was last night lectured to by the Rev. R. Collie, of Newtown, on the life and labours of Dr. Livingstone. The Rev. Dr. Steel occupied the chair, and, in introducing the lecturer, said that Mr. Collie's lecture on Dr. Livingstone had been so well received that he was desirous that his friends here should also have an opportunity of hearing of the doctor's travels, adventures, and discoveries. The Rev. Mr. Collie then proceeded with his lecture, following the subject from Dr. Livingstone's birth and parentage and education—to which more than to ought else, he was indebted; he then referred to the doctor's energy and determination from the age of ten years: for being engaged in a cotton factory at that early age, from 6 until 8 every day, he attended an evening school from 8 until 10, and studied at home from 10 until 12 o'clock, and pursued his career as a missionary, a discoverer, and a philanthropist until his death in the month of March, 1871. On the motion of Mr. Anderson, seconded by Mr. Steel, a vote of thanks was accorded to the lecturer, and the chairman pronounced the benediction.

THE body of a child, apparently newly born, was found yesterday afternoon at Elizabeth Bay by a man named Ryan, gardener to a gentleman named Gilchrist, who resides in the locality. It was conveyed to the dead-house by one of the Water police. It was in such an advanced stage of decomposition that its sex is not yet determined. An inquest will probably be held to-day.

AT the meeting of the Royal Society of New South Wales held last evening at their rooms, Academy of Art, Elizabeth-street, there were present Mr. Dixon (in the chair), Professor Liversidge, Dr. Smith, and Messrs. Hunt and M'Cutcheon. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed, and a letter was read from Mr. Wilkinson consenting to act as Curator of the Cabinet, which is intended to contain the specimens illustrating the papers read by the members. Some curious specimens from Adelong were noticed as the gold was mixed with blende which is extremely rare, the only previous known instances being from the Gympie gold-fields in Queensland. Professor Liversidge showed several new kinds of burners (improvements on the Bunsen, and Argand)—Argand burners with jet through the centre, giving a double current of air and blow-pipe attached; nickel plated steel spatulas, which are better than platinum ones, as the latter are not elastic; also tubes containing sodium, the metal from common salt, melted in hydrogen gas in the tube; crystallized osmic acid (osmium), one of the metals associated with platinum, intensely posionous, and has a horrible smell when volatilised. The Professor remarked that there is at present a great demand for these kind of specimens in the German universities, their motto now being not "Will this do?" but "Is this the best that we can get?" He then showed several tubes of rare and beautiful crystallized metals prepared by Dr. Weiss for Dr. Schuchardt, at Gorlitz, in Prussian Silesia, which were inspected and much admired.

MRS. F. M. BATES is not to be forgotten in her sad bereavement by her many Sydney friends, for they have already taken steps to organize a grand matinée performance for her benefit. The Theatre Royal, given free of charge, is to be the scene of it, and a strong committee of managers, leading actors, citizens, &c., has been appointed to make arrangements for filling the house on the occasion. The gross receipts will be handed to Mrs. Bates, and there is no doubt that they will amount to a considerable sum. The preliminaries were settled at a meeting held yesterday at Harwood's Hotel, of which a report appears in another column.

THE usual weekly meeting at the Temperance Hall took place last night, Mr. Salisbury in the chair. Messrs. Woods and Perry addressed the meeting, and Masters Wyllie and Brierly gave recitations. There was a good attendance, and nineteen joined the ranks of the enemies of alcohol.

AT a meeting of the Council of the Royal Colonial Institute, the Duke of Manchester, chairman of the Council, in the chair, the following gentlemen were elected Fellows:—Admiral Sir Astley Cooper Key, K.C.B., Captain Edward Palliser (late 7th Hussars), the Hon. Adams G. Archibald, Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia; the Hon. Henry Sewell, M.L.C., Jamaica; Mr. John Ashwood, late collector of Customs, Sierra Leone; Mr. Samuel Bealey, late of New Zealand; Mr. Charles Dunckley, Mr. John A. Ewen, Mr. William Martin; Mr. Henry de Mosenthal, late Cape Colony; Mr. Francis Ormond, Victoria, Australia; Mr. William L. Shepherd, late of New Zealand; Mr. J. L. Stirling, South Australia; Mr. Charles J. Ward, Jamaica; Mr. E. G. Watson, Victoria, Australia.

SIR MICHAEL HICKS-BEACH, according to the *World*, told Colonel Arbuthnot, recently, that it would be inconvenient to publish the reports upon the proposed Australian land and maritime defences. No doubt the information in question is of a strictly confidential character; but is he aware that these reports *in extenso* are already in the hands of the Russian and Italian Governments? To refuse them now to members of Parliament is a little late in the day.

THE NATIVE DIFFICULTY IN NEW ZEALAND.

[BY CABLE.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

WELLINGTON, WEDNESDAY.

The wives of the Maori prisoners are urging Te Whiti to use his supernatural powers for the release of their husbands.

MUDGEE PASTORAL AND AGRICULTURAL SHOW.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MUDGEE, WEDNESDAY.

The Pastoral and Agricultural Show commenced to-day. The weather was showery and very cold, and the attendance was not large, being under 500, including a fair sprinkling of strangers. The show of sheep and Herefords was equal to anything exhibited previously. The horses were small in number, but good. George Rouse took champion prize for ram and ewe, and Robert Lowe, George Henry Cox, and W. H. Lowe took the chief cattle prizes. The Messrs. Rouse, and A. Blackman secured the principal horse prizes.

MOTIONS AFFECTING the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

In the Legislative Assembly, last night, Sir Henry Parkes gave notice of his intention to move the following resolutions on Wednesday next:—

"1. That this House, as representing the people of this country, deeply regrets that its labours have been largely frustrated in the present and former sessions of Parliament by the irresponsible hostility of the Legislative Council to many of its most carefully considered measures.

"2. That during the last six years two separate measures passed through this House by different Governments, to redress the grievances of the people in their unequal representation in Parliament, have been lost by the hostile and irresponsible action of the Legislative Council.

"3. That many other important measures, calculated to materially benefit the people, and passed by large majorities of the people's representatives, have been similarly lost by the action of the Council.

"4. That experience has proved that the principle of nomination by the Crown in the constitution of the Legislative Council has failed, inasmuch as it clothes persons with the highest powers and privileges for the term of their natural lives, and at the same time removes them from all responsibility, thus separating them from the rest of the people, and rendering them in many cases indifferent to public opinion.

"5. That a bill to make the Legislative Council responsible to the people ought to be introduced at the earliest practicable period.

"6. That under the existing Constitution, this House denies the authority of the Imperial Government to limit, control, or in any respect interfere with appointments to the Legislative Council, and holds her Majesty's Ministers in this colony solely responsible for their advice to the Crown, and will extend to them a firm support, in taking such steps as are provided for by the Constitution to secure the due consideration and the passing into law of important measures essential to the progress of the country.

"7. That the foregoing resolutions be transmitted by address to his Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor."

THE LOAN ESTIMATES.

The Loan Estimates were communicated by message to the Assembly yesterday. They provide for a total expenditure of £7,787,768, of which £6,301,000 are for the construction of railways, and the remainder for works connected with the Sydney sewerage and water supply. It will be seen that the works proposed are mostly of a character which have been affirmed in one form or other by the House; and it is not likely, therefore, that much opposition will be raised to them. They will probably be considered in Committee of Supply to-day. The estimates are:—

RAILWAYS—EXCLUSIVE OF COST OF LAND.

From Tamworth to Tenterfield, 203 miles	£2,211,000	
Less amount voted in 1876 ..	600,000	
		£1,611,000
From Dubbo to the vicinity of Bourke, 227 miles		1,450,000
From Gunnedah to a point opposite Narrabri, 60 miles		370,000
From Wallerawang to Mudgee, 85 miles ..		735,000
From Redfern to Circular Quay, 2¼ miles ..		416,000
From Narrandera to Hay, 105 miles		735,000
From a point between Redfern and Newtown to Randwick, Waverly, and Woollahra, and thence to connect with the proposed extension into Sydney, 10 miles		639,000
From Goulburn to Wagga Wagga, to complete the line		100,000
For Trial Surveys		20,000
For the purchase of Railway Stores and materials which cannot properly be charged to the Appropriations of Parliament until actually issued for use—the vote to be recouped as issues take place		225,000
Total Railways		£6,301,000

HARBOURS AND RIVERS—WATER SUPPLY.

Sydney Water Supply, as per estimate of Mr. Clark	£1,086,768	
Sewerage—City of Sydney	400,000	
Total Harbours and Rivers, &c. ..		£1,486,768
Grand total		£7,787,768

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

PENRITH.

WEDNESDAY.

Word has come to hand that £1600 is required for a paddock of less than 10 acres, which was applied for as a recreation-ground, not one foot being available for that purpose in the township. It is said £40 per acre has been suggested for 50 acres, and refused. Great dissatisfaction prevails on the subject.

BATHURST.

WEDNESDAY.

An inquest was held, to-day, on the body of a male infant, found on Monday, dead, in a house occupied by Mary Simpson. The woman Simpson was before the Court. The child had been found dead in bed under the prisoner, who was drunk at the time; and the evidence showed that the child, which was illegitimate, was left in Simpson's charge by its mother, Sarah Kelly, who allowed five shillings per week for its support; that it had been neglected, and that the cause of death was pleurisy, hastened by exposure and neglect; and the verdict was that deceased died from pleurisy, accelerated by the intemperance and neglect of Mary Simpson, who was therefore pronounced guilty of manslaughter, on which charge she was committed for trial at the next Quarter Sessions.

A fatal accident occurred to-day at Dewar's brickyards. A labourer named John Loughnan was engaged excavating earth for bricks in a pit about 16 feet deep, when, suddenly, the embankment fell upon him, and before he could be extricated he was suffocated. The body was not much crushed, but the left arm was broken. Deceased was under the earth half an hour before he was got out, and then he was quite dead. The remains were conveyed to the hospital, and an inquest will be held to-morrow.

MOLONG.

WEDNESDAY.

Mr. H. V. Leathem, editor of the *Molong Express*, died this morning. Much sympathy is expressed for his family.

WELLINGTON.

WEDNESDAY.

At the municipal elections, yesterday, the aldermen elected were Messrs. Quirk, Aarons, Cunnington, Wildie, Osborne, and Rygate. The Council has been called upon to elect a mayor on Thursday.

The weather is unsettled.

GOULBURN.

WEDNESDAY.

William Stokes, alias Sam Jones, an old man, aged 65 years, was found dead in bed in the Farriers' Arms, Sloane-street, this morning. The deceased, who was in the employment of Mr. Moran, mail contractor, was on his way to Inveralochy, when feeling unwell he delayed his journey and took up his abode in the Farriers' Arms. On Tuesday night he went to bed as usual, complaining merely of cold. This morning one of Mr. King's (the landlord) sons went in to wake him and found him lying in bed apparently asleep. On a nearer inspection it was found that life was extinct. There is no reason to suspect foul play. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

The weather is cold and bleak. A cold wind accompanied with rain has been blowing all this week. A few flakes of snow fell on Tuesday morning.

Mr. Commissioner King held a Lands' Inquiry Court, on Tuesday. Twelve cases were disposed of.

The foundation of the new public offices are being dug; and bricklayers have commenced with the erection of the new gas works.

NARRANDERA.

WEDNESDAY.

All the allotments submitted by the Government to-day were sold, averaging £80 per acre.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, WEDNESDAY.

The Assembly to-day appointed Monday an additional sitting day. The Premier, in submitting the motion in favour of such a step, stated that the Government were anxious to close the business before the opening of the Sydney Exhibition, if possible.

In the cases of several grocers lately fined for selling small quantities of liquor, the whole of the spirits found on their premises has been forfeited.

The Government, yesterday, offered the vacant Puisne Judgeship to Mr. G. R. Harding, a barrister of thirteen years' standing here. Mr. Harding, to-day, announced his acceptance of that office, with the understanding that he remains in Brisbane.

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, WEDNESDAY.

A writ has been issued against Mr. Graham Berry for slander, in saying that the *Daily Telegraph* was subsidized by the Constitutional Association. Damages are laid at £5000.

The Assembly to-night was engaged discussing the sessional orders and times of meeting. Mr. Deakin's action in resigning his seat is generally approved, but the Speaker has ruled that Mr. Deakin cannot resign until a month has elapsed, the time within which a petition may be lodged. Mr. Deakin declined to take his seat to-day. Bills were introduced by the Government to amend the mining statutes, for conservation of state forests, and to amend the Local Government Act. Notice of motion was also given for the appointment of a select committee to consider the financial position of the colony and the present system of banking. Notice was also given of a motion for the appointment of a committee in regard to the management of the police force.

The report of the Post and Telegraph Department for last year shows an increase in the number of telegrams of 9 per cent., and an increase in the revenue of over £1[illegible],000.

The City Council will send home by the mail an address of condolence to the ex-Empress Eugenie.

Large quantities of spirits and tobacco are being taken out of bond in anticipation of an increase in duties.

The case against William Tytherleigh, the member for Normanby, was heard to-day at the Carlton Police Court. Dr. Black in his evidence stated that defendant, who was intoxicated at the time, called him up to attend a sick child, and while he was on his way to the patient, defendant assaulted and nearly choked him. He said that Tytherleigh attempted to garrote him. For the defence it was sought to prove that the doctor was intoxicated. The Bench, after a short consultation, dismissed the case.

The contractor for the Shepparton railway will be able to employ from 400 to 500 men next week.

The inquest on Mr. Bates has been further adjourned till next week, to enable the police to prosecute inquiries.

Wieberg and Pearce were committed for trial to-day. The evidence against them is pretty conclusive.

The rainfall is much under the average. Only 7 inches have fallen this year, including Gippsland.

The Yarra track is now up 10 feet, and the mails and general traffic are stopped.

The weather was fine during the day, but rain again set in this evening.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, WEDNESDAY.

The Bank of Adelaide has declared a dividend of 10 per cent. per annum.

Locusts appeared in the north a few days ago, and consumed the crop of 300 acres.

The weather is still showery.

NEW ZEALAND.

WELLINGTON, WEDNESDAY.

It has been ascertained that the wreckage previously referred to is a portion of the brigantine Swallow, lost on the 30th June.

The eminence on which the lion is placed on the field of Waterloo is giving way; the upper part of the steps is already in pieces, and the lion is in danger of falling.

PERFECTION.—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer (the Genuine only in Pink Paper Wrappers) never fails to restore grey hair to its youthful colour, imparting to it new life, growth, and lustrous beauty. Its action is certain and thorough, quickly banishing greyness. It is not a dye. It ever proves itself the natural strengthener of the hair. Its superiority and excellence are established throughout the world. Wholesale of ELLIOTT BROS. and Co., Sydney, and retail of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the Colonies.—ADV.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL.

VIA SUEZ, AT KING GEORGE'S SOUND.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ALBANY, July 9.

The P. and O. Company's steamship Siam arrived at 3.30 a.m. to-day, bringing the Australian mails and following passengers :—

For King George's Sound.—Mr. E. Shinlon.

For Adelaide.—Mr. and Mrs. Goode, Mr. and Mrs. Downer, Messrs. H. P. Taylor, J. Colter, A. Walker, and W. Chan alias Pate (*sic*).

For Melbourne.—Messrs. Ounsley, Lucas, Tomlin, Villiers, Palmer, Glover, Watt, Hamilton, William Ross, Morris, Scott, Brown, Halifax, Barron, Creeran, Ley, Albrecht, Mrs. A. Young, Baron de Gevley, Mr. and Mrs. Mackay and family, Mr. Silvester, Sergeant Dean, Mrs. Dean and family.

For Sydney.—Messrs. J. D. Grant, B. Mono, A. Harper, Winthorpe, J. Schilling, W. Gooding, S. Smith, C. Lisearm, M. Bourdell, Coult, Paynton and Lix, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Church, Mr. and Mrs. Townley and family, and 13 Japanese, from Yokahama.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

LONDON, June 6.

In the House of Lords, on the 26th May, Earl Beaconsfield stated that Sir Garnet Wolseley had been appointed Governor of Natal and the Transvaal, and High Commissioner and Commander-in-Chief of those colonies, and of the lands adjacent to the north and east of the four provinces in South Africa. Sir Bartle Frere had returned to Capetown, and would exercise his powers in Cape Colony, and the dominions and settlements adjacent. His lordship added, that it was necessary to bear in mind that the distance between the seat of Sir Bartle Frere's authority and the seat of war, is upwards of 1000 miles. Lord Kimberley asked whether Sir Garnet Wolseley would have supreme military command. Lord Beaconsfield replied that the rank which Sir Garnet held would give him immediately supreme command; but he did not contemplate that the statement he had just made would deprive the country of the services of Lord Chelmsford.

In the House of Commons, on the same day, Sir Stafford Northcote made a fuller statement, and said that the Government having come to the conclusion, after full consideration, that the arrangement under which the chief civil and military authority in the neighbourhood of the seat of war is distributed among four different persons could no longer be deemed adequate for the requirements of the present juncture, had decided to appoint Sir Garnet Wolseley to the supreme military and civil command in Natal, the Transvaal, and the native territories northward and eastward of those colonies now the seat of war. These districts, the Chancellor reminded the House, were more than one thousand miles from Cape Town, where, during the approaching session of the Cape Parliament, Sir Bartle Frere must be engaged with important and pressing affairs. Sir Stafford added that papers would be immediately laid on the table explaining the nature of the change and the reasons for it. The announcement was received with much cheering, especially from the Opposition benches. Colonel Stanley, Secretary for War, in reply to various questions, said that no one could be more anxious than the Government to bring the war to a close at the very earliest possible moment consistent with the safety of the colony and the honour of our arms. Sir Garnet Wolseley's instructions would be framed in that spirit, and it was hoped that with his experience of South Africa, he would be able to give such a turn to affairs in the colony as would speedily lead to a conclusion of peace. As to extermination, there was not a single word in the despatches of the Government which would suggest such an idea; as to the position of Lord Chelmsford, as he was junior in the army to Sir Garnet Wolseley, he would have to subordinate his plans and his general action to his superior officer; but in placing the supreme civil and military command in one hand there was no intention to imply the smallest censure on Lord Chelmsford. The Marquis of Hartington said that he thought the statements of the Government satisfactory, and as much as could be expected at the present moment. He entirely justified and approved the step which the Government had taken and maintained, that it entirely justified the action of the Opposition.

In the House of Lords, on May 27, Lord Cadogan, replying to Earl Carnarvon, stated that neither Sir Henry Bulwer nor Colonel Sampson had been recalled or suspended in their offices, and Natal and the Transvaal would continue to be administered as separate colonies. Sir Bartle Frere's commission had not been revoked with a view to being reissued in an altered form, and he would continue to exercise authority in the territories included in that commission, except those which were now put under the jurisdiction of Sir Garnet Wolseley. Lord Elcho expressed a strong opinion that scant justice had been done to Sir Bartle Frere, and described Cetewayo as a cruel and crafty gorilla. He hoped Sir Garnet Wolseley would not be too much fettered in his measures to effect a satisfactory settlement. Mr. Gladstone, in the House of Commons, also claimed consideration and sympathy for Sir Bartle Frere, though unable to concur in his views on South African affairs. He would not press Government for any declaration of their policy at present.

Sir Garnet Wolseley and staff embarked on board the Edinburgh Castle at Dartmouth, on May 30, for Capetown. The staff consists of the following officers :—Colonel Colley, Chief of the Staff; Lieutenants-Colonel O'Neil and Brackenbury, Military Secretary and Aide-de-camp; Major M'Calmont, Lord Gifford, Lieutenant Creagh, Captain Braithwaite and a number of officers on special service.

Fresh South African Parliamentary papers were published last week, showing that Sir Bartle Frere's latest declaration of policy is in conflict with that of her Majesty's Ministers. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach accordingly again reimpressed upon Sir Bartle his disinclination either to give him *carte blanche* for the future, or to sanction a policy of annexation. The papers also show that the military difficulties in South Africa were seriously aggravated by a difference of opinion respecting the organization of the native forces between Lord Chelmsford and Sir Henry Bulwer, Sir M. Hicks-Beach consistently supporting Lord Chelmsford.

Viscount Cranbrook delivered an important speech at Sheffield yesterday, vindicating the general policy, and sturdily upholding the position of the Government. He declared he had nothing to apologise for and simply wished to remove misconceptions, and place facts in their true light. He said there had been a great deal of wild talk about Imperialism which culminated in the ridiculous motion of Mr. Dillwyn who had attacked, not the Government but her Majesty. He would say that her Majesty had never, during the whole of her long reign, violated in the slightest degree the principles of the Constitution. Did they wish to have upon the throne of this country a Queen "Log"—somebody insensible to the patriotism and feelings of the country, insensible to its relations with Foreign Powers—or was her Majesty to be able, or was she not, to express her opinions, and in her private correspondence to show her sympathy? It was Ministers and Ministers alone who were responsible for what was done by the policy of the country at home and abroad. His lordship eulogised the conduct of those Liberals who had refused during the past two years to sacrifice their patriotism to their party only. Referring to recent Liberal demonstrations, and to the assertion that these meetings represented the real feeling of the country, he said it was as of old—it was insects who made the noise; the solid oxen, the "John Bull" of the country, if he might so express it, lay quiescent in the field. His lordship warmly repudiated the charge that the Government had been an aggressive Government. They had endeavoured, to the best of their ability, to support such a settlement of affairs as would give Europe the promise of enduring peace, and he added, "Whatever may be said, I proclaim it again, and I proclaim it with pride and with gratitude; peace, blessed peace, has been preserved, not one drop of English blood has been shed in the settlement of the great Eastern Question:, and the most warlike Government that ever polluted the seats of England has ended a European war by a peace." As regarded the Zulu war, the Government had no object of aggression, no idea of destroying an African race; but he could not help saying that while we were ready to take part in defending those colonies against their neighbouring enemies, yet it was essential that the colonies to whom we gave such liberal self-government should take upon themselves at least a fair share of self-defence. His Lordship then defended the domestic policy of the Government, and criticised at some length the recent tactics of the Liberals; and said whatever may be the result of the general election, whether Government were defeated or not—and that was a result he did not contemplate—they would carry on their flag the words "peace with honour," and would be able to show that they had served the country, and obtained a fair and just recognition of her rights.

Germany, through the medium of the German Consul-General at Cairo, protested against the Khedive's financial decree of April last. The Khedive, in reply, referred him to the Sultan, a recommendation which the Consul refused to accept, holding the Khedive alone responsible, and regretting that the matter might now enter a phase which would have serious consequences. It is reported at St. Petersburg that England has joined in Germany's protest. Russia, although solicited by Germany, has determined to hold aloof and not interfere in any question of creditors versus the Egyptian Government.

The latest news received in London by Reuter's office this evening announces that the British Consul-General proceeds to Cairo to deliver an energetic protest against the Khedive's decree of 22nd April. France and England have agreed to abstain from interference in regard to the Egyptian Ministry, and will not require the appointment of a Minister or Comptrollers-General, but will maintain their former declaration, holding the Khedive responsible for his recent acts.

Aleko Pasha, the new Governor of Eastern Roumelia, has been peaceably installed in the Governorship, under Russian auspices. The Sultan, however, is much dissatisfied, because Aleko wore a Bulgarian calpak instead of a Turkish fez, and the Turkish flag was not hoisted.

The Russian troops are rapidly evacuating Bulgaria and Roumelia.

Captain Zimbsch, of the Berlin Admiralty, has been appointed German Consular Agent to the Samoan Islands, and will leave for his post in a few days. The treaty recently concluded with the Samoan Government allows Germany to establish a naval and coaling station in the harbour of Saluapata, opens some other harbours to German ships, and promotes the trade of Germany. German trade in those parts being in excess of the trade of all other nations put together, the Berlin Governments were anxious to consolidate expected advantage by securing a permanent treaty, so obtaining a harbour in which ships might be repaired, and a corvette or two stationed in case of need. The more fully to attain this object similar treaties were concluded with the chiefs of Tonga, Aellide Marshall, Duke of York, Fabuit, and Rallick Islands. The harbours of Mikada and Misk were purchased; and at Fabuit and any other harbours of the Ralbick Islands the right has been secured to form coaling stations, while there is a special clause preventing the harbour of Apia in the Samoan group, the centre of German commerce in the South Seas, being handed over to any other nation or permitted the commercial advantages afforded to Germany. It is stated that the conclusion of the treaty was opposed for some time by the American party in the Samoan Islands, who having ceded to America the harbour of Vago in the Island of Tutla, wished to exclude other nations from the enjoyment of similar rights. The American Government does not seem to object to the Germans gaining a footing in the South Seas, though there is reason to believe that a different view has been taken by an active political party at Washington.

An influential committee for sending aid to the sick and wounded of the army in Zululand has been formed at Stafford House, under the presidency of the Duke of Sutherland, who has subscribed £100. Baroness Coutts has joined it, giving a subscription of £100, and Mr. D. Comrie has undertaken to convey any commissions, medical men, nurses, or stores at lowest possible freights. A ladies' committee is also in process of formation, and the Duchess of Cambridge has consented to be patroness, and has given £25. The Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg Strelitz has also signified her intention of becoming a patroness. Among the ladies already on the committee are the Marchioness of Lothian, Countess Kennoul, Countess Brownlow, Lady Lindsay, Lady Paulet, Lady Kepwell, and Lady Wolseley.

The *Times* of 2nd instant contained the following:—"Although no orders have as yet been received at Portsmouth on the subject, it is reported in naval circles that the troopship Serapis is to be got ready to take the Prince of Wales and a distinguished party to Australia, where the Prince will open the great International Exhibition." The news is, however, positively contradicted.

The steamer Orient was launched on the 5th instant, at the yard of Messrs. Elder and Co., Glasgow. She is one of the largest steamers ever built on the Clyde, and is intended for the Orient Steam Navigation Company trading between England and Australia. The vessel was named by Lady Gertrude Boyle, daughter of Lord Glasgow.

Professor Reuleaux, German Imperial Commissioner to the Australian Exhibitions, will leave Berlin on the 15th instant for Sydney via San Francisco.

The Lord Chancellor of Ireland has given judgment for a new trial in the Bagot will case, with costs against Mr. Bagot. His Lordship said the Court could express no opinion as to the legitimacy of the child. It was impossible to believe that any marriage took place before August, 1875, when Mrs. Bagot was pregnant. All the circumstances pointed to the continued belief of Mr. Bagot that the child was not his. There was evidence of appeal by him to her consciousness that his belief was well founded, and her acquiescence in the appeal. On the whole the Court held that the verdict could not stand, and must be submitted for re-trial.

The river Po has burst its embankments near Mantua, and the damage done is very serious. Engineers and workmen have been sent by the Government to repair the break; but are said to be not sufficiently numerous for the purpose. In the Italian Chamber of Deputies the Government announced they would immediately propose a grant for the sufferers.

Floods are also reported from Asiatic Russia. The Amoor and Its tributaries.

[*The message was still coming through when we went to press.*]

THE PUBLIC ESTATE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—The able letter of "Colonist," in your issue of to-day, charges me with using, "inadvertently," in my address to the honorable the Legislative Council, against the Chinese wall, which certain persons desired to construct, a statement in reference to the demoralising tendency of our land legislation of 1861.

If your correspondent have written irregularly, and the word "inadvertently" be only a typographical error, I have nothing to complain of at his hands, because as I was ruled to be out of order, I was of course irregular. My statement, however, was not "inadvertent," but of settled purpose, and yet it was not introduced in that address by way of attack upon the land laws, but by way of illustration of my argument, which amounted to this, and was pertinent to the matter then before the august body which I was addressing, namely, that the best meant legislation occasionally failed of effect, and introduced mischiefs greater than those which it had been intended to remedy; in this manner, I would have shown, had the benevolent intentions of the author of the Land Acts (from want of consideration of the springs of human actions) been frustrated; and, in like manner, I would have shown how the objects of the 26 Victoria, No. 20, "An Act to alter the succession to real estate in cases of intestacy," had been defeated. I was, however, ruled out of order. It only remains for me now to add the expression of my belief that our land laws have been, and are, of course, moral and material. I do not assert that some will not pray for them and for their author, because, as in the case of the "silver shrines for Diana," their Demetrius has "brought no small gain to the craftsmen." I do not, however, assail the Land laws in any party or class spirit, but because it is plain that these laws operate disadvantageously to the community, and because the entire body of colonists are co-owners of the public estate, and have a right to have that estate administered with an eye to their interests as landlords and as sellers, and not merely to the interests of buyers, of any class.

Nobody will blame the venerable author of these laws for want of faith in the great goddess of his worship, but I, and some who think with me, feel that the faith must share the fate of older creeds now passed away.

I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,
BURTON BRADLEY.
Margaret-street, July 9.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE OPERA.

The success which the Rose of Castile met with on its first production was by no means impaired by its reception last night at the hands of a very large audience. Apart from the expressiveness of the music, which was well given by the company, the acting was admirable, and a performance so excellent would doubtless obtain a run of many nights if circumstances permitted of its lengthened repetition.

We had occasion to speak yesterday of the speciality Madame Hersee makes of the character of the peasant queen, of the delicacy and brilliancy of her vocal execution, and her piquant acting. Nothing need be retracted from the eulogium then passed upon her; but, on the contrary, when further opportunities are given for studying the manner in which she treats the *rôle*, both vocally and dramatically, admiration is sensibly increased. Her singing of the charming ballad "I'm but a Peasant Girl" was last night exquisite, and her subtle acting so effective, that she received at the hands of an appreciative audience as high a compliment as they could well pay her. As much, if not more, enthusiasm was exhibited when she sang with Mr. Beaumont and Miss Lambert the sparkling laughing trio, in which she met with excellent support. If the mere dialogue had been given and the music in great part omitted, the performance would have been a thoroughly enjoyable one through the animation the actors threw into the dramatic portion of it.

Mr. Beaumont is invariably excellent when he has plenty to say and points to make, either in repartee or soliloquy. His clear articulation and his capital by-play leave his audience in no mystified state as to how the character he assumes assists in working out the plot. The same remark applies to him in ballad singing. He speaks his words clearly and sings them with strict musical expression. Any vocal defect he may have is completely covered by his earnest elocution. Nothing could be better than his singing and acting in the laughing trio, and the *encore* which followed, is attributable in no small degree to the share he took in it. Miss Lambert plays the "epicene" character of Donna Carmen exceedingly well, and her change of costume from boy to girl is attended with a very skilful alteration of both voice and action. She plays the part with great spirit, and is heard to great advantage in the concerted music. Mr. Templeton is at times rather too heavy for the light dialogue in which he takes part, but it is only in one or two scenes when this is noticeable. He sang *the* song of the character, "Though Fortune darkly," very effectively, and was the life and soul of the drinking trio, in which his voice told most effectively. Mr. Johnson has not very much to do, and his voice has no great *timbre* at best, but what he did was done creditably. Mr. Howell, as the third conspirator and "the weak vessel" of the lot, showed comic powers of a very high order, and his whimsical by-play was uncommonly entertaining. Probably, he has no pretensions to vocal ability, nor, indeed, if he had would his share of the music give him much opportunity of exhibiting it; but he certainly can produce the most sepulchral bass notes we have ever had occasion to hear issue from the throat of any vocalist. His acting was no small feature in a very successful performance. A word of credit is due to Mrs. Harris for her acting in the part of the vain and pompous Duchess. Unfortunately for her her head gear is not fixed quite as securely as it might be, and has come to grief on both occasions, despite the clever manipulation of hair pins by Miss Lambert when she fixes the crown on Mrs. Harris's head. On both last night and on Tuesday a touch of burlesque has been given which the author never intended, and which the situation does not need. It would be as well to avoid the accident in future; though the peril of attempting to trifle with such a head gear as Mrs. Harris disports herself in is patent to people who have little idea of the fixing of *coiffures*.

The choruses were well given last night, and showed manifest improvement. The success the opera has met with has led the management to withdraw "Lucia" on Friday night in its favour, and we think with advantage.

To-night "Faust" will be repeated, with the original cast.

SYDNEY MUSICAL UNION.

The production of Gade's cantata, "The Erl-King's Daughter," was the principal feature in the concert given by the Sydney Musical Union, at the Masonic Hall, last night; but in addition to this there was a miscellaneous concert. The hall was well filled, and that the audience, a critical one, was fairly liberal with applause, proves that the efforts of the Union to produce high-class music in good style, have not been altogether in vain. During the evening Mr. Sydney Moss conducted, and to his power of judiciously swayinging and controlling the different musical elements under his *baton* must be attributed much of the success of the concert. Mr. T. Banks was pianist. The orchestra played the opening and the closing selections with spirit and effect, the instruments being nicely balanced, and the musicians displaying artistic taste in addition to mere mechanical correctness. The first number was the the sparkling overture to Nicolai's charming opera "The Merry Wives of Windsor," and the last, Walteufel's beautiful waltz "Au revoir," whose title may be taken as an intimation that though last night's concert was the last of the present season, the Sydney Musical Union intends to provide its subscribers with many another pleasant entertainment. A Mendelssohn quartett, "Adagio and Canzonetta," was the gem of the evening to admirers of classical music. Her Kretschmann played first violin, Mr. E. S. Deane 'cello, and a couple of gentlemen amateurs second violin and viola respectively. The sparkling precision of the adagio movement was beautifully marked, and the sympathetic expression imparted to the canzonet well deserved the burst of applause with which the selection was received. The Mendelssohn Capriccio in B. minor, by Mr. S. Moss (pianoforte), and the orchestra was given with a swing and finish rarely encountered, and it too was deservedly applauded. Miss Bessie Harrison sang Spohr's aria, "Rose sweetly blooming," and in doing so displayed the flexibility of, and also the want of fulness in, her voice. Mr. Hinchy sang "No tongue can tell [?]" (White); and though in the upper notes his voice hardened greatly, as a whole the performance was good. A part song for men's voices, Mendelssohn's "Hunter's Farewell," was badly given. The cantata of "The Erl-King's Daughter" is a crystallization of old Danish ballads, set to music by Niels W. Gade, and the music in its weird beauty seems to speak the tale of the poem. The performance was uneven, but encouraging; uneven because the difficulties of the orchestral music were brilliantly surmounted, while of the vocal music the concerted passages were given in better style than the vocal ones; and encouraging, because the performers proved that they possess among them a strength which might be made very effective. If not exceedingly well sung, the vocal music has a tendency to seem monotonous, and at times last night it sounded very monotonous. The soloists are only three: Soprano, the Erl-King's daughter (Miss B. Harrison); Sir Oluf's mother, mezzo-soprano, or alto; and Sir Oluf, baritone; but to not one can very high praise be given. Miss Harrison sang sharp in the first few bars of her part, though subsequently she was extremely accurate. The baratine singer has a pleasant, well-trained voice of good range, but at times it failed to surmount the orchestration; and the alto singer, while proving her possession of a very fine voice sang without animation, and with such defective enunciation that the forethought of the management in providing visitors with a libretto cannot be sufficiently commended. But the choruses were capital, and in the third part were almost perfection; while the ladies who sang the Erl-maidens, and maidens choruses did so with delightful effect. The cantata opens abruptly with a few weird, fantastic bars from the orchestra, after which the chorus sings the story of Sir Oluf's first visit to the enchanted mound of the Erl-King. Then Sir Oluf, on the eve of his bridal, urged by an inward unrest, mounts his steed spite of his mother's remonstrances, and wanders to seek an additional guest for the wedding feast. He strays into the realm of the Erl-King, whose daughter, finding that the knight will not dance with her or yield to her wiles, marks him for death, with one icy touch of her hand. Sir Oluf returns home, to die on his bridal morn, and the epilogue or moral of this epitome of mystical legends, conveys a warning to youths to beware of temptations after nightfall. The music is pervaded from first to last by a quaint pathetic strain of melancholy, and to use a French expression, there are tears in every bar of it. The Musical Union produced it in good style, and when the few defects we have indicated have been remedied, a repetition of the performance will be a musical treat.

The Zealandia Exhibition, consisting of two panoramas and two dioramas of New Zealand scenery, will open at the School of Arts next Wednesday.

Last evening several members of the theatrical profession tendered a complimentary benefit to Mr. Henry Simpson, the well known *Impresario*, at the Guild Hall. The attendance was numerous, and the audience was treated to a very enjoyable evening's entertainment. The pieces were the time honoured play of The Octoroon, and Olla Podrida. Both pieces were very fairly produced. Miss Marian Willis enacted the part of the octoroon girl "Zoe," in a satisfactory manner, and Mr. H. Lester made quite a hit as the old negro "Pete." Mr. G. Dillon played Salem Scudder fairly well, and the other characters were ably represented.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Last evening I was one of a party of five, three being ladies, who went to the Queen's Theatre and took tickets for the dress circle. On reaching there we were informed that the seats were all taken, and were offered chairs, but as persons sitting on chairs could not see over the back of the boxes, we came away before the curtain rose, care being taken by the attendants to inform us that our money would not be returned.

I have nothing to say against the practice of reserving seats before hand; but, I think, you will agree that to sell tickets after every available seat has been either occupied or reserved is highly reprehensible. It is, in fact, selling that which no longer exists. The matter is still worse in the case of the dress circle. People pay the highest price in order that they may have the best accommodation the house affords, and they should not, therefore be asked to put up with make-shifts of any kind, still less be wholly denied the opportunity of witnessing the performance.

I think it well that others should be placed on their guard, lest they be served as my friends and I were.

July 9. H.

BENEFIT TO MRS. F. M. BATES.

A meeting of members of the dramatic and musical professions, of gentlemen interested in these professions, and of artists and citizens desirous of co-operating in the movement, was held yesterday afternoon at Harwood's Oxford Hotel, King-street, to arrange for a benefit to Mrs. F. M. Bates and her children, who have recently suffered such a distressing bereavement. There were present—Messrs. H. R. Harwood, E. Kelly, S. Lazar, S. Emery, J. J. Wallace, B. N. Jones, F. Holloway, H. E. Walton, J. A. South, T. Campbell, W. Seagrave, Hesker, Medus, Chriss, W. Brown, T. Rainford, Welsh, and Mr. W. Neill (City Bank). Mr. H. R. Harwood was appointed chairman, and Mr. Medus kindly consented to act as honorary secretary.

Mr. Harwood briefly referred to Mr. Bates' sad death recently; to Mrs. Bates' sad condition, bereft as she is of her husband, and to the universal goodwill the lady has earned from all (within and without the ranks of the dramatic profession) with whom she has been brought into contact. He spoke of the performance now being organized for her benefit in Melbourne, and expressed the hope that something substantial would be gained for her here. Mr. Lazar was willing to place at the disposal of a benefit committee the Theatre Royal free of charge, providing gas, attendance, &c., free of charge—(applause)—and many other managers were equally willing to do as much to aid the movement. However, the Theatre Royal being the largest, would be the most suitable building for the purpose. Mr. W. S. Lyster had also promised that any of the members of the Opera Company who might be disposed to assist on the occasion might do so, and the speaker was certain that if the matter were properly represented many if not all of them, would join in the movement. Mr. Creswick had written to express his sympathy with Mrs. Bates and to offer his services, and altogether, if they only worked with strict unanimity there would be a very successful result.

Mr. Kelly said that the Queen's Theatre was at the disposal of the committee, and that gas, advertising, &c., would be provided free of charge. (Applause.)

Mr. Harwood was sure that all appreciated Mr. Kelly's generous offer, but that for a matinee performance they might with advantage use the largest house available, and make it as profitable as possible. Would Mr. Kelly object to any of the members of the troupe taking part in the performance?

Mr. Kelly said that personally his professional duties were too heavy to allow of his taking a prominent part.

Mr. Lazar was not anxious to have the Royal selected as the scene of the entertainment in preference to another theatre, but as it was larger than any other he had offered it, with gas, advertising (if necessary), &c., free of charge, that Mrs. Bates might receive the gross receipts. He was not authorized to speak for his company, but he felt sure its members would gladly give their services.

Mr. Kelly could not speak for his company, but he thought its members would give their services willingly.

Mr. Emery said that in London, where so many benefit performances of the kind were given, it was always found necessary to concentrate forces, and hold an entertainment in one large building. Not only would it be inconvenient to have a variety of performances going on at different houses simultaneously, but the competition would militate against the success of the result. He advised them to accept Mr. Lazar's offer, and put their shoulders to the wheel, and take advantage of it.

Mr. Harwood agreed with Mr. Emery, but thought that thanks were also due to Messrs. Kelly and Leon, and to Mr. Walton, who had tendered them the free use of the Academy of Music.

Mr. J. J. Wallace said that he had been deputed by Mr. Hegarty to proffer them the use of the Queen's Theatre, and by Mr. Coff to offer the services of the orchestra. He suggested that a directing head, say Mr. Harwood, should be appointed.

Mr. Emery thought that one gentleman could not do all the necessary work, and that a committee of six should be chosen, with Mr. Harwood at their head. Application too should be made to the leading men of the city for their assistance and patronage. He moved,—"That Mr. Lazar's generous offer be accepted, and that further discussion be left to a committee, who no doubt would consider the best means of availing themselves of the kind offer of Messrs. Kelly, Hegarty, Lyster, and Walton, and of making the affair a success."

Mr. Wallace seconded this motion, which was carried unanimously.

Messrs. S. Lazar, E. Kelly, W. S. Lyster, H. R. Harwood, J. Bennett, Hegarty, S. Emery, B. N. Jones, E. Holloway, and J. J. Wallace, with power to add to their number, were appointed an executive committee.

Mr. South stated that Mr. Henningham had offered to print the necessary tickets free of charge, and another gentleman stated that Mrs. Hughes had promised to do the bill posting for nothing.

Mr. W. Brown stated that both Mr. Simmons and his daughter would assist.

The Chairman expressed the thanks of the committee to those who had so generously come forward; and a short discussion took place as to the mode of procedure. Finally it was resolved that the committee should meet this afternoon, and a vote of thanks to the chairman having been passed, the meeting closed.

ADDRESS TO THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

At noon, yesterday, an address signed by 83 magistrates of Sydney was presented to the Lieutenant-Governor, at Government House, by the committee appointed at the meeting of magistrates held on the 27th ultimo. The following is the address :—

"To his Excellency Sir Alfred Stephen, K.C.M.G., C.B., Lieutenant-Governor New South Wales.

"May it please your Excellency,—

"We, the undersigned justices of the peace, resident in the district of Sydney, desire to express our sympathy with you in the trying position in which you were recently placed in connection with the condemned criminals at Mudgee and Bathurst.

"We deeply deplore that action was taken calculated to embarrass you in the proper discharge of a most solemn duty.

"For a long series of years you have been one of the most prominent, useful, and humane of our colonists, having, through good report and evil report, steadily pursued what you considered to be the path of duty, thus winning the good-will of your fellow-colonists and the special approbation of that gracious Sovereign whom you so worthily represent.

"We trust that you may long continue to serve this colony with unabated usefulness, zeal, intelligence, and faithfulness, and assure you of the great respect we entertain for yourself, and we desire to record our admiration of your high character and many virtues."

His Excellency read the following reply :—

"Gentlemen,—I receive with great satisfaction and pleasure the address which you have just presented to me.

"The position in which the Council and myself have been lately placed was indeed a most trying one. Two atrocious crimes on the weaker sex had been committed, under circumstances of peculiar wickedness; the first accompanied by barbarity scarcely human, the second a premeditated and planned outrage by two assailants, each aiding the other, and thus accomplishing their design—the victim, a virtuous girl of 14. For cases of this kind, the Legislature had on three occasions, two of very recent date, solemnly resolved that the death penalty should be retained. It thus became the duty of the Executive to consider whether or not—whatever the desire to save life, or our own views individually as to punishment—that expressed will, no extenuation whatever here existing, should be allowed to have effect, and the law to take its course. As if that question was not itself painful enough, and, in the face of vehement petitions for commutation, sufficiently embarrassing (all, it must be observed, from persons ignorant or with imperfect knowledge of facts, and themselves irresponsible for the consequences of a wrong decision), a wild excitement was got up, large assemblages were addressed in violent language, and the Government finally was told that the commutation which had been sought, and which thousands waited to hear announced, *was 'the will of the people.'* It would be passing strange if proceedings like these were not by you, and by all who would not substitute anarchy for law and order, emphatically denounced as on every account to be deplored.

"For myself, gentlemen, I may venture to assure you that I neither seek praise, nor expect to escape comment, in respect of any act or conclusion of mine relating to the recent convictions; but I am not indifferent to the good opinion of those among my fellow-colonists whom I can respect and esteem; and for that which you are pleased to express of me on this occasion I cordially thank you.

"Alfred Stephen.

"To W. C. Browne, Esq., J.P., M.L.A.; E. O. Smith, Esq., J.P.; and the other Justices signing the address."

Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa.—Taylor Brothers, London, having the exclusive supply of this unrivalled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for Purity—fine Aroma—Sanative, Nutritive, and Sustaining Power. One trial will establish it as a favourite Beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a Soothing Refreshment after a late evening. For favourable opinions, *vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, &c., &c.* Taylor Brothers' Homœopathic Cocoa.—This original preparation, which has attained such a world-wide reputation, is manufactured by Taylor Brothers, under the ablest homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine to an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut. Taylor Brothers' Soluble Chocolate is made in one minute without boiling. Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa Essence or Pure Soluble Cocoa.—This exquisite production will supply a want long felt by cocoa drinkers, namely, a perfectly genuine article, free from admixture of any kind; nourishing, refreshing, and grateful to the palate. In ¼-lb. Tins. Taylor Brothers' Chicory.—Manufactured from the finest Belgian Root. In 28 and 56-lb. Tins. Steam Mills, Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium.—Adv.

Stations	W'th'r	Max	Min	Rain
Tenterfi'ld	u	51	31	0
Grafton..	u	66	34	0
Inverell..	b	52	32	0
Walgett...	..	..	..	..
Bourke ..	b	64	41	0
Narrabri..	u	65	32	0
Armidale.	b	55	25	0
Gunnedah	u	65	63	0
Coonab'an	c	57	35	0
P. Macqrie	u	66	46	0
Murr'undi	u	58	38	0
Cassilis ..	b	56	32	0
Mus'brook	u	60	44	0
Dubbo...	c	54	45	0
Mudgee ..	u	60	42	0
Maitland .	u	57	52	0
Newcastle	b	60	49	0
Orange ..	r	46	28	0·14
Bathurst..	u	41	34	0
MtVictoria	p	46	38	0·04
Forbes...	u	50	36	0
Bendemeer	b	50	30	0
Sydney	b	58	49	0
Wentw'th	q	56	38	0·07
Young...	u	50	49	0·20
Woll'gong	b	45	38	0
Moss Vale	b	60	43	0
Euston...	..	..	..	..
Goulburn.	p	46	37	0·05
Wagga ...	r	52	39	0·10
Cape Geo.	b	57	..	0
Queanb'an	b	48	38	0·04
Deniliquin	u	55	37	0
Albury...	r	49	40	0·25
Bodalla ..	n	63	30	0
Cooma...	u	52	28	0
Eden....	b	59	41	0
Gabo Isld.	b	58	44	0



SPORTING.

CLARENCE RIVER JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

(By Telegraph.)

(From our own Correspondent.)

GRAFTON, Wednesday.

The Clarence River Jockey Club Races took place to-day.

Mares' Produce Stakes.—T. H. Smith's Prairie Bird 1, T. H. Smith's Mozart 2, Greaves's Ingleside 3; Fernside fell.

Ladies' Purse.—Crusader 1, Sir Solomon 2.

Maiden Stakes.—Rhadamanthus 1, Osman 2, Lady Bird 3.

Members' Cup.—Perion 1.

City Handicap.—Black Swan 1, Clarendon 2, Banagher 3.

Novel Race.—Barefoot 1, Tartar 2, Whitefoot 3.

THE TURF.

The following are the non-acceptors for the Great Metropolitan Stakes:—Chester, 9 st. 10 lbs.; Calamia, 9 st.; Democrat, 8 st. 7 lbs.; Wellington, 8 st. 4 lbs.; Macaroni, 8 st. 3 lbs.; Tom Kirk, 7 st. 12 lbs.; Satirist, 7 st. 10 lbs.; Jasper, 7 st. 8 lbs.; Haricot, 7 st. 8 lbs.; Diomed, 7 st. 6 lbs.; Columbus, 7 st. 6 lbs.; Sydney, 7 st. 4 lbs.; Rosebery, 7 st. 2 lbs.; Araluen, 7 st.; Sunset, 7 st.; Ginger, 7 st.; Avernus, 6 st. 12 lbs.; Waxy, 6 st. 11 lbs.; Judex, 6 st. 10 lbs.; Nellie, 6 st. 6 lbs.; South Hamilton, 6 st. 6 lbs.; Mercury, 6 st. 4 lbs.; Falmouth, 6 st. 2 lbs.; Braidwood, 6 st. 2 lbs.; Gamester, 6 st. 2 lbs.; Faublas, 6 st.; Bedouin, 6 st.; Moonbeam, 5 st. 9 lbs.; Caller Ou, 5 st. 7 lbs.; Adventurer, 5 st. 7 lbs.; Chorister, 5 st. 7 lbs.; Ito, 5 st. 7 lbs.; Victory, 5 st. 7 lbs.; and Blantyre, 5 st. 7 lbs. Out of the eighty that were originally handicapped, thirty-four have gone out, leaving forty-six still remaining in. The Randwick racecourse will be thrown open for work this morning.

FOOTBALL.

Glenhead v. Arforma.—A match was played on Saturday afternoon, between the abovenamed clubs, on the Double Bay Reserve, which resulted in a decided win for the Glenheads by three goals and four tries to nil, the Arformas having to touch-down behind their own goal nineteen times. The goals were kicked by W. B. Fairfax, Roxburgh, and Bradridge, and the touch-downs obtained by Canedell (4), Wilshire, Roxburgh, and Smith. The most conspicuous were, for the Glenheads—Messrs. Cansdell (captain), Fairfax (2), Tooher, Bradridge, and Roxburgh; and for the Arforma—Eager (captain), Clapin, Piddington, Ford, Hillyer, Bell, and Bird.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—While apologising for again trespassing on your space, I cannot allow the letter of the University umpire which appears in your columns this morning to pass without comment.

Mr. Mullins asserts that my decision was given in an "indefinite manner," and that I "was the direct cause of the University umpire allowing the 'try' under protest only." This is not in accord with the facts. My decision was given without any condition, but on his being appealed to his concurrence could not be obtained, and as there was a probability of the game ending abruptly, Mr. Arnold consented to take the try under protest.

Mr. Mullins is again in error in imagining that I charged him with deciding a point of which he was not a witness. I made no such charge, but wrote to correct an inaccuracy which had crept into the report of the match, but at the same time complained of his unwillingness to abide by my decision, considering that when I was in the position in which he then stood I, as a matter of course, expressed no opinion.

I was not aware that the Wallaroos shrunk from an examination of the case until it appeared in Mr. Mullins' letter. Their captain informs me that he has applied to the Rugby Union for a decision, and it is certainly better to leave the case to be dealt with by that body than make it the subject of a newspaper controversy. I am, &c.,

THE WALLAROO UMPIRE.
Sydney, July 9.

INTERCOLONIAL RIFLE MATCH.

The following letter has been received from the secretary of the South Australian Rifle Association. The secretary of the New South Wales Rifle Association has already addressed a letter on the same subject to the Rifle Association of all the adjoining colonies :—

"South Australian National Rifle Association,
"Adelaide, July 3, 1879.

"The Secretary New South Wales Rifle Association, Sydney.

"Sir,—I have the honour to inform you that, at a meeting of my Council, held on the 2nd instant, it was resolved that, in the opinion of this Council, it is desirable that an intercolonial rifle contest should be held at Sydney during the term of the forthcoming Exhibition.

"It was further resolved to communicate with you on this matter, to ascertain the feeling of your Association, and to inquire if any arrangement could be made in conjunction with the Victorian Association, to further the views of this Council. I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

"A. M. Woods, Adjutant, Secretary of Council."

RYDE DENOMINATIONAL SCHOOL.

A meeting of the members of St. Anne's Church was held in the School-house on Tuesday evening, the 8th instant, respecting matters connected with the day school. The Rev. R. L. King occupied the chair. The Rev. H. Britten, the Incumbent, then gave a statement relating to the position of the school, commencing in 1868, being the time that the Public school was established at Ryde, and he found that the church school had declined from that time, except in 1874, when Mr. Thomas was teacher, then there was an increase, but, on Mr. Thomas leaving, several scholars left; and now Mr. Bernard, the late teacher, had been removed at his own request, the numbers were again reduced, and it did not seem likely that the school could be kept up to meet the requirements of the Public Schools Act. He found he had been accused of being very much in favour of Public schools and against Denominational schools, but such was not the case. If, on his assuming the incumbency of Ryde, he had found a flourishing school, he would have done his utmost to support it; but such was not the case. Mr. Campbell, the teacher at that time, found the attendance small, and suggested to the Board that the school should be closed, but the Board would not consent, and Mr. Bernard was then appointed, and the school has gone on until his removal, when several children were removed, and one member of the local Board sent his children to the Public school. The Council of Education not having sent a teacher as promised, to carry on the school on the Monday following that Mr. Bernard the late teacher left, under these circumstances the Board wrote to the Bishop and stated the school must be closed, and he further said that he preferred to see a prosperous Public school, than to try and keep up a small struggling Denominational school. He denied the reports that had been made respecting his sending his children to the Public school. He had only sent one to the infant school, and that only for a short time, but he was now sorry that he had removed this child. Mr. J. E. Manning then moved,—"That the charges made against the Rev. H. H. Britten in the letters which have appeared in the *Sydney Morning Herald* are without foundation." Seconded by Mr. R. Terry. On the chairman putting the motion, it was declared to be carried. Mr. Jackson objected, saying he did not believe it was carried, as so few voted. Mr. G. M. Pope then stated that he had not voted at all, because he was not aware what were the charges referred to in the *Herald*, and had not seen some of them. Moreover, he did not see what the meeting had to do with letters in the *Herald*. The resolution was then again put, when nine persons voted in favour of it. There were forty-nine persons present, the rest did not vote at all. The resolution was consequently carried.

Lord John Manners, replying to Mr. Goschen, in the House of Commons recently, said that since 1874, when the new mail contract came into force, the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company had made 117 late arrivals, incurring penalties amounting to £32,000, as the result of the absolute penalty system now in force. Had the premiums for early arrival of mails within the same period been retained in the present contract, and calculated, as in the former contract, at half the amount of penalties, the company, who had made 644 early arrivals, would have been entitled to receive £92,403.

THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

The framework of the floor of the cupola of the International Exhibition building dome was hoisted to its place on the top of the lantern yesterday morning. The last of the intermediate ribs of the dome was also fixed in its place. The purlines to receive the corrugated iron covering are being fixed on the outer surface of the dome, and considerable progress has already been made with that work. The dome will be a 36-sided figure, and at each angle there will be a roll covered with lead, extending from the base to the lantern. At the base of the dome there will be a large cornice, covered with plain galvanized iron. Diagonal braces are being placed from the intermediate to the main ribs, to strengthen the whole framework, and throw the weight principally upon the main ribs. The external painting is progressing fast. All the wood and iron work is being finished in two tints of buff, and is being sanded so as to present the appearance of stone. The sanding has a further and very desirable advantage in rendering the wood so treated much less liable to take fire. A printed notice has been posted outside the gates of the Exhibition ground, stating that no one will be admitted except upon the production of an order from the Colonial Secretary.

At a meeting of the Art Committee in connection with the International Exhibition, held yesterday afternoon, Dr. Garran in the chair, it was resolved to communicate with the Trustees of the Melbourne Free Public Library, asking for the loan of any old engravings or pictures which they may possess, illustrating Sydney in the early days of its settlement. It was also decided to advertise in the Press, asking the possessors of similar works in this colony to lend any of such works that were considered of sufficient merit.

We have been favoured by Sir Henry Parkes with a copy of the following letter received by him from Sir Edward Thornton, British Ambassador at Washington, in reference to the approaching International Exhibition :—

"Washington, May 31, 1879.

"Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th of April last, and to inform you that I had already, in compliance with instructions from the Marquis of Salisbury, communicated to the Government of the United States the substance of your letter.

"I have also done my best to circulate amongst the people of this country information respecting the approaching Exhibition at Sydney, both through the United States Government and the Press, and have urged in the proper quarter that a Commission should be sent from this country. But the latter is a matter which cannot be carried through without the assistance of Congress. It has at my instance been considered in the Senate and House Committees of Foreign Affairs, and a resolution has been prepared proposing that twenty thousand dollars (20,000 dollars) shall be granted for the purpose; but as the present session is an extra one, convoked for a particular purpose, and will probably close within a few days, I much fear that the resolution may fail to be passed. I have, &c.,

"(Signed) Edwd. Thornton."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—The question of charges for admission to the Exhibition is, I am informed, to be definitely decided at the meeting of the Commission on Friday next. I would beg, therefore, its attention to the fact that, in the experience of all persons well versed in this matter, the low uniform charge of one shilling has been invariably found that which is most remunerative. Days with special and higher charges have always proved a complete failure.

It must, moreover, be recollected that this Exhibition is essentially a public undertaking, carried out at the public expense, and specially advocated by its promoters as a means of affording instruction and education to mechanics, artizans, and others, to whom any higher charge than one shilling for frequent attendance would prove restrictive, and, indeed, prohibitory.

I feel convinced that after the opening day it would be the wisest course to fix the charge at "one shilling for adults" and "sixpence for children" during the remainder of the Exhibition. I am, &c.,

VIGIL.
Sydney, June 8.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—In perusing the schedule of prizes in Section VI, Agriculture, I find it is the intention of the Commission to give a silver medal for first, and a certificate for second prize in sub classes 650—poultry. I would ask why are not the same prizes given in the next class, 651—dogs. Is it because the exhibitors in the last-named class are not so valuable? I can assure you, Mr. Editor, from my own experience (which extends over some ten years), some of the fowls that will be shown will cost about five shillings, and they are to receive a silver medal. While the dogs, some of which have cost their owners fifty, sixty, and even one hundred pounds, are only to receive a "bronze medal." While for the best fowl, pigeon, and canary exhibited, there is to be a special silver medal awarded. I would recommend the Commission to place the dogs on the same level as the poultry, and not only give a silver medal for first prize, but a gold medal for the best dog or slut in the show. I am sure if the Commission adopt my suggestions they will have a much better show than they could otherwise expect. Yours, &c.

AN INTENDED EXHIBITOR.

COMMERCIAL.

WOOL SALES.—Yesterday.

By Messrs. Mort and Co.—Atherton, 3 bags skinwool at 5¼d; 5B, 1 bale grease at 9d; JD over T, 1 mixed at 6½d; JA, 1 grease at 8½d; JC over W, 1 at 6½d; 4 in diamond, 1 at 8½d; Crown and Anchor over IH, 1 mixed at 6½d; GB, 5 scoured at 13½d; GRE over Darling Downs, 3 grease at 9½d; ditto, 2 skinwool at 10½d; RG, 8 scoured at 15d; ditto, 5 ditto at 12d; HR in diamond over New England, 3 grease at 9d; JL in diamond, 13 grease at 7d; XL, 18 ditto at 7d; SL, 8 fleece at 15½d, 1 pieces at 7½d; HN, 2 lambs at 6½d; A. Ewan, 10 grease at 6¼d, 1 skinwool at 4½d; H, 2 lambs at 5½d; BA, 2 fleece at 14½d; Binnia Downs, 8 pieces and locks at 2½d per lb. Sheepskins: Addressed, 5 bundles at 5½d; PMG, 4 at 6¼d; Anchor in circle, 4 at 5d; Atherton, 7 at 3¼d; GRE, 2 at 6½d; Red Tape, 4 at 6¼d; DR and Co, 1 at 6d; JB over M, 3 at 5½d; ES over A, 5 at 7d; T and McG, 28 at 6d; H, 11 at 5½d; GRE, 1 lot at 4d; 2 bundles at 5½d; 3 at 3½d; F, 1 at 5d; H and Co, 1 at 3½d; ADP, 1 at 6½d; LM, 1 at 5½d; TB, 1 at 5½d; GL, 1 at 5½d; D, 13 at 6d; AQ, 13 at 6½d; ditto, 6 at 4½d; HH, 11 at 6½d; addressed, 3 at 5d; Anchor, 5 bales at 5d; diamond over CH, 1 bundle at 6½d; AQ, 1 at 4½d; PMG, 1 lot at 4½d; TOX, 1 bundle at 6½d; addressed, 1 at 4d; L, 1 at 4d; Anchor, 1 lot at 3½d; addressed, 1 bundle at 4½d; diamond over CH, 1 lot at 5½d; DM, 1 bundle at 5½d; WF, 1 at 5½d.

By Mr. Bridge: M&B, 4 bales scoured wool at 16¼d; W in circle over arrow, 1 scoured at 11½d; H, 1 washed at 11½d; WF, 1 fleece at 12½d; GF, 1 washed at 11½d; B, 1 washed at 9½d; JPF conjoined, 1 greasy at 9½d; M&B, 1 scoured at 13d, 1 at 10d; GF, 2 bags greasy at 7½d; S, 2 bales handwashed at 8d; EB, 1 greasy at 8½d; HB, 2 mixed at 2d; GH, 1 at 2d; WJ, 1 at 2½d; B, 1 at 5½d; DRT, 1 at 4½d, 5 at 3d. Sheepskins: W in circle over arrow over New England, 1 bundle at 7d; HH, 9 bundles at 6d; J, 1 bundle pelts at 2½d, 2 skins at 5d; CP, 1 pelt at 2d, 1 at 4½d, 5 skins at 5½d; W, 4 at 5½d; B, 3 bundles at 4½d; red merk, 1 lot at 3½d, 10 bales at 6d; WW, 1 lot at 3½d; MC, 1 at 2½d; SGD, 1 bundle at 4d; H, 1 at 5½d; GH, 1 at 5½d; JB, 1 at 4d; WW, 1 lot pelts at 2d; GH, 1 bundle at 4d; DB over B, 2 bundles skins at 5½d; HM, 3 at 4½d; WW, 3 at 3½d; HB, 5 at 5d, 1 lot pelts at 2d.

MELBOURNE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

MELBOURNE, Wednesday.

Powers, Rutherford, and Co. report :—1900 cattle yarded, and half sold to-day at previous rates. 1800 sheep yarded, principally from Riverina. Prime are selling rather higher, but others show no improvement. We sold about 6000 Riverina wethers up to 14s 6d, and outside we sold 5000 store wethers.

Dalmahoy Campbell and Company report :—2200 cattle yarded for the week, and 1200 sold to-day. Best are without change, and other qualities are dull. 13,000 sheep penned, and best are a shade higher. Others are easier.

Profitable Work.—Charles G. Leland, "Hans Breitmann," poet, humourist, editor, scholar, and literary vagabond in the good sense of the term, who has lived for the last ten years in London, doing a great deal of magazine work, is said to be at present engaged upon a series of art and artisan primers, under the general title of *Profitable Work for all Classes*. The object of the series, which Mr. Leland is reported to be elaborating with great care, is to instruct working people and artisans generally in the principles of artistic design, and to open their eyes to the importance of art knowledge to mere skill and dexterity if he would keep in the front of the active competition of industrial nations. Mr. Leland's undertaking has awakened considerable interest and sympathy in England, and it may be added that he is thoroughly competent for the work, both by reason of the range and depth of his culture, and from the natural directness of his tastes.

NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL.

VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

The Pacific Mail steamship City of New York, having left Auckland on the 3rd instant, reached Sydney yesterday morning, early enough for the delivery of the mails before noon. She brings London dates to the 22nd May; San Francisco, 9th June.

ENGLISH AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 22.

The political events of the past fortnight have possessed unusual interest. In home politics there have been two or three important Parliamentary debates, and foreign subjects have contributed an important quota to the leading subjects of the hour. The leading item of all has been the submission of Yakoob Khan. I ventured to anticipate months ago that the Afghan ruler would come to terms with us before the opportunity occurred for a spring campaign. He had seen how little resistance could be opposed to the invader, and that while the fighting qualities of the British army had increased since the days of Nott and Pollock, the military capability of the modern Afghans had fallen off. But there were more urgent reasons which impelled the Ameer to offer his submission. His father, Shere Ali, had made so many enemies that there was no strong and cohesive resistance to the British advance; and Yakoob further discovered that when he attempted to remedy that state of things, he found rivals springing up around him to the Afghan throne. The pressure of the internal affairs of his kingdom was the chief circumstance that compelled Yakoob Khan to come into the English camp. He has been there about a fortnight, and has already agreed to the basis of a peace. An examination of the map of the north-west frontier will show you how little territory our Government intend to annex for the rectification of their boundary. At the present moment we hold the eastern end of the Khyber Pass; it has been arranged that our outpost shall hereafter be at the western end, at a place called Lundi Khotal. Thus, Gandamak, Jellalabad, and even Dakka will be returned to the Ameer, and the only hillmen with whom we shall hereafter have to deal will be the Afreedis. These people are to be assured of their independence; but, as it is intended to deprive them of their right to control the trade of the pass, it will be necessary for the English Government to make them a subvention. The trade between Lundi-Khotal and Cabul will be under the protection of the Afghan Government. The most important annexation will be in the Khurum Valley. The whole of that valley, as far west as Ali Kheyl is to pass under the British flag. That is to say, the only obstacle between Cabul and our outposts will be the Shuturagardan Pass. In the south, the Afghan ruler will lose the rich valley of the Pishin, and the British sentry will be moved forward from Quettah to the Khojak. Even Kandahar is to be given back to Afghanistan. These changes will make but a slight change in the appearance of the map, but they will at any rate give us the mountain passes for our defensive operations, and when the hillmen have been brought into peaceable relations with us, we shall also be able to control the mountains. But these geographical arrangements are of minor importance compared with the diplomatic results which have been already achieved. We have obtained a promise that a British resident shall be placed at Cabul, and, what is of still greater significance, that the foreign relations of Afghanistan shall be placed under the control of the Viceroy. This is the great result of the war, and, if it be faithfully observed, it will alone be a sufficient reward for the very small cost which the campaign has entailed. To what degree our Government will assist Yakoob Khan to hold his own against the rivals who are disposed to challenge his rule to the north of the Hindoo Kush, and to what extent they will aid him with subventions we have not yet heard. At the present moment those points are forming the chief subjects of negotiation at Gandamak.

It will be an immense relief to the Ministry to have this Afghan war ended. The finances of India are in a deplorable state, so much so that they are about to occupy a two nights' debate in Parliament, and it is likely to form one of the most important discussions which has taken place upon Indian affairs since the Dependency passed from the hands of John Company. But there are other reasons why the Government will be glad to have this Afghan difficulty ended. The cloud is certainly not lifting in Burmah. Any day the action of King Thee Bau may involve us in another war. But for their hands being tied in Afghanistan and South Africa, the English Government would have long since brought that lunatic ruler to reason. It is only by an exercise of the greatest forbearance that war has so far been avoided.

The news from South Africa paints the state of affairs in the most gloomy colours. There has been no fighting since the relief of Ekowe, but it is evident that the projected invasion of Zulu land is surrounded with increasing difficulties. The medical, the sanitary, and the transport arrangements are disgracefully ineffective. I have seen many private letters, all of which describe the prospect as very gloomy. In fact if Cetewayo's means to fight to the end, and to alter his tactics to a guerilla warfare, it will not be this year that will see us in possession of his country. There is insufficient transport in the colony, and for want of it our armies are helpless. The boer difficulty has been mitigated, but the inhabitants of the Transvaal will not assist us. Our chief hope of a successful campaign lies in Cetewayo following the example of some of his chiefs, and offering his submission. Even Oham, the King's brother, declares that Cetewayo will withdraw northwards, and fight to the last. Lord Chelmsford has asked for further reinforcements, but as his application has not been accompanied by any explanations which warrant the sending of further assistance, the home authorities will not send the troops asked for until they receive further despatches. Meanwhile, however, they are calling for volunteers, and upon this subject of army volunteers I shall have something to say later on. The letters which contain Sir Bartle Frere's reply to the recent censures of the Government have been published during the past week. As between himself and the Government Sir Bartle certainly makes out a strong case. It is more than ever apparent that the censure of Sir Bartle was not justified, and was entirely directed to no other object than to disarm the Radical Opposition. Sir Bartle had an ambitious policy, no doubt, but it is perfectly obvious that it was framed for him before he went to South Africa, and that though Sir M. Hicks-Beach was so characteristically dull that he could not appreciate the growing dangers to which Sir Bartle's autumn despatches pointed, it is made plain enough in the light of Sir Bartle's most recent comments upon them that they pointed to war, and nothing else. The conviction increases, that Sir Bartle Frere was right in his endeavour to crush the power of the Zulu, and that but for Lord Chelmsford's incapacity the campaign would have borne a different aspect. Where Sir Bartle Frere was wrong, was in his proposals to extend the English flag further north than Zululand. Ambition like this was all very well for a Clive, but it is not suited to the modern shopkeeping Britisher, who is ruled by faction rather than by party. Though Lord Chelmsford temporarily retrieved his character by the relief of Ekowe, the outcry for his recall is being renewed, and now that Sir Garnet Wolseley is back from Cypress, it is currently rumoured that he is to have supreme command in South Africa. For the present, however, the rumour is premature.

Sir Garnet Wolseley's immediate object is of a different sort. The Government are assembling a strong committee at the War Office, in order to reconstruct our military system. The Cardwell scheme has been well tried, but it is considered to have failed in two important respects; it has supplied us with boys instead of men, and, what is worse, it has not enabled the home battalions to sufficiently serve the empty ranks of those who are linked to them in the field. If, for instance, the second battalion is on active duty, it cannot rely for the first battalion, supposing that to be stationed at home, filling up the vacancies. As a consequence, volunteers have to be called for from other regiments, and the whole system is thus thrown out of gear. Futher, when a regiment is ordered for foreign service, there are so many lads and untrained soldiers in its ranks, that the system of volunteering has again to be resorted to. All this is very disturbing, but it has been clearly established on three great occasions that the present system is defective in the particulars above enumerated. It was so when we sent reinforcements to the Mediterranean last spring the same defect was established again in a limited degree in the case of the Afghan war, and it has been established much more clearly in the case of the North African war. The present Government have no desire to disturb the Cardwell scheme any more than can possibly be avoided, but they are convinced,—and public opinion is very considerably with them—that something must be done to remedy the state of things above described.

Turning to home politics we find much that is interesting. The leading subject of the moment relates to the Irish University Bill. You will remember that in the course of last winter the Government showed a disposition to take up that subject, so as to satisfy the Catholic party, and thereby secure the Catholic vote at the next general election. The Orangemen and the Lancashire Conservatives, who are mainly ultra-Protestant, scared the Cabinet away from this subject, and the matter has now been taken in hand by the O'Conor Don. He has brought in a bill, which has received the tacit assent of the Irish hierarchy, and the Government are known to be favourable to the measure if the country will approve of it. Here lies the whole difficulty: What will the constituencies say? As this is probably one of the most important measures that has been brought before the notice of the present Parliament, and as the subject is fraught with great difficulty, and probably some danger to the very existence of the present Government, let us see what this bill proposes. It suggests the creation of a new St. Patrick's University, the senate of which shall be elected in the main part by the State, and in some part by the Wesleyan, Catholic, Presbyterian, or whatever colleges decide to be affiliated to it. This university is to examine in secular subjects only, and give rewards in the shape of scholarships, fellowships, and contributions to professors, &c., as a payment by results. The million and a half which is required to carry out this scheme is to come out of the Irish Church fund. All this looks exceedingly innocent; in fact, a more moderate measure, till we look into it, was never submitted to Parliament. A little examination, however, will show that it is of a distinctly denominational character. No one but the Catholics require it, and the Catholics only ask for it because they object to the Queen's colleges, which have proved themselves to be most excellent institutions for secular education. True it is proposed to pay by results, and to pay only for secular education; but the very institutions which with offer their pupils for examination, and profit by their success, will be essentially denominational. It would be contrary to the whole tendency of the educational movement of the past ten years for the State to encourage Denominational education. On a leading point of principle there is therefore much to be said against a bill which, however innocent it may appear, will indirectly encourage Denominational colleges, and especially the Catholics. Nor is this all. It is proposed to take the money from the Irish Church fund, in the teeth of the Disestablishment Act of 1869. But it is said that money was taken from that fund, and contrary to that Act, last year, for the promotion of intermediate education. The intermediate education scheme, however, did not contain the elements of Denominationalism that we see in this bill; and, besides, the breach of contract, last year, was not a rescission of contract. There is a great division of opinion in Parliament as to what should be done with this matter. The first desire of the Government is to see a bill pass, if only to obtain the Irish vote. Many Liberals also know that Irish University education will be a lion in their path whenever they again come into office, and would, consequently, like to see the subject settled. But there is a strong Protestant element on the Conservative side which objects to the assistance which this bill would give to the Catholics, and the Nonconformists are bitterly opposed to it, because it will recognise Denominationalism. Those who favour the Queen's College system declare, and very truly, that the proposed university would destroy the Queen's Colleges. We are now near the end of May; Parliament is expected to rise earlier than usual, and I think we may, therefore, assume that the bill will not become law this year. It is more likely the Government will make a show of friendship towards the measure, so as to disarm, if they cannot secure, the Catholic vote when they appeal to the constituencies, as is expected they will do next spring.

We have had a curious debate on the prerogative of the Crown. Mr. Dillwyn brought forward a motion in order to censure the Sovereign, but finding this step unpopular on his own side of the House, he altered his resolution at the last moment, so as to censure the Ministry. He sought to prevent the abuse by Ministers of the prerogative and influence of the Crown, and asked that the mode and limits of the action of the prerogative should be more strictly observed. The debate was a miserable and factious fiasco. Mr. Dillwyn mainly relied for evidence of his allegations upon the letter of the Queen to Sir Bartle Frere, upon the telegram from her Majesty to the Viceroy respecting the Afghan campaign, unearthed in the first instance by Mr. Archibald Forbes, and upon the circumstances attending the Anglo-Turkish convention. The Government were able to show that the Queen's messages were of the most innocent, and according to many persons of the most creditable and praiseworthy, character. The true logic of Mr. Dillwyn's demand was this—to place Parliament above both Queen and Cabinet. If Mr. Jenkins or Mr. Courtney had committed themselves to such a proposition, we could have understood that its object was simply to air the vanity of those two men; but Mr. Dillwyn is a man of more substantial calibre, and the Liberal party was very considerably annoyed that he should have attempted to lead them upon a perilous and unpopular journey. Mr. Gladstone spoke out with almost as much warmth as the leaders of the Government, and gave the men below the gangway such a castigation as they could never have expected from such a quarter. In the end the debate was adjourned; its promoters were made to feel that they had made a mistake, and we shall hear no more of the subject.

The attack upon the foreign policy of the Government by the Duke of Argyle, was hardly less unfortunate. The Duke's indifferent health has kept him away from Parliament, but as he is shortly going to Canada to see his son, and his royal daughter-in-law, he seems to have determined to raise a full-dress debate on foreign policy. Unfortunately for himself and his party, he showed a great deal more anger than discretion. He made the case against the Government much weaker than he might have done, and he gave both Lord Beaconsfield and Lord Salisbury an opportunity, which they did not neglect, for putting the Government case in a better light than we have ever yet seen it. The effect of their speeches has certainly been very soothing to the irritation of their supporters, who complain that Russia has not been kept to the terms of the treaty. Other circumstances, too, are conspiring to show that the conditions of the treaty will not be so seriously neglected as some of us have supposed. For instance, Lord Salisbury has very distinctly declared that though Turkey may agree for the present not to occupy the line of the Balkans, she cannot give up that right absolutely without the will of the other Powers. This is intended to answer those who complain that Turkey and Russia are making secret bargains behind England's back. Again, Prince Battenberg affirms his strong determination to discourage any attempt on the part of the Bulgarians to promote a movement in favour of Roumelian annexation. And though everybody was disappointed that the Russians were not out of Bulgaria by the 3rd of May, we have Lord Beaconsfield's assurance that everybody but himself and the Russians misread the treaty, and, further, that the process of evacuation will not occupy the Russians till the 3rd of August. This is very soothing, and just a little specious. Nevertheless, it has had the effect of making the pro-Turkish party more satisfied than they were with her Majesty's Ministers, and that was all Lord Beaconsfield cared to accomplish.

Of foreign events that have affected this country, the most important has been a tremendous outburst in the Parisian Press against perfidious Albion. We, ordinary Britishers, who thought the Anglo-French alliance was a settled institution, were staggered by the impetuosity with which this country was assailed in the *Republique Francaise*, the *Debats*, and other papers. The astonishment was the more complete because the *Republique Francaise* is largely the property of M. Gambetta, and is therefore supposed to express the views of the French Government. The grievance of our neighbours was this—that we were pursuing a purely selfish policy in regard to Greece and Egypt. In other words, that we were not cordially assisting French diplomacy in those two fields. There is some truth in these statements, but it was not correct to say that serious misunderstandings had arisen between the French and English Cabinets. In regard to Greece, the difference of opinion has been very slight. It has chiefly turned upon the question whether Janina ought or not to be given up by Turkey. In regard to Egypt, the French Government being deeply interested in the Credit Foncier, has sought to impose much more stringent pressure upon the Khedive than the English Cabinet was disposed to allow at present. Our own Foreign Office has been startled and not a little indignant at the tone of the Paris Press, and have promised to produce more Greek correspondence in order to show that Lord Beaconsfield and Lord Salisbury are not quite so black as they have been painted.

The King of Terror still prevails in Russia. Though there may have been some exaggerations in what we have heard, it is evident that Russia is in a very dreadful and a very dangerous condition. The correspondent of the *Abendpost*, who is one of the best informed men in St. Petersburg, declares that 20,000 persons have been exiled for the simple reason that they were not in the possession of the inevitable passport, with which every resident in Russia is now compelled to provide himself. The Nihilists continue to issue their newspapers, and to terrorise over the Administration, showing, at any rate, that even if the snake be scotched, it is not killed.

There is a slight improvement in trade, but not to the degree that was hoped some months ago. The Durham strike has ended to the advantage of the men to this extent, that the masters have been compelled to yield to the employers' demand that the subject in dispute shall be referred to arbitration. This step will lead to a reduction of wages, and to the resumption of work by large bodies of men. There are also reductions of wages in other fields of labour, and on the whole there are more men in employment than was the case three months ago. The last ten days' fine weather—for it has come at last—has also done good, but trades that depend upon the season's sales have certainly lost the spring this year. The sunshine has improved the appearance of the country, and though the 22nd of May has arrived, the landscape, in the south at least, has at length put on its coat of spring verdure. The metropolis, too, has become more gay, for people are casting aside their overcoats and fur jackets, and assuming lighter and brighter raiment. The "season" is now really upon us; the Four-in-hand clubs have had their opening meets, and the levees and drawing-rooms are occurring with greater frequency. Ministers also are holding their weekly receptions. There were two last night in Whitehall, one at the Admiralty, and another at the Foreign Office. An occasion like this is indeed one of the sights which most attracts a colonist or foreigner. Imagine, for instance, from 300 to 500 persons crowding into one man's residence; sometimes the number, as in the Duke of Buccleuch's receptions, reaches over 1000. There are refreshments, dancing, a supper for the select few, and, more frequently than not—universal confusion. Every visitor goes in a carriage or brougham, and for half a mile round the streets are lined with the first equipages and horses in the world.

The Empress of Germany has been on a visit to the Queen. Everybody is glad to see it, for whether rightly or wrongly there has been a prevailing impression that these two worthy ladies have not been on very good terms.

Mr. Butt's death has provoked considerable interest as to who will be his successor. Mr. Mitchell Henry has long aspired to take that position, and his magnificent hospitality to needy Irish members has been the talk of the town. But it won't do. Irishmen like good dinners, but they won't put up with a leader who has no better qualification than his cheque-book: and hence the post is likely to be conferred upon Mr. William Shaw. It can, however, be of very little value during the present Parliament. In the next Parliament it may be handed over to Mr. Justin M'Carthy, the new member for Longford, and the well-known leader writer for the *Daily News*. Mr. Butt left his family very badly provided for, and the hat is going round for them. There is likely to be a magnificent subscription, for all sections of politicians are subscribing.

The Baptists have presented Mr. Spurgeon with a magnificent testimonial, on the occasion of his having completed his 25 years' ministry. They have given him over £6000, the whole of which he will devote to the purposes of his Tabernacle, or to institutions connected with it.

"Mrs. Brown," better known as Arthur Sketchly, is going to Australia, with the object of giving readings. Your colonists have a great treat before them.

From our files of European papers we take the following intelligence:—

VISIT OF THE EMPRESS OF GERMANY TO ENGLAND.

Her Majesty the Empress of Germany left Ostend on May 14, in the London and Chatham special boat Samphire, at 6 o'clock, and, after a rather rough and unpleasant passage, arrived at Dover at five minutes to 11. Her Majesty was received by his Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh, Earl Sydney, Lord Torrington, the German Ambassador (Count Münster), Sir Edward Watkin, Captain Bruce, R.N., Mr. Schell (Vice-Consul), and Lieutenant-General Lord Alexander Russell and staff. After taking luncheon at the Lord Warden Hotel her Majesty left by special train on the South-Eastern Railway at half-past 12. A guard of honour was in attendance, and a royal salute was fired from the Castle on her arrival and departure. Her Majesty arrived at Waterloo Junction at 10 minutes past 2, and was met by the Prince of Wales, who accompanied her in the special train to Windsor, which was reached at 3 o'clock. On alighting from the saloon carriage the Empress was received by the Queen, Prince Leopold, Princess Beatrice, and Prince and Princess Christian, a guard of honour being mounted near the waiting-room, whence the Royal and Imperial party drove to the Castle. The Empress of Germany brought her visit to the Queen to a close on May 20, and took her departure from Windsor Castle shortly after 4 o'clock. The Queen accompanied the Empress from the Castle to the railway station, and Prince Leopold and Princess Beatrice also rode in the same carriage. Prince and Princess Christian, who had driven from Cumberland Lodge, were on the platform to bid farewell to the Empress. A guard of honour of the Coldstream Guards, with the band of the regiment, was mounted in the station yard. The Empress, having taken leave of the Queen in the royal waiting-room, entered the train, which left the station at a quarter-past 4. The guard of honour saluted and the band played the National Anthem on the arrival of their Majesties and also as the Queen left the station to return to the Castle. In the evening the Empress honoured the Duke and Duchess of Bedford by her presence at dinner at their residence in Eaton-square.

LARGE FAILURES.

The failure is announced of two important firms in the Cleveland District—Messrs. Lloyd and Company, and Messrs. Hopkins, Gilkes, and Company (Limited), both of Middlesborough. The liabilities of Messrs. Lloyd are understood to be about £400,000, including a considerable amount secured upon pig-iron warrants. The liabilities of Messrs. Hopkins, Gilkes, and Co., whose temporary stoppage has been occasioned by that of Lloyd, are estimated at not more than £190,000, while the stock, movable plant, and book debts alone amount to at least £160,000. The capital of the company was £675,000, consisting of 45,000 shares, upon which £12 per share has been called, leaving £3 per share uncalled. It is expected the liquidation will leave a considerable surplus for the shareholders.

Telegrams from Rotterdam announce the failure of the Commanditaire Bank Vereeniging, due chiefly to the stoppage of the Afrikaansche Handelsvereeniging, or African Trading Company, an undertaking formed some years ago by the absorption of a private firm in the same city. These embarrassments, which have involved the return of the bills of Messrs. M. L. Bauer and Co., merchants, of St. Dunstan's-buildings, St. Dunstan's-hill, the London agents of the Trading Company, are stated to be chiefly due to extensive speculations in produce; and the total liabilities are estimated at no less than £750,000. The bulk of this sum, however, is understood to be due to houses abroad.

THE DURHAM STRIKE.

On May 20, one of the largest meetings that have been held in connection with the present dispute was held at Durham. The first resolution proposed was "that this meeting is of opinion that we accept the award of Mr. Bradshaw, and, seeing that the award affects the whole county, it ought unanimously to be received and complied with both by workmen and employers." The following amendment was afterwards put to the meeting:—"That this meeting recommends all the miners who are idle now in the county of Durham to go to work at the reduction and to give fourteen days' notice to the owners that the men demand an advance in their wages of 20 per cent. This amendment was carried by a large majority, and the chairman of the meeting was empowered to send a resolution to the Executive of the Miners' Association, asking for a council meeting of that body to be held at once to make the necessary arrangements throughout the county for the carrying out of this resolution. The meeting was in favour of open arbitration. In consequence of the Dowlais colliers having struck against a 10 per cent. reduction, notice has been given to all the men employed on the works that their contracts will terminate in a month. Meetings of the collieries have been held, but no arrangement has yet been arrived at. Considerable consternation prevails in the town in consequence of the state of affairs. The Cyfarthfa colliers are objecting to a similar reduction, but they are also considering a proposal of Mr. Crawshay, to the effect that he will not enforce the 10 per cent. reduction on back wages, and will guarantee to require no further reduction during the present year if the men will accept the reduction regardless of the action of the Dowlais men. At a mass meeting the Dowlais men resolved to return to work on the reduction.

THE SIX DAYS' SWIMMING CONTEST.

Lambeth Baths, May 22, quarter to 12 o'clock.—Amongst the visitors yesterday were the Duke of Teck, Lord Algernon Lennox, Sir John Astley, and others. During the afternoon Miss Agnes Beckwith gave an excellent exhibition of the natatory art, and will continue to do so every afternoon and evening this week. As will be recollected, Captain Webb yesterday rested, for the first time during the competition, for 1 hour and 6 minutes, he during that time having his right eye (which was much inflamed) bandaged. Both Captain Webb and Fearne have done a wonderful performance, the former especially. When the contest was closed for the night, at 10.53.20, the Captain had placed to his credit no less than 45 miles and 22 lengths, he then being six miles and 24 lengths in front of Fearne, whilst the latter was 14 miles 8 lengths to the good of Beckwith. Exactly at 9 o'clock this morning Captain Webb, with his eye still bandaged to prevent further inflammation, resumed his journey, Fearne following suit one minute later. Beckwith did not turn up till 9 hours 51 minutes 43 seconds, and Taylor dived into the water at 10.50.10. At 9.51.53 Fearne completed his fourtieth mile, and twenty-four minutes later he sought his retiring-room for 31 minutes 25 seconds. This enabled Webb to still further increase his lead; but when the Putney man reappeared he ploughed along at a good pace, and wiped off lap after lap. Taylor was also swimming in fine form; whilst Beckwith, after being in the water 55 minutes 17 seconds, returned to his dressing-room, his knee being very painful. When this report left the baths the following were the positions of the men:—

	Miles.				Miles.	
Captain Webb ..	48	22	J. M. Taylor ..		16	40
G. Fearne	41	34	D. Rowbottom ..		10	0
W. Beckwith ..	28	6				

THE ZULU WAR.

The *Daily News* correspondent on the 26th April writes: "The gunboat Forester, on returning from a cruise off Zululand, sent several boats out, off Port Durnford, for the purpose of taking soundings. The Zulus opened fire on the boats. The Forester, at 4000 yards, fired a number of very effective shells, I understand, killing about 40 Zulus. The horse disease, the curse of South Africa, has appeared among the cavalry. The Dragoons have lost three horses in 24 hours. Great precautions have to be taken to prevent the animals from eating wet grass."

The *Cape Times* says Moirosi, the Basuto chief, is closely invested in his mountain. The investment is so complete, a correspondent writes, that a dog could not escape from it. Cannon is being brought to bear on the mountain for the purpose of knocking down the barricades. At the present time Moirosi's loss is estimated at 100 men, 5000 cattle, 3000 sheep, and 200 horses.

Private letters from the Cape describe the state of affairs in very gloomy colours. The first thing needed is either the proclamation of martial law in Natal or the passing of some measure by the Lieutenant-Governor and Legislature which will allow of all necessaries being taken or impressed for Government service. As matters stand, the English army is a victim of wholesale robbery; £400 is asked for a waggon, or £100 or £120 a month for its hire. We are making the fortunes of all in Natal, and are being plundered by the very people whose war we are fighting; and not only this, but we are actually tempting them to try and lengthen the hostilities in order to prolong the golden harvest.

The latest news from Capetown is to the 29th April. Lord Chelmsford and his Staff left Maritzburg for Dundee and Utrecht last Tuesday. The Prince Imperial was to have accompanied him, but was prevented by indisposition. The General's ultimate destination is believed to be Kambula, from which direction the grand advance is expected to be made very shortly. The greatest difficulty at present is transport, and that difficulty will be very shortly intensified by the firing of the grass by the Zulus. Very heavy rains have been falling lately, and that will, fortunately, retard the firing. The rumour current last week that the Zulu King had changed his tactics and was making raids upon the Utrecht district is confirmed from Pretoria, and the names of several farmers who have lost all they possessed are given. When the news reached the Boer camp, a number of farmers left in order to protect their farms. It is still rumoured that Dabulamanzi is anxious to surrender. A captured prisoner states that Dabulamanzi would have done so before, but that a Zulu impi is watching his movements. Captain Prior, of the 80th, with a patrol of six mounted men, fell in with some Zulus, who were driving off cattle and horses from a valley near the Upper Pongola. The Zulus fled, and the cattle and horses were recaptured. Captain Prior and private Bowen went in pursuit, and at about 400 yards exchanged shots with two men, one of whom was killed and the other wounded. The dead man turned out to be a son of Sirayo, whose surrender was demanded before the commencement of hostilities, and the wounded one, who unfortunately escaped, was declared by prisoners to have been Umbellini himself. He is stated to have since died of his wounds in a cave. One of Weatherley's horse troopers, named Grandier, engaged at Zlobani, tells a wonderful tale. He says he was captured by some Zulus and conveyed to the King's kraal, where he was interviewed by Cetywayo, who wanted him to repair the two guns taken at Isandula. He says he saw the guns spiked. When the king found he could or would not assist him, he sent him to Umbellini's kraal to be sacrificed to the manes of the chief, but on his way there, he succeeded in killing one of the guard, and escaped into camp.

EASTERN AFFAIRS.

It is stated by the *Golos* that the evacuation of Turkish territory by the Russian troops will be completed by the 3rd of August. Forty thousand men and 2000 horses will be conveyed by steamers from Bourgas to Odessa and Sebastopol between the 15th of May and the 15th of June. The Russian Government have volunteered some information regarding the plan of evacuation it has adopted. The 12th Division of the 12th Corps was the first to leave by way of Rustchuk. The 48th Infantry Regiment and the 47th Light Cavalry Regiment, as also three batteries of the 12th Artillery Regiment, have been embarked at Silistria. Two other batteries of the 12th Artillery Regiment have been sent to Keni to embark there. The 33rd Division has been concentrated at Varna for embarkation there. The Cavalry Division will be concentrated at Slivno, to proceed thence by way of Silistria and Rustchuk. The 4th, 16th, and 30th Divisions are to be embarked in Burgas. The 5th Division, the 4th Cavalry regiment, and 9th regiment of Cossacks are to concentrate at Yeni Zaghra on their way to Rustchuk and Varna. The 31st Division and the 7th Regiment of Hussars are to move last, and it is calculated that before the end of July the evacuation will be completed. Intelligence from other sources about a general movement of the Russian troops having begun, and about the breaking up of military establishments, hospitals, and storehouses, do away with all doubt as to the evacuation being diligently proceeded with. The initiative taken by Russia to communicate her plan of evacuation cannot but contribute to strengthen the confidence of Europe, above all if this first communication be followed up by others successively recording the progress made, and thus relieving the Powers of the unpleasant necessity of controlling the movement.

In the House of Lords, in reply to Earl Stanhope, the Marquis of Salisbury said he was not aware that any full report of the speech of the Russian General Obrutscheff lately delivered at Philippopolis had reached this country, but that the British Consul-General at Philippopolis had sent an abstract of it. From this it seemed that the General, who was an aide-de-camp of the Emperor of Russia, having read a proclamation, made a speech in which he said that from conversations with the Sultan and Turkish Ministers he was convinced that the only object that they had in view was the happiness and prosperity of the population, who would see no more Turkish soldiers, and who had arms against lawless bands. The General added that, although the Sultan retained the right under the treaty to occupy the Balkans, they would not be immediately occupied, that military considerations did not require the occupation of them, and that it was for the Bulgarians to prove that it was not necessary from a political point of view. This agreed with the information which her Majesty's Ministers had received from Constantinople, and they had no ground for believing that the Sultan had entered into any engagement which would preclude him from sending garrisons into the Balkans. Moreover, the provision of the treaty was not, as some thought, obligatory, but entirely permissive. The Sultan had not renounced any of his rights, although the establishments of the garrisons might be postponed until the frontier had been sketched out and the evacuation completed. The renunciation of the right did not depend upon the Sultan alone, and even if he were so misguided as to renounce it he could not do so without the consent of the Powers who were parties to the Treaty of Berlin.

GERMANY.

On May 21 the Reichsrath at first proceeded to elect a successor to Herr von Forckenbeck, whom motives of conscience had obliged to retire from the office of President, the choice falling on Herr von Seydewitz (Conservative). The Liberals did not vote, and of 204 valid tickets 195 were found to be in favour of the Conservative candidate, which must be taken as an indication of the course certain to be pursued in future by the Imperial Parliament for a period which it would be rash to set limits to.

The first Vice-president of the German Parliament, Herr von Stauffenberg, has, like his late leader, resigned his post. This was fully expected. There can be no doubt that Herr von Franckenstein, an Ultramontane, will be elected in his place.

The party representing the landed and agricultural interests, finding protectionism in the ascendant, have set on foot a fresh agitation for the protection of native-grown wool. For many years back German farmers have suffered severely by the competition of colonial wool. They propose that this grievance should be redressed by the imposition of a heavy duty upon foreign produce.

ALSACE-LORRAINE.

The provisions of the bill relating to the constitution and administration of the province of Alsace-Lorraine, which has been submitted to the Federal Council by Prince Bismark, are substantially as follows:—The Emperor will appoint a Stadtholder, who will exercise power as the representative of the Imperial Government, and will have his residence at Strasburg. He will take the place of the Imperial Chancellor and the Supreme President in respect of Alsace-Lorraine, and the office of Supreme President and the department for Alsace-Lorraine attached to the Chancellery will be abolished. A Ministry composed of several Departments, with a responsible Secretary of State at its head, will be formed in Strasburg. A Council of State will also be established to give an opinion upon bills relating to the province and to dispose of any other matters that may be referred to it by the Governor. This Council will consist of the General in command of the troops in the province, the Secretary of State at the head of the Ministry, the chief provincial officials, and seven other members to be appointed by the Emperor. The Stadtholder will be President of the Council. The Provincial Committee will henceforth number 58 members. A delegate, to be elected by the Provincial Committee, subject to the approval of the Emperor, will represent Alsace-Lorraine in the Federal Council, having a deliberative voice.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO THE DUKE MEDINA-CELI.

On the 13th May, while strolling over his estates in the mountains near Avila, with his young wife, the Duke of Medina-Celi, the premier peer and grandee of Spain, accidentally stumbled over his gun, receiving the contents of both barrels in the body, and was mortally wounded. He waited for help, leaning on the Duchess until succour came, but, despite the assistance of the local surgeon and of the eminent army surgeons sent immediately from Madrid by special train, the Duke expired about 6 o'clock next morning. He remained conscious until the last moment, received the rites of the Church, and consoled those around him. The Duke was 28 years of age. He was married twice, his first marriage being with the daughter of the Duchess Alba, a niece of the Empress Eugenie. He was married again last year to the daughter of the Marquis Torecilla. His unhappy fate caused a great impression in Madrid, the King expressing his sympathy with the widow, who is only 19 years old.

MORE FLOODS IN HUNGARY.

There is no end to the news of inundations. In most parts of Hungary almost all the rivers have caused damage. In Kottori three hundred houses fell in, an immense territory lying under water. The corn is getting smutty in consequence of the continued rains. Spring and summer sowing is prevented by the humidity. The Indian corn cannot shoot, and the hopes of a good harvest are annihilated. The remaider of Szegedin, the village of New Szegedin, and the town of Csongrad are again threatened with ruin by the flooding of the Tisza, Maros, and Körös Rivers.

Four villages on the Platten Lake have been flooded by a terrible storm which destroyed several houses, and the railway embankment is under water. The Czongrad district, near Szegedin, is still in danger.

A great part of the town of Halas, in the county of Pesth, has been inundated owing to heavy rains during three successive days.

THE REIGN OF TERROR IN RUSSIA.

The revolutionary newspaper, *Fatherland and Liberty* is still circulating in St. Petersburg, the last number having been issued the very morning of Dubrovin's execution in the fortress there. It contains, among other things, an indictment against the Emperor, and speaks in strong language of the bitter disappointment of those who were led to believe in the generous and liberal intentions of Alexander II. on his accession to the throne. The day following Dubrovin's execution a quantity of small tin crosses were scattered about several streets of the capital during the night.

The *Messager d'Odessa*, contains the following account of another assassination perpetrated in Odessa, and evidently committed for political reasons: "During the night between April 31 and May 1 a violent ringing of the bell was heard at the house numbered 43, in the Grand Boulevard. The ringing was continued until the bell broke. The proprietor of the place hastily rose to undo the outer door. He had however scarcely opened it ere he received a terrible blow with a pick, which entered the unfortunate man's body. The next morning his corpse was discovered hacked to pieces. Close by the body was found a letter addressed to General Todleben. This contained a scrap of paper, whereon were written the following words: "This is the manner in which all you beasts shall end! The Executive Committee have undertaken it."

One of the ablest of the Russian detective agents, named Reichenstein, was dispatched by the famous third section of St. Petersburg to Moscow. He was commissioned to reorganise the secret police in the latter city, for the purpose, of course, of moreskilfully ferreting out Nihilists and Nihilism. The fact that Reichenstein was about to leave St. Petersburg, as well as the nature of his mission, was, it may readily be understood, kept a profound secret. But the Nihilists anticipated the Government, and spoiled the scheme altogether. For, expecting his arrival and prepared for it, Reichenstein was assassinated the very night he reached Moscow. The Government, moreover, were not actually aware of the murder until informed of it by one of the well-known placards signed by the Executive Committee.

The newspaper *Krimsky Liston* has been suppressed by General Todleben, because No. 26 of that journal contained an article sympathizing with the present political movement in Russia.

In the *Cologne Gazette* has appeared an interesting letter from St. Petersburg, giving some particulars of the recent events under the state of siege. The writer witnessed an important execution in the fortress of Peter and Paul. He says:—A battalion of infantry and several sotnias of Cossacks were told off to keep the ground near the fortress, as well as police. At a little before 10 a.m. the condemned criminal was brought out of his cell—a young fellow of 24, muffled up in the prison garb. As we learnt from the death warrant, which was read aloud, he was Lieutenant Vladimir Dimitrijeff Dubrowin, an Imperial officer who, when arrested at Staraja-Russa on the 16th of last December, offered the most desperate resistance to the gendarmes and soldiers, who broke into his apartments, and was not overpowered until he had wounded several of his assailants. Dubrowin was warned by his mistress, Irene Jefremoff, that the gendarmes were approaching his dwelling. He disposed his revolvers and dagger so that they lay handy to his grasp, and when his door was burst open, made rapid and highly effective use of his weapons. In his possession was found a curious assortment of seditious proclamations and placards, a treatise upon swiftly working poisons, and a technical essay upon small arms, revolvers, &c. He was the author of several pamphlets, in one of which he calls attention to the lack of really good revolvers, observing that Vera Zassaulitch made use of far too small a weapon, and therefore had failed to produce a satisfactory result upon Trepoff. At 10 o'clock his sentence of death was again read to him, a wand was broken over his head, and he was strung up in the citadel yard. After hanging half an hour he was cut down, and immediately buried within the fortress precincts. Dubrowin heads the list of executions, and many others will follow; for it is stated that Solovieff has made full confession, and that several of the most dangerous Nihilists are already arrested. Solovieff, it would appear, is a lover of champagne and good dinners; every evening his custodians dine with him, and encourage him to drink deeply, so that they may worm his secrets out of him when he is half drunk. I have one important item of news to communicate, namely, that the murderer of Mesentzeff has been discovered. He is a Russian nobleman named Turikoff, and it was his hand that drove the fatal knife into Mesentzeff's body. He was betrayed by the coachman, Michailoff, who drove him and his accomplice away from the scene of their crime, and who has been in custody for a long time past, but could not be brought to any sort of confession until quite lately. The other day M. Krach, the manager of Tattersall's, recognized and identified him from amongst a number of prisoners paraded before that gentleman in the fortress. Michailoff then offered to make a statement under two conditions; firstly, that his life should be spared; and secondly, that he should be protected from his accomplices. Both conditions were granted; upon which Michailoff unburdened his soul, denouncing Turikoff and disclosing the latter's place of sojourn—Geneva. He further declared that he had been drawn into the conspiracy by acquaintances, and that the lot had fallen to him to play the coachman's part at the assassination of Mesentzeff. In vain he pleaded that he knew nothing about horses, and would make a desperately bad coachman; fate had selected him, and he had nothing to do but to obey. The conspirators dressed him in livery, and he was compelled to take daily lessons in driving until he had learnt how to drive a team with ease and safety. He declared on oath that had he refused to drive Mesentzeff's murderers on the day of the assassination the committee would have slain him without mercy. Upon the strength of Michailoff's revelations the Russian Government forthwith applied to the Helvetian Republic for the extradition of the murderer Turikoff, still resident in Geneva. But the Swiss Government would not hear of giving up a political offender, upon which the Russian Government undertook to treat Turikoff not as a political offender, but as an ordinary criminal, and engaged itself not to have him tried by court-martial but by a common jury. Switzerland's answer to this assurance has not yet come to hand, but the authorities here entertain a confident hope that it will prove favourable to their demand.

GREAT FIRES IN RUSSIA.

The *Official Gazette* of May 12 reports that another great fire broke out on Friday night at ten o'clock in the town of Irbit, in the government of Perm. All the best parts of the town were destroyed. The losses were enormous. The Treasury, Post-office, and Town Hall were saved. Irbit is not a very extensive town, but is an important commercial centre inhabited by many wealthy merchants. A large annual fair is held there, second in importance only to Nijni, and it indicates prices and current business for Nijni fair, held in the summer. The fire lasted five hours, and the loss caused is estimated at 210,000 roubles, of which 140,000 roubles are covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is attributed to carelessness. Another conflagration broke out in the town on the evening of the 13th May, by which the four poorest quarters of the town were destroyed. Later intelligence received states that by this latter fire the Bisser station and five locomotives of the Ural Railway were destroyed. The *Neue Wremja* urges the authorities to take immediate measures against the suspected incendiaries. In addition to the conflagrations already reported in various towns of Eastern Russia, fires have occurred in several villages, causing great distress. Seventy persons have been arrested at Orenburg suspected of incendiarism.

A telegram from the military governor of Uralsk says:—"On the 11th May, during a violent gale, a fire broke out here, which has destroyed a considerable part of the town. It is impossible to extinguish the conflagration, which is still raging."

A conflagration has broken out at Petropaulovski, in the district of Akmollinsk, Siberia, and several quarters of the town are in flames.

THE RUSSIAN REVERSE IN CENTRAL ASIA.

The *Journal de St. Pétersbourg*, in a letter from Krasnovodsk dated April 13, gives fuller details than those printed by the *Standard* on Tuesday of the recent fight between the Russians and the Tekke Turkomans:—"The two companies of Russian soldiers came up with the Tekke marauders of whom they were in pursuit about 6 o'clock on the evening of the 7th ultimo, and found them drawn up in a regular square behind the captured camels, which had been made to lie down. The Russian columns were met on advancing with a well-directed fire. The Tekkes occupied an excellent position on the summit of an elevation, having in front of them a series of ravines and hollows which they had occupied. Their flanks were defended by cavalry, which, however, were not numerous. The Russian troops engaged the Tekkes under these conditions for the first time, and were enabled to convince themselves that these nomads had begun to perceive the advantage of regular operations. The Russian troops had to perform the difficult task of marching exposed before a sheltered enemy and to take by assault each separate elevation. The Tekkes several times threw themselves sabre in hand upon the advancing troops, but, being received with well-directed volleys, their counter attacks failed. Our troops (the letter continues) were just close upon the centre of the enemy's position, the square of camels, when the setting in of darkness obliged the commander to retire and take up his position at a short distance from the marauders' camp. Taking advantage of the darkness the Tekkes fled, leaving upon the field ten dead and about fifty camels. Mounted men were sent in pursuit, and overtook a portion of the band, from whom they recovered a large flock of stolen sheep; but thirty-four captured Turkoman women and children were not retaken. One of the women, who afterwards escaped, says that the Tekkes numbered 200 horsemen and more than 1000 men on foot. The Russian losses were four men killed and fourteen wounded, including Captain Ter-Kazarow, the commander of the pursuing force. The Tekkes were stated to be partly armed with good rifles of English make.

THE MERV EXPEDITION—DEFEAT OF THE RUSSIANS.

There is news from the Tekke campaign, and that of a nature explaining the absence of further information. Before beginning his march into the steppe General Lomakin, it appears, collected three thousand camels near the wells of Burnah, Kabil, and Sulmen, about forty versts north-east from Krasnovodsk. The Tekke Turcomans having closely watched the proceedings of their enemy, on April 15 attacked Burnah, defeated the Russian guard, consisting of nearly two thousand men, and captured a large number of camels, which they carried away with them. Pursuit being made by reinforcements immediately sent from Krasnovodsk, the Tekke, whose march was impeded by the captured animals, were overtaken, and forced to confront the Russians. And now happened an event which forms a period in the history of Central Asiatic warfare. Instead of having recourse to their usual tactics of dispersing the camels and attacking the Russians in loose order, the Tekke dismounted, occupied a strong position half-way up a hill-side, and making the camels kneel down in front, fired from behind this living wall with the steadiness and rapidity of European sharpshooters. The encounter lasted till night, when the Tekke as well as the Russians retreated in opposite directions. The Tekke, leaving a dozen dead and some forty camels on the spot, marched east, carrying the rest of their booty with them; the Russians having buried their dead, retracing their steps to the west, finding it too dangerous to follow an enemy whose strength had suddenly so very much increased. Obviously the Turcomans, for the first time in their history, were armed with modern weapons, or they could not have resisted the Russian onslaught. This changes the aspect of Asiatic affairs. If any large number of Turcomans are armed with breechloading rifles, the Russians, to fight them, will require brigades where battalions have sufficed so long. But brigades are not easily moved and provisioned in Central Asia. In the present instance the resistance made by the Tekke seems to have forced the Russians to abandon all hope of penetrating into the interior until strong reinforcements can be sent across the Caspian Sea.

The Russian papers take no pains to conceal their bitter disappointment at the painful intelligence which has reached them from Central Asia referring to the hostile encounter between General Lomakin's force and the Tekke Turcomans. They admit that the Turcomans fought well, but they endeavour to put the blame upon the English, whom they accuse of having furnished their foes with firearms. Russian correspondents allege that rifles taken from the Turcomans were found to bear British brands.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN WAR.

About the middle of May the Chilian fleet bombarded three Peruvian ports, doing great damage. The Chilian admiral, while blockading Iquique, lifted the submarine cable, to maintain communication with his Government. Iquique was not much damaged by the bombardment. Mollundo and the district around it were also bombarded, and much railroad property destroyed. Pisagua was demolished. The Chilian force went ashore in boats, and was repulsed by the Peruvians. The vessel of Admiral Rogers, of the United States navy, was shot when the attack began, and a flag carried away. Admiral Rogers telegraphed the Chilian Admiral of the mishap, who apologised. He bombarded the town, leaving it in ruins. All the shipping appliances at the guano islands were destroyed. England remonstrated, and sent Admiral de Horsey to protect British interests. His flagship, the Triumph, an ironclad, visited San Francisco on its way south. She is of 6809 tons register, 4952 horse-power, carries two 12-ton guns, also four 64-pound guns, and six small breech-loading guns. She was sent out because of the late fight between the Shah and the Peruvian ironclad ram Huascar. The corvette Opal accompanies the Triumph, touching at Pitcairn Island. The Admiral may be reinforced by the China squadron, if necessary. The sloop of war Osprey sailed from Vancouver's Island, on June 7, for Panama. The Germans have ordered ships of war to Valparaiso. A report has been received from Buenos Ayres, that on the 5th instant a crowd made enthusiastic demonstrations in favour of Peru and Bolivia, and hooted the Chilian representative.

THE NEW ZEALAND AGRICULTURAL COMPANY.

The *Times* of May 17 says:—The point raised in the following note ought to be cleared up in the interests of the numerous class of persons who lend money to land companies on the security of bonds. As the total capital of the company, according to the original prospectus, was only £1,000,000, of which £350,000 was to be in fully paid-up shares, and as the company is now advertising 23,000 further shares, representing £460,000, for subscription, it would seem that the information given to our correspondent must be correct, and that out of the total "subscribed" to date there is really less than £50,000 paid up in hard cash. As now put, the figures thus tend to create misapprehension:—"May 16.—Sir,—With reference to the advertisement of the New Zealand Agricultural Company (Limited) in the *Times* of to-day, I notice the directors offer for sale the balance of shares, and at the same time state that out of the proposed total issue of 50,000 shares of £20 each they have already disposed of 27,233 shares, on which £398,665 has been paid up. I wish to ask what proportion, if any, of this issue of 27,233 shares has been taken by the public and what by the vendors? I am credibly informed that out of the number named 17,500 shares have been taken by the vendors as fully paid shares, representing £350,000, in part payment of the purchase money, and that only 9733 shares have been subscribed for by the public, the amount paid up on these being but £48,665, a very different sum to £398,665, the amount stated in the advertisement. If I am wrong in my information, the directors can easily put me right; but, for the advantage of the investing public, I think the actual facts should be clearly stated and generally known.—I am, &c., STOCKBROKER." The *Times* of May 19 contains the following letter in explanation. The amount of the share capital taken as "fully paid up" is £350,000:—"The New Zealand Agricultural Company (Limited), 110, Cannon-street, May 17.—Sir,—In the letter which appeared in your columns on Saturday, 'Stockbroker' asks whether the vendors' shares are included in the 27,233 shares already allotted. Allow me, in reply, to say that in the advertisement which appeared in the *Times* on Tuesday, the 13th instant, the following passage occurs in the report of the statutory meeting:—'The number of shares disposed of, including the fully paid up shares transferable only in the colony allotted to the vendors as part payment, is 27,233.' No one can be mistaken on the point, for with the forms of application are sent out the report from which I have quoted, as well as the original prospectus. I am, Sir, yours faithfully, JOHN SCOTT CABELL, Secretary."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.—ITS UNEQUALLED EFFICACY IN GENERAL DEBILITY.—In cases of debility and defective nutrition, the use of this celebrated Oil has been attended with remarkably beneficial results. Mr. Rowland Dalton, District Medical Officer, Bury St. Edmunds, writes:—"In giving my opinion of Dr. de Jongh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil, I have no hesitation in saying that I have not the slightest confidence in any other kind. The effects of Dr. de Jongh's Oil are sure and most remarkable, especially in that broken-down state of health and strength which usually precedes and favours tubercular deposit; and I never recommend any other sort. The Oil I have had from you was for my own use, and it has certainly been the only means of saving my life on two occasions; and even now, when I feel 'out of condition,' I take it, and like it, unmixed with anything, as being the most agreeable way. I could wish that Dr. de Jongh's Oil would come into general use, and entirely supersede the pale and other worthless preparations." Dr. de Jongh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil is sold only in capsuled imperial half-pints, pints, and quarts, by all chemists and druggists. Sole consignees, Ansar, Harford, and Co., 77, Strand, London. Agents at Sydney—Elliott Brothers.—Adv.

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LAW REPORT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—WEDNESDAY, JULY 9.

SURRENDERS.

Edwin Horne, of Gungal, farmer. Causes of insolvency: Pressure of creditors and sickness in family. Liabilities, £463 1s. 10d. Assets, £421. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

John Reynolds, of Moree, publican. Causes of insolvency: Dulness of trade and pressure of a judgment creditor. Liabilities, £803 1s. 11d. Assets, £6. Mr. Semphill, official assignee.

Samuel Collier, of Colli, storekeeper. Causes of insolvency: Losses and depression in trade, sickness and death in family, and pressure of creditors. Liabilities, £339 4s. 6d. Assets, £436 7s. 8d. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

Robert Oliver, of Petersham, carpenter. Causes of insolvency: Sickness and death in family and pressure of creditors. Liabilities, £38 13s. 7½d. Assets, £1 15s. Mr. Lyons, official assignee.

James Horner Young, of Dubbo, baker. Cause of insolvency: Pressure of creditor. Liabilities, £221 3s. Assets, £99 4s. 6d. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

JUDICIAL COMMITTEE OF THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

SATURDAY, MAY 17.

(Before Sir J. Colvile, Sir B. Peacock, Sir M. Smith, and Sir R. Collier.)

THE NATIONAL BANK OF AUSTRALASIA V. THE UNITED HAND-IN-HAND AND BANK OF HOPE COMPANY AND ANOTHER.

In this case, which was from the Supreme Court of Victoria two appeals were consolidated, and the arguments occupied three days.

Mr. Southgate, Q.C., and Mr. H. Cozens Hardy were for the bank; Mr. Joshua Williams, Q.C., and Mr. J. D. Wood for the company; Mr. Eddis, Q.C., represented the other respondent, Lakeland.

The suit was by the company to impeach the sale of a gold mine at Ballarat which had been mortgaged to the bank for large advances, and by them disposed of as mortgagees. The other respondent, Lakeland, had become the purchaser for £6000. The mine was held under a Crown lease. The advances by the bank exceeded £10,000, and the company had brought a redemption suit in equity. The questions raised related to two orders made in the Court below. The company filed a bill, and the bank was ordered to pay the company £6815, with interest of 7 per cent. The respondent alleged that the mine was "worked out," and that he was a bona fide purchaser. His costs had been ordered to be paid.

Their Lordships, on the conclusion of the arguments, reserved judgment.

LAW NOTICES.

INSOLVENCY MEETINGS.

July 10.—At Newcastle, John Gibson, second; John Frier, single.
July 11.—At Bathurst, William Fowler the younger, single; at Dubbo, Hobart B. Johnson, single; at Grafton, Patrick M'Mahon, single.
July 12.—Holiday.
July 14.—Holiday.
July 16.—At Tamworth, Thomas Doherty, Denis Hayes, single; at Forbes, Christopher Best, single.
July 17.—At Newcastle, John M'Loughlin, single.
July 18.—At Grafton, Thomas Hewitt, single.
July 21.—At Narrabri, George Jarvis, single; at Mudgee, Hugh Wilson, single; at Young, James Stonham, single.
July 22.—At Wagga Wagga, Walter Hoye, single.
July 23.—At Deniliquin, Charles Ferguson, single; at Forbes, Maurice Dalton, single; at Lismore, George Bell, single; at Newcastle, James Elliott, single; at Murrurundi, William H. Laughton, single.
July 24.—At Newcastle, Thomas Baldock, single.
July 25.—At Tumut, Thomas Woodward, John B. Holt, single; at Maitland, Margaret Byrnes, single.
July 26.—Vacation terminates.
July 28.—Finlay M'Martin, examination of insolvent and witnesses; London Chartered Bank v. Charles Bent, compulsory sequestration; Barker and James v. Alfred Hanson, compulsory sequestration; Clarence and New England Steam Navigation Company, proceedings under winding-up order; George W. Leeming, second meeting; Love v. Gibbs, rule nisi for compulsory sequestration; Richard Sim; David Gurrey, Charles F. Irven, first; George W. Tunbridge, motion for release, and second.
July 29.—Charles Kent, Nathan Myers, Enoch Sims, Thomas H. Foggo, George Anderson, William Ferrier, Edward W. D. M'Donagh, William Dalziel, William Shepherd, Joseph Shepherd, Mary Ann James, Robert F. B. Norman, William Teece, Henry Samuel, certificate meetings.
July 30.—Alexander Smithers, Michael W. F. Alzano, Thomas Chadd, Ann Mullins, James M'Neill, Jonas B. Walker, Samuel Barr, Mark Mealing, William Madden, Thomas Kelly, John Lahiff, single meetings; Henry Warrell, Thomas Greenstreet, Thomas E. Ellis, William H. Purvis, third.
July 31.—John F. Connolly, application to vary order.
August 1.—Holiday.
August 5.—Joseph K. Smith, James Mitchell, Alexander Reed, Wilburton E. Liardet, Henry Salmon, George Eason, John Strauss, Louis M. Keyzor, Thomas Loveday, Charles H. Barlee, Duncan M'Donald, James H. Longworth, Alexander Cameron, James M. Lierey, Edward Hodder, certificate meetings.
August 6.—Edward Wetton, Frederick Bower, John R. Moore, Adolph Gabriel, John R. Donovan, James Hardar, James F. Hannan, John Melly, Patrick Molony, Robert H. Ormiston, George Lane, single meetings; Henry L. Lewis, Edward P. Corrigan, first meetings.
August 8.—Fitzwilliam H. Eyre, second meeting; Gore W. Loney, first; Andrew B. Smith, Andrew M'Mahon, single; William C. Colsman, special.

POLICE.

At the CENTRAL POLICE COURT, yesterday, the Police Magistrate was assisted in the Crime Court by Messrs. Renwick, Callaghan, Booth, Murray, Butchart, and Solomon; and in the Summons Court, by Messrs. Chapman, Guy, Carpenter, M'Beath, Fowler, and Bull.

James Monroe was charged with having entered the premises of Charles H. Fish, with intent to commit a felony. Prosecutor, a plumber, residing in Cooper-street, deposed that about 7 o'clock last evening he went to his workshop in Elizabeth-street, and to his surprise found that the door, which had been left locked, was unlocked, and on attempting to open it was resisted by some one inside; he succeeded, however, in overcoming the resistance, and on entering was encountered by the prisoner endeavouring to force his way out, and in doing so knocked him (witness) down; he retained his hold, however, and detained him until the arrival of a constable, who on searching the prisoner, found him possessed of four skeleton keys, a screw-driver, and a knife; prisoner did not attempt to account for being on the premises, and was sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for the period of six months.

Robert M'Clintock was summarily convicted of having stolen a pair of boots, valued at 10s., the property of George Gardiner, and was sentenced to be imprisoned three months.

Ellen O'Donnell, charged with being a common prostitute, found behaving in an indecent manner in a public place, was found guilty on the evidence of constables Sproule and Shearer, and was sentenced to be imprisoned six months.

William Hatfield, a constable of police, appeared on summons, before Messrs. Carpenter and Guy, to answer an information in which he was charged with an assault. David Fienburg, of Wexford-street, general dealer, deposed that about half-an-hour past midnight of the 20th June he was in a cart in Parramatta-street, on his way home from Parramatta, and was singing; defendant stopped him, and ordered him off the cart; in reply to his inquiry what he was going to do, defendant said "You come down and see what I will do with you;" he said that he was doing no harm, but defendant insisted upon his coming down, and he did so; defendant then laid hold of him by the throat, and two or three times struck him with his fist under the left ear, and then said, "Now get up into your cart;" he did so, and went on his way for about three minutes, when defendant ran after him, again stopped the horse, and said to witness, "Now, I caution you, if ever you sing again, I will lock you up;" witness made no reply; defendant left him, and he went home. On cross-examination by Mr. Carroll for the defence, complainant said that he made a mistake as to the hour—it was about half-past 1, not 12; he made a written complaint to sub-inspector Rush; he did in that complaint say that he believed defendant was drunk, but in his now opinion he was not drunk; he was not shouting nor making any noise to disturb people; he was singing the song, "Sailors on the Sea;" it has no chorus; his singing would not waken a kitten. For the defence sub-inspector Rush was called, who deposed as to the constable's character—he had never known him to drink since he has been in uniform. Sergeant Lawless deposed that at 2 o'clock in the morning referred to defendant came to the station, and had no sign of drink upon him. The bench dismissed the information, and ordered complainant to pay 21s. for defendant's costs.

ERRATUM.—Mr. Ridge, J.P., requests it to be notified that although he went on the bench to speak to the sitting magistrate while the prosecution of Constable Ould against Mr. Sherwin was in progress, he was in no way connected with the case itself, and consequently had no part in the decision of the Court.

At the WATER POLICE COURT yesterday morning, before Messrs. Palmer, Brown, and Greville, J's.P., *Herbert Lahiff*, who had been twice convicted before, was charged with having stolen two tumbler pigeons, valued at 20s., the property of William Silk. Messrs. Gannon and Bull appeared on his behalf, and sought to show that he had bought the pigeons; but the Bench found him guilty. He was sentenced to three months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

The same prisoner was next charged with having stolen fourteen pigeons, valued at £2 5s., the property of George Christie. He was found guilty, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

Herbert Lahiff and *Edward Swain* were charged with having stolen five pigeons, valued at 30s., the property of Dritto. They were found guilty. Lahiff was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour; this and the other two sentences to be concurrent. Swain was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour.

Joseph Livermore and *Edward Swain* were charged with having stolen three pigeons, valued at 15s., the property of Josiah Harper. They were found guilty, and were sentenced each to three months' imprisonment with hard labour. Swain's sentence to be concurrent.

Matthew Fleming was charged with having stolen 14 pigeons, valued at £2, the property of Samuel Heaton. He was found guilty; he was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour, this sentence to be concurrent with the sentences previously given.

Mr. Palmer, the chairman of the Bench, complimented Sergeant Pirie on the skill and energy he had displayed in following up these cases, and also directed that the lads should be kept separate.

CHARGE OF ARSON.

At the Water Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Smart, J.P., sat for the eighth time, hearing a charge preferred against *Henry Zeplin*, for that he did, on the 17th November, 1878, set fire to a certain dwelling-house in Pitt-street. Sir George Innes appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Pilcher for the defence. The evidence for the Crown was closed, and was to the following effect:—A day or two before the fire the accused sent for a writing clerk, named Newman, to make out a bill of sale to his (accused's) brother in Melbourne. The accused then said to him that he would hear of something in a day or two, and not to be surprised at it, but not to say anything about it. The property in Pitt-street had been made over by the accused for no consideration. The property was insured for £2000 in the North German Insurance Company; after the fire Zeplin said to Newman, "Don't crack about what I said to you on Saturday night or else they will think I have done it." A man named Bruce who was sleeping on the dining-room table stated that about 4 o'clock in the morning he was awake, and heard a crackling noise, and he ran to a hole through which he could see the bar. There were flames coming through the bar window, and on looking through the hole he saw the accused standing by the chiffonier, where the fire had originated. This chiffonier usually stood against a brick wall, but had been moved to a wooden partition between the bar and the bar parlour. The accused was doing nothing but standing looking at the fire, and not doing anything to put it out. He (Bruce) gave the alarm, and the Insurance Company's Brigade was soon on the spot, and quickly extinguished the flames. Constable O'Sullivan stated that he rapped at the accused's door and could make no one hear. Superintendent Bown deposed that the fire was a quick one, and only scorched the wood, and that when the brigade came on the spot he could neither see nor hear of Zeplin. Other evidence was given that before the fire Zeplin had taken two bottles of turpentine out of the workshops, a thing he had never done before; that on the morning after the fire a piece of cotton waste was found near the bar parlour door, and when it was ignited it blazed; that there was only £17 worth of furniture in the bar when the fire took place, and that three loads of furniture had been sent to a house at Newtown, which the accused had furnished for his mother-in-law, and to which he had sent his younger children before the fire; and that a few minutes after the fire the accused, his wife, and his eldest son were found on the roof of a little house at the rear. The accused was remanded until Monday, when Mr. Smart will announce his decision.

BOROUGH COUNCIL.

MARRICKVILLE.—The usual fortnightly meeting of the Council was held at half-past 7 p.m., on Monday, June 16. Present—The Mayor (Alderman Alcock), in the chair, and a full Council. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed. The following letters were read and dealt with as follows, viz.:—1. From Mr. James Manning, re water supply to city and suburbs. Received. 2. From G. Gray and others, respecting the state of Emily-street. To be taken into consideration with the ward estimates. 3. From the Gas Company, re gas supply, &c. The Mayor and Aldermen Graham and Miles to form a deputation to wait upon the Gas Company to ascertain what could be done. 4. From Peter Graham, offering loan to the Council. Received. 5. From H. J. Spier, respecting the state of the footpath at the junction of Addison and Livingston Roads. Received. 6. From G. A. Allerton respecting part of Wemyss-street. Received. 7. From S. P. Leigh and Co. offering maps of the suburbs, &c. Received. 8. From St. Peter's Council agreeing to meet the Committee for Works of this Council to confer respecting Unwin's Bridge Road South, and also enclosing a cheque for a contribution previously promised. To be left in the hands of the Committee for Works to be dealt with. 9. From J. J. Calvert re 'bus. Received. 10. From D. Scott and others respecting the state of Alma-lane. Received. To be dealt with when ward estimates are considered. 11. From Cavey and others, respecting state of Cambridge-street. Received, to be considered with the ward estimates. Reports Adopted:—1, Works Committee on municipal work; 2, Works Committee, on Government work; 3, finance report, authorising payment of £92 8s. 7d.; 4, treasurer's report, showing deposit of £124 6s. 3d.; 5, report of inspector of nuisances, on a letter from J. Gurney. The Building Committee were further empowered to carry out the arrangements respecting the new hall. The following resolution was then unanimously passed by the Council, viz.,—"That a cordial vote of thanks be accorded to his Worship the Mayor (Alderman Alcock) for the liberal manner in which he inaugurated the opening of the hall and Council-chambers." The Council then rose.—L. PARK, Council-clerk.

Government Notices.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch, Sydney, 23rd June, 1879.

TENDERS will be received at this Office, until 11 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 15th July, 1879, from persons willing to contract for the Erection of a new Carriage Shed at Newcastle.

Plan, specification, and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, at the Office of the Engineer for Existing Lines, 45, Phillip-street, Sydney.

Tenders are to be endorsed "Tender for new Carriage Shed, Newcastle."

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

CHAS. A. GOODCHAP, Commissioner for Railways.

Furniture, &c.

HOUSES FURNISHED ON THE TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM, from £10 to £1000, at the HYDE PARK FURNISHING EXHIBITION.

HARDY, BROTHERS, beg to remind PARTIES FURNISHING, and the public generally, that they are now prepared to treat with parties desirous of furnishing on the TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM.

Our terms will be found the most easy and liberal that have yet been offered to the public.

NO BILLS OF SALE REQUIRED.

N.B.—All goods marked in plain figure prices, from which no abatement will be made.

HARDY, BROTHERS, Hyde Park Furnishing Exhibition, 9, 11, 13, 15, and 17, Oxford-street.

HARDY, BROTHERS' £31 10s HOUSE of FURNITURE comprises:—

PARLOUR.

Spring-seated COUCH, 6 Spring-seated CHAIRS, covered in haircloth, green or crimson Rep, Round TABLE, CHIFFONIER SAFE, MATTING for Rooms, 12 x 9; KEROSENE LAMP, TABLE COVER, CLOCK, Pier-glass, pair Vases, Hearthrug, Fender, and Fireirons.

No. 1 BEDROOM.

4-post Ornamental BEDSTEAD, PALLIASSES, BOLSTER, 2 FEATHER PILLOWS, TOWEL RAIL, WASHSTAND and TOILETWARE, TOILET GLASS, TOILET TABLE, 2 cane-seated CHAIRS, CHEST DRAWERS, set TOILET TABLES.

BEDROOM No. 2.

IRON BEDSTEAD, PALLIASSE, MATTRESS, BOLSTER and PILLOW, CHAIR, Washstand, Toilet-ware, TOILET-TABLE, TOILET-GLASS, 6 yards MATTING.

KITCHEN.

Pine Safe, Pine Table, 2 Chairs, 12 Plates, 2 Vegetable Dishes, Dipper, 3 Meat Dishes, Gravy Boat, Milk Jug, 6 China Cups and Saucers, 6 China Plates, 6 Tumblers, 6 Wines, Sugar Basin, G. I. Tub, Tin Basin, 2 Saucepans, Frypan, 3 Flatirons, Butter Dish, Scrub Brush, Hair Broom, Banister Brush, Knifeboard and Powder, Gridiron, Colander, 6 Knives and Forks, 6 Dessert Spoons, 6 Tea Spoons, 6 Table Spoons, Bellows, pair Candlesticks, Kettle, Boiler.

N.B.—SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to the Furniture comprised in our £31 10s house. The upholstering work being done on the premises, every article is guaranteed.

OXFORD-STREET, SYDNEY.

FURNITURE SHOWROOMS O'Connell-street.

The undersigned invite the attention of parties furnishing gentlefolks recently arrived, and the public generally, to the MAGNIFICENT SELECTION of HIGH CLASS FURNITURE, NOW ON VIEW at the above address, FOR PRIVATE SALE, including a complete assortment of HALL, DINING-ROOM, LIBRARY, DRAWING-ROOM, and BEDROOM REQUISITES of the MOST NOVEL and FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

Fresh consignments are now being opened out, and will be followed by other EXTENSIVE SHIPMENTS, arrangements having been made with the LEADING MANUFACTURING HOUSES in LONDON for continuous supplies.

WHOLESALE BUYERS LIBERALLY DEALT WITH. EXPERIENCED PACKERS are retained for the safe dispatch of goods for the country or for shipment.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers and General Commission Agents, Spring and O'Connell streets.

AMERICAN CHAIRS.—The cheapest place in Sydney, SOLOMON'S Furnishing Arcade, 689, George-street South.

IRON BEDSTEADS, Cots, Bedding, Furniture, cheap. SOLOMON'S Furnishing Arcade, 689, George-street South.

AT THE ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE. Chairs from 2s 6d to 70s each. ECONOMICAL FURNITURE FOR SPARE ROOMS, to suit EXHIBITION TIME. Mrs. POTT'S PATENT IRONS, 6s 9d, THREE and STAND. AUSTRIAN FURNITURE in great variety. ENGLISH FURNITURE in FINE ASSORTMENT. MIRRORS in GILT and OTHER FRAMES. RESTAURANT and BOARDING-HOUSE CHAIRS. BEDSTEADS, all prices and sizes. FURNITURE, in immense variety, to suit everybody, at the ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE, W. B. CAMPBELL, next to the Royal Hotel, George-street, Sydney.

TWENTY PER CENT. Discount off everything in the Bargain Room, at the Royal Furnishing Arcade. Campbell.

FROM THE NEWS OF THE WORLD.—

"At the Paris Exhibition, the WHEELER and WILSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY have gained an indisputable pre-eminence over 80 competitors by carrying off the only 'GRAND PRIZE' awarded to SEWING-MACHINES (which must not be confounded with the 'Gold Medal,' a secondary prize), for the superiority and excellence of their machines. The testimony of a jury composed of competent authorities will not fail to guide the public in choosing an article that is now a necessity to every one."

Send for a circular to GORDON and GOTCH, 353, George-street.

BEWARE OF GERMAN IMITATIONS.

It is Economy to buy the best.

SUPPLIED ON THE MOST LIBERAL TIME-PAYMENT SYSTEM.

FOR SALE, Drawing-room SUITE; no reasonable offer refused. Apply E. BURTON, 4, Hunter-street.

FOR SALE, Howe SEWING-MACHINE. 31, George-street West, at Mrs. GRIFFITHS.

THE IMPROVED "HOME SHUTTLE" SEWING-MACHINE.

All genuine machines stamped "M. Moss and Co."

REDUCED PRIZE LIST.

No. 1.—For Hand Use, complete, £4.
No. 2.—For Treadle Use, with table complete, £6.
No. 3.—Ditto, with cover and lock and key, complete, £7.

We have appointed Mr. C. E. FULLER, Stationers' Hall, 387, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel, sole Retail Agent, where the machines are procurable on a liberal time-payment system.

Sole Wholesale Agents, M. MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

A GREAT MISTAKE.—Many persons imagine that as the competition in the manufacture of sewing-machines is now so great and the prices lessened thereby that they are the gainer when purchasing cheap-made machines. These, we admit, answer the purpose for which they were made admirably, viz., to sell, and people find themselves sold into the bargain, when after a few months' use "the troublesome things" won't work. The Standard Machines are made for use as well as for sale, and are consequently of the best material and workmanship, will last for years, thereby proving themselves in the end the cheapest. Prominent among these latter stands the WILCOX and GIBB'S AUTOMATIC SEWING-MACHINE, the most durable and best for family or factory, and the only silent and self-regulating one.

S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street.

REMINGTON SEWING MACHINES, Hand and Treadle.

WITH LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, for beauty and perfection of mechanism there are none to approach them.

These MACHINES have taken lately FIRST PRIZE at the principal Exhibitions in America and Brisbane, and previously at Vienna.

All buyers express their admiration of them, as fully attested by the large number of TESTIMONIALS to hand.

COME and SEE THEM, and we are sure you WILL BUY NO OTHER.

We GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

Prices reduced, and terms liberal, so as TO BRING these Machines within the reach of all.

We beg to bring also BEFORE the NOTICE of MANUFACTURERS, the REMINGTON BUTTON-HOLE MACHINE, which are a great success, and have a large sale in America.

They are SPECIALLY QUOTED in periodicals of the day, and took CENTENNIAL PRIZE at the Philadelphia Exhibition.

These MACHINES are CAPABLE of DOING 1500 to 2000 BUTTON HOLES in NINE HOURS, and would pay their cost in a few weeks.

J. J. CURRAN, 690, George-street, Sole Agent.

ROBERT HARDY, Furniture Warehouseman, 33, Park and Castlereagh streets, furnishes houses from £10 to £1000 upon easiest terms offered in the city. Weekly or monthly payments. N.B.—Second-hand furniture bought, sold, or exchanged.

DRAWING-ROOM.—For SALE, the Contents (complete) of an elegantly-furnished Room—Suite, in black, satin, and gold; piano, &c.; all new and very superior; price, £125. R. O., HERALD Office.

General Merchandise.

BARRATT and CO., Commission Agents, Dunedin, receive consignments of Sydney Manufactures, Candles, Soap, Teas, Colonial wines. Trial solicited. Offer first-class Hotels, town, country. Suburban Stores, Farms, Runs, cheap. Terms easy.

CHANDELIERS and Gas-fittings, new designs; Gas Stoves, American and English. JOHN DANKS, 105, Liverpool-street.

IRON PIPE, black and galvanized; Lead Pipe, Brass and Copper Pipe. JOHN DANKS, 105, Liverpool-street.

THE GRAND GOLD MEDAL OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF PARIS has been awarded for the Excellence of HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP.

HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP, the BEST THING KNOWN for Washing Everything.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP lathers FREELY and makes the clothes a Good Colour.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP is excellent for washing Wool. It leaves the fleece nice and soft.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP, for CLEANING PAINT, SCOURING FLOORS, &c.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP, for cleaning Plate, Glass, China, and all kinds of Earthenware.
HUDSON'S EXTRACT OF SOAP has received the Highest Award at the Paris Exhibition, 1878.

Sold by all wholesale and retail grocers, druggists, and Italian warehousemen throughout the world, in 1-lb., ½-lb., and ¼-lb. pkts. Manufactured only by R. S. HUDSON, Royal Chemical Works, West Bromwich; Hudson's Chemical Works, Bank Hall-street, Liverpool; and 83, Worship-street, London, E.C. Sold wholesale by Rocke, Tompsitt, and Co., 3, Flinders-street East, Melbourne.

BOTTLED ALE and STOUT on SALE—ALLSOPP'S CHAMPAGNE ALE, in pints and quarts; GUINNESS' STOUT, ditto ditto; BARCLAY'S ditto, ditto ditto; PATTERSON and HIBBERT'S ditto, ditto ditto. HENRY DARE, 46, Pitt-street.

WOOLPACKS (Dundee), 10¼, 10½, and 11 lbs., ends, tops, and sides. CHAS. MOORE and CO.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.—American CANAL BARROWS, all best ash, no mortices or tenons to cause rot and decay, only 53 lbs. weight, 20s each. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, Sydney.

EUREKA LATHE and SCROLL SAW, has steel spindles and centre patent bearings, also planed bed, suitable either for mechanics or amateurs, £5 10s. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street.

A GREAT SAVING is made both to temper and pocket by purchasing a UNIVERSAL MANGLE and WRINGER. It pays for itself in less than twelve months, will last for years, and is the best in the market. S. Hebblewhite, 432, George-street.

REVOLVING Wash Boards, only 1s 9d each, quite a novelty. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, Sydney.

ONE-QUART CHURNS, 7s 6d.—Butter in 3 minutes. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, Sydney.

PATENT LEVER MANGLES, with cloth, only 70s each. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, Sydney.

Building Materials.

SLATES, all sizes, at greatly reduced prices. Marble and Slate Chimneypieces, Cement, Plaster, Zinc, Sheet Lead and Pipe, Galvanized Iron (plain and corrugated), Drain Pipes, &c. G. E. CRANE and SON, New Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

CEDAR, all sizes, hand-sawn. Turnery every description. Cheap at STEWART'S Cedar Yard, Pitt-street.

GALVANIZED Ridging, Gutter, and Down Pipe, &c., at reduced rates. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-st.

FIRE BRICKS and FIRE CLAY always on hand; DRAIN PIPES, all sizes, 3 to 24 inch, bends and junctions; Chimney Pots; Garden, Border, and Paving Tiles. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street, near Bathurst-street.

AMERICAN REDWOOD, 3, 2, 1½, 1, and ½ inch Redwood SHELVING, dressed 1 and 2 sides; Door Sashes, Mouldings, Architraves, &c. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street.

AMERICAN DOORS, all sizes; American Red Beach Plaster in trade lots. Barron, Moxham, and Co., Wynyard-sq.

WALL PAPERS! WALL PAPERS! At greatly reduced prices—10 per cent. 10,000 patterns to choose from 3½d roll. H. H. GROTH, Importer of Gen. Champion's White Lead, Oils, Paints, Colours, Varnishes, Glass, and articles required by the trade. CHEAP. CHEAP. Ceiling Roses. H. H. GROTH, Oil and Colour Store, 314, George-street.

BANGOR and American SLATES, at greatly reduced prices. E. OGDEN, Hay and Dixon streets.

ON SALE, 3 to 6 lbs. SHEET LEAD, cut to sizes. J. A. BROWN, 276, Pitt-street.

ON SALE, Galvanized Iron Pipe, ½ to 2 inch, with fittings. JAMES A. BROWN, 276, Pitt-street.

GUTTERS, Pipe, Ridging, &c., 50,000 feet; reduced prices. BROWN, opposite School of Arts.

CORRUGATED IRON, all lengths.—The cheapest place in Sydney is BROWN'S, 276, Pitt-street.

THE GOSPEL OAK IRON AND GALVANIZED IRON AND WIRE COMPANY.

IRON MANUFACTURERS AND GALVANIZERS.

TRADE MARKS:

First Brand, "G anchor O." First quality. Second Brand, "Eagle." Eagle quality.

The Gospel Oak is the oldest manufacture of GALVANIZED IRON in England. The original Galvanized Tinned Iron was first made at these works in the year 1842. This iron obtained the prize medal for "EXCELLENT QUALITY" at the Great Exhibition of 1862, it being the ONLY PRIZE MEDAL awarded in the trade.

The price is now greatly reduced.

Works: Gospel Oak Iron Works, Tipton; Mitre Works, Wolverhampton; Regent's Canal, Limehouse, London.

Warehouse: 56, Upper Thames-street, London.

Export Office: 110, Cannon-street, London.

AMERICAN DOORS, all kinds and sizes, at greatly reduced prices. G. and S. PREDDY, Sawmills, Erskine-st.

HARDWOOD, Cedar, Pine, Kauri, Beech, Rosewood, American Pine, Redwood, Shelving, Oregon, at lowest rates.

CEDAR BOARDS and TURNERY, all sizes, in stock or to order, at reduced rates.

CHEAP ROOFING, Redwood Palings, 3 feet, 9s per hundred. G. and S. Preddy, Sawmills, 14, Erskine-street.

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.—Thirty thousand good BRICKS for SALE. Apply at the Bunnerong Brick Yard, Military Road, Botany. SPEECHLEY and DIVE.

BUILDING STONE for SALE. A. WADSWORTH, Darlinghurst Gaol.

J. MURPHY AND SON. Importers of

Plate	Turpentine	Gold and Silver Bronze
Sheet	Raw and Boiled Oils	Paperhangings
Stained	Brushware	Glaziers' Diamonds,
Ornamental	Kerosene Oil	plate and sheet
Cathedral	Colours for house and coach painters, plasterers, &c.	Tar
Hammered (flat and rolled)		Pitch
GLASS (all sizes, cut to order)	Varnishes	Resin
White and Red Lead	Gold and Silver Leaf	Wood preserving Oil; Cement, &c., &c.

Mixed Paint, ready for use, any shade required. All orders promptly executed by Rail, Steamer, City, or Suburbs.

NOTICE. TO BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, and OTHERS. SASHES for glazing and delivery this week cannot be received later than 4 p.m., THIS DAY. J. MURPHY and SON, British Plate and Sheet Glass Warehouse, 21 and 23, George-street West.

FOR SALE, cheap, Sandstone FLAGS. Corner of Wynyard and York sts. Leggatt, M'Intosh, and Hadkins.

IRONBARK GIRDERS.—SAWN HARDWOOD.—STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

MARYBORO' PINE.—COLONIAL PINE.—8 x ½ T. and G. Lining Boards, 6 x ½ T. and G. Scotch Mouldings, Architraves, Skirting, &c., &c. STREET, BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

KAURI PINE, N. Z., 500,000 feet, assorted sizes. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

LIME.—Pure Marble Lime; also, Portland and Welsh CEMENT. Marble Lime Co.'s Depot, 8, King-street.

Educational.

ALFRED-STREET, NORTH SHORE.—Mrs. Ernest Waters will resume her morning class July 16.

ARGYLE SCHOOL, Arthurleigh, Albion-street.—School will re-open July 14. E. C. BAXTER.

ASHFIELD, Day and Boarding School, for young gentlemen, re-opens 15th. Rev. S. W. Brooks, Principal.

A SPECIAL Writing and Dictation CLASS for Boys every morning. NORRIS, Writing Master, 34, Park-street.

A CLASS to prepare candidates for the Civil Service and Matriculation Examinations on Tuesday and Friday evenings. Work resumed on TUESDAY, 14th. F. W. GIRSON, Ormonde House, Paddington.

A BOLD Business HANDWRITING or BOOK-KEEPING taught to ladies or gentlemen of any age, in a few short easy lessons. Mr. NORRIS, Writing Institute, 34, Park-street. Established 1861. Lessons day and evenings.

CLASSICS, French, German, taught, by Dr. ADLER, B.A.L., Dresden, Saxony. 283, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

CLASSICS, French, German taught by Dr. ADLER, B.A.L., Dresden, Saxony. 288, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

CORNET LESSONS given to young beginners. Terms, &c., to Ledger-line, HERALD.

CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, 129, Castlereagh-street, Sydney. Principal—Mr. MONTAGUE YOUNGER. Instruction in Singing, also on Organ, &c. Organ, Piano, Harmonium, and all orchestral instruments. Studies resumed July 1.

COMMERCIAL and CLASSICAL SCHOOL, 69, William-street.

The course of instruction will be thoroughly practical, and up to the standard required for a sound English education. Work will be resumed MONDAY, the 14th instant. W. WHYTE, Principal.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, CROYDON (Sydney).

Principal—Rev. W. S. NEWTON, M.A. (Cambridge University). School will RE-OPEN July 17.

COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, Glebe Point.

Head Master, FRED. JACKSON, M.A. (University of Oxford). Work resumed on MONDAY, July 14.

Prospectus on application.

DANCING.—Mr. J. HALL'S CLASSES for PUPILS and Visitors, This Evening, Oddfellows' Hall, Sussex-street.

EVANDALE, Pitt-street, Redfern.—The duties of Miss WALKER'S School resumed MONDAY, July 7.

EDUCATIONAL.—Phrenology.—Parents, obtain the advice of Professor HAMILTON, 355, George-st., nr. King-st.

E. S. DEANE, Teacher of Pianoforte, Violin, Guitar, Concertina, Singing, &c. Maitland House, Balmain, Palings.

ENGLISH, French, Drawing (inclusive), 2 guineas. Elfred House, Glenmore Road. Principal, Miss MARTIN. Duties will be resumed July 14th.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—Mr. STEPHENSON and Mr. GOLDIE, Masters in the above, have vacancies for boys attending the school. For prospectus apply Wimbledon Hall, Bourke-street.

GIRTON COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES.

THE BOULEVARD, PETERSHAM.

Principals: MRS AARON BUZACOTT and the MISSES BUZACOTT, assisted by THE REV. AARON BUZACOTT, B.A. (London).

Young Ladies will receive in this Establishment a thorough training in all the branches of a liberal education.

The aim of the Principals will be to afford their pupils a course of study similar to that pursued at Girton College, Cambridge University, combined with the comfort and refinement of an English home.

The Class for Junior Pupils, under eight years of age, will be taught on the Kindergarten system, as adopted in Germany.

MASTERS ATTEND UPON THE USUAL TERMS.

The College is situated in one of the healthiest Suburbs of Sydney, and is easily accessible by rail or 'bus.

REFERENCES:

Sir Alfred Stephen, K.C.B. G.M.C. | The Rev. J. G. Fraser, M.A.
Lady Stephen | The Rev. Dr. Steel
The Misses Hardie, Shirley | The Rev. T. Johnson
The Rev. Thomas Jones, Melbourne | J. R. Fairfax, Esq.

HIGH SCHOOL, HOBART TOWN.—Rector, the Rev. R. D. Powlett Harris, M.A. Vacation ends July 17th. The Rector will be in town till the 8th. Address to the HERALD Office.

LADIES' SCHOOL, 2, Belgrave-terrace, conducted by the Misses EVERITT. Vacation terminates July 21.

LLANFOYST LADIES' ACADEMY, Victoria-street, Randwick. Principal, Miss HARVEY. School DUTIES will be resumed JULY 21st. Vacancies for four resident pupils, also for music and singing pupils.

LANE COVE ROAD, ST. LEONARDS.

Miss WHITELOCKE has resumed her School DUTIES. P. S. System. Quarter from date of entrance.

HEREFORD COLLEGE, Denmark Lodge, Glebe Road, Principal, Mrs. GRAY. English and music, £2 2s quarter.

HIGH SCHOOL.—CONVENT OF THE GOOD SAMARITAN, Pitt-street.

Ensuing Quarter begins TUESDAY, July 15th.

LADIES' COLLEGE, Sunbury House, Prince Alfred Park.—Principal—Mrs. A. Thom. Studies resumed July 21.

MADAME CONDUIT, Professor of Singing. Quarter commences July 16th. 310, Victoria-st. South, Darlinghurst.

MISS BAINES'S PREPARATORY SCHOOL for Boys, 65, Elizabeth-street. Vacation terminates July 21.

MUSIC.—Piano, Organ, Singing, Theory, &c. Mr. A. REA, Butleigh, Simmons-street, Enmore.

MRS. FRED. BENNETT will resume Musical Tuition, Thursday, 10th July; two vacancies. 11, Bligh-st.

MR. HORNIMAN'S School will re-open on MONDAY, 21st instant. Brougham Lodge, Victoria-street.

MISS HORNIMAN'S Preparatory School will re-open on MONDAY, 21st instant. 225, Victoria-street.

MRS. WALLACE, 233, William-street, resumes lessons on MONDAY, July 14.

MRS. and Miss CLAPHAM, 311, Upper Dowling-st., Darlinghurst.—School Re-opens 21st instant. Vacancies.

MR. SHERIDAN MOORE, 69, Dowling-street, has two afternoons disengaged for Lecture Lessons at schools.

MRS. and Miss JONES, 469, Pitt-street South. School duties resumed July 14. Vacancies.

MRS. BROWNE, Maryville, St. Peter's.—Studies will be resumed MONDAY, July 14th instant.

MUSIC.—Miss MOUNTAIN resumes lessons on MONDAY, 13th instant, Ingleside, Petersham.

MUSIC.—1s per lesson or one guinea per quarter. Miss GRIEVES, daughter of the late W. Grieves, 9, Glebe Road.

MR. BLACKMORE'S SCHOOL, 96, Hunter-street. Spring Term commenced 8th instant.

MISS CAZALY resumed school duties July 7. 3, Olivia-terrace, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

MISS WHITFIELD, Sevington Villa, Stanmore Road, has VACANCIES for Pupils. Quarter commences July 14. English, Mathematics, French, Drawing, Music. Apply Saturday afternoon.

MR. E. WHITFELD, M.A., being disengaged in the afternoon, will be prepared next quarter to take pupils, and to examine in Mathematics, English, History, Geography, Latin, French. Grammar School, or Sevington Villa, Stanmore.

MINNAVILLE SCHOOL, conducted by MISS CONNOR, 357, Liverpool-street.—Studies will be resumed 14th July. The house is pleasantly situated on the heights of Darlinghurst, with ample grounds for recreation. Referees: The Very Rev. the Dean of Sydney, Rev. T. Hayden, Rev. J. D. Langley, Rev. R. M'Keown.

PIANOFORTE and SINGING.—Signor D'APICE resumes his duties on July 15. W. H. Paling, 366, George-st.

PETERSHAM.—ESTABLISHMENT for young Ladies, "Waverton," Palace and Norwood streets. Principals, Mrs. and Miss ELLA. Duties will be resumed on MONDAY, July 14th. Vacancies for resident pupils. Non-pupils can attend classes.

RIVIERE COLLEGE, on the Heights of Woollahra. —Principals: Professor and Mrs. GOERGS. Studies will be resumed July 22nd. Lessons on Health as usual in the Ladies' Gymnasium.

ST. LEONARDS GRAMMAR SCHOOL, Hughenden, Walker-street. RE-OPENS July 14th.

SYDNEY LADIES' COLLEGE, Macquarie and Bent streets.—Miss FLOWER politely requests the punctual attendance of Pupils and Professors on the 21st instant.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—SPRING TERM will begin on MONDAY, July 14, at 9.30 a.m., when all PUPILS, old and new, are required to be in attendance. A. B. WEIGALL, Head Master.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, Hunter's Hill.—One or two young gentlemen attending the Sydney Grammar School may obtain comfortable BOARD and RESIDENCE with a private family residing in the above favourite and healthy suburb. Terms moderate; steamers all day. Address W. O. H., HERALD Office.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The ENGLISH MASTER has a few Vacancies for BOARDERS. Terms, inclusive of school fees, from 60 guineas. For prospectus and code of rules, apply to Mr. C. J. FACHE, Cleveland House, Alfred Park.

SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

NOTICE.—The Secretary will be in attendance to receive the Fees for the Upper School on MONDAY, July 14th; and for the Lower School on TUESDAY, July 15th.

Any boy who shall fail to pay his fees by FRIDAY, July 18th, will be supposed to have left the school, and the vacancy will be filled up.

W. H. CATLETT, Secretary to the Trustees.

9th July.

SINGLETON GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

DUTIES will be resumed on MONDAY, 21st July. The Principal is prepared to receive applications for new pupils. Prospectuses, &c., on application. ALEX. W. JOHNSTON, M.A., Principal.

SPRINGFIELD COLLEGE, Macleay-street.—Madame de MONSIGNY, Principal.—The School is surrounded by extensive grounds, and possesses large and airy schoolrooms, refectory, dormitory, lavatory, &c. School work resumed July 15. Principal at home every afternoon and Saturday morning, from the 8th.

THE Misses HOOPER receive a limited number of resident and daily PUPILS. Efficient professors attend the school. Studies resumed MONDAY, 21st instant. 28, Upper Fort-street.

THE KING'S SCHOOL, PARRAMATTA.

WORK will be resumed on TUESDAY, the 15th instant, at 9.30 a.m. All boarders are required to be present at Roll Call on MONDAY, the 14th, at 8 p.m. GEORGE F. MACARTHUR, Head-Master.

THE SCHOOL, Oaklands, Mittagong.—The winter vacation will terminate on WEDNESDAY, July 16th. Applications for vacancies are politely requested before the 9th proximo. Prospectus may be obtained from the Secretary or Head Master. H. E. SOUTHEY.

THE NEW SCHOOL, 1867, EAGLESFIELD, Darlinghurst Road.

Spring Term will commence MONDAY, July 14, at 10 a.m.

PRINCIPAL: W. J. Stephens, M.A., formerly Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College, Oxford; and First Head Master of the Sydney Grammar School.

First-class, LITERIS HUMANIORIBUS; and Third, DISCIPLINIS MATHEMATICIS ET PHYSICIS, 1852.

WATER COLOUR PAINTING.—Mr. Raworth gives Lessons. 3, Rialto-terrace, William-street South.

WRENTMORE COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE-STREET, SOUTH KINGSTON.—Principals: The Misses COOK. Studies will be resumed July 14. Vacancies for a few resident Pupils.

DANCING.—There are now a few vacancies in a private class conducted by Mrs. C. READ, at Miss Baines's School, 65, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, in Waverley, three mornings a week, Instruction in Elocution, French, &c. Mater, HERALD.

EDUCATION AND DENOMINATIONALISM.

In THE ECHO, THIS AFTERNOON, will be printed a full report of the Lecture by the Rev. Dr. Byrne, at Bathurst, including the Correspondence between the R. C. Bishop of Bathurst and the late Mr. Kenna.

Volunteer Notices.

NEW SOUTH WALES RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

The following is a synopsis of the PROGRAMME OF MATCHES to be fired at the 19th ANNUAL PRIZE MEETING, to be held during the week ending 15th November, subject to such alterations or additions as may hereafter be made.

No. of Match.		Number of Prizes.	Amount of Prizes.	First Prize.	Ranges. Yards.	Entrance.	Conditions of Entry, &c.
			£	£			
1st Match	one match.	20	50	10	500 and 600	25s	Open to all Volunteers or Members of the Association who are Enrolled Members of the Volunteer Force under the Old Regulations. To be fired on three separate days.
2 "		20	50	10	Ditto		
3 "		20	50	10	Ditto		
4 "		N. R. A. Medal and 45	200	N.R.A. Silver Medal and £25	Aggregate		Aggregate of the first three matches.
5 "	(Recruits)	24	60	£8	400 and 500	4s	All bona fide Recruits who have been enrolled in the New Force, not having been members of the Old Force, and have been dismissed drill and gone through Musketry.
6 "	(Ladies)	17	75	10	400 and 600	5s	All Volunteers and Members of the Association.
7 "	(Schools)	15	25	5	400 and 500	2s 6d	Cadets (bona fide school boys) on 31st October.
8 "	(All Comers)	not decided	not decided	not decided	900 and 1000	...	All Comers.
9 "	(International)	1	£20	£20	500 and 600	nil	All Comers, as per conditions.
10 "	(Continuous)	unknown	unknown	unknown	300	2s	All Comers (target 4 feet x 6 feet).
11 "	(Bugle)	...	15	...	500 and 600	...	Ten Representatives from each Regiment of Rifles N. S. W. Artillery (Permanent), Volunteer Artillery, and Naval Brigade.
12 "	(Walker Trophy)	Trophy and 5	Trophy and £40	Trophy and £15	500 and 600	20s	Five Representatives from each Battery or Company.
13 "	(Fowlingpiece)	Fowlingpiece and 8	Fowlingpiece & £15	Fowlingpiece	400, 500, and 600	5s	Same as 1st Match. (Double-barrelled breech-loading fowling-piece.
14 "	(Members)	22	£50	£8	500	5s	All Members of the Association.
15 "	Rigby Rifle	1	Rigby Rifle	Rigby Rifle	Aggregate	2s 6d	Rigby Rifle, with 1000 bullets and wads, presented by Captain Walker, for the highest aggregate scorer in the first three and 6th, 13th and 14th matches.
16 "	(Pool)	...	...	...	...	1s	All Comers.
17 "	(Naval Brigade)			...	...	1s	Naval Brigade with garrison gun.
18 "	(International)	Suitable Trophies	Suitable Trophies	Suitable Trophies	500 and 600	...	Military Rifle—Teams 10 men aside.
19 "	(Ditto)	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	900 and 1000	...	Any Rifle—Teams 5 men a-side.

Conditions of the First Match (marked 1 to 4).—1. Competitors to be limited to winning one stage prize and one aggregate. Any competitor making a winning score in more than one stage shall be the winner in that stage in which the winning score gives the prize of greatest value, and in cases where the winning scores give prizes of equal value, he shall be the winner in the earliest stage in which a winning score was made.

2. In addition to the specified prizes, a Special prize of £2 will be given to every POSSIBLE RANGE SCORE made in the match.

The Company Challenge Bugle will be fired for in connection with the 1st Match, and the Schools Challenge Bugle in connection with the Schools Match.

The Merchants' Match will be at a 3rd class target, at 300 yards. The 13th Match is for a double-barrelled breech-loading fowling-piece, value £30; and 15th is an AGGREGATE for the Rigby rifle presented by Captain Walker. The 18th and 19th are the Exhibition International Matches, details of which have not yet been settled. The Regimental Bugle Match is thrown open to the N. S. W. Artillery (Permanent Force).

W. FOSKETT, Secretary.

NEW SOUTH WALES RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

RIFLES for members of the old Volunteer Force will be issued at Captain STRONG'S Office, Victoria Barracks, THIS EVENING, at 7.30, and on MONDAY next, at same time and place.

W. FOSKETT, Secretary.

TORPEDO AND SIGNALLING CORPS.

The members are requested to meet at Victoria Barracks, at 8 p.m. TO-MORROW (Thursday) EVENING, to receive pay.

E. C. CRACKNELL, Major, Commanding.

Sydney, 9th July, 1879.

Stock, Shares, and Money.

LONDON LOAN AND DISCOUNT BANK, 125, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH, next St. James's School. First established in Sydney.

MONEY advanced in sums from £5 to £1000 on two responsible securities. Arrangements can be made for WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY payments.

BILLS OF SALE on Furniture, without possession.

Advances made upon mortgage, deposit of deeds, merchandise, bonded certificates, trade bills, &c.

Forms may be had gratis.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY. COLONIAL MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANKING COMPANY'S OFFICES, 220, Market and Castlereagh streets.

The operations of this Company embrace the following branches:—

1. Promissory notes, acceptances, bills of exchange discounted daily.
2. Mortgages effected on city, suburban, and country properties.
3. Money advanced on deposit of deeds, with or without transfer, and on leaseholds, shares and scrip of public companies, bills of sale, bonded certificates, merchandise; also on good personal security, payable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments.
4. Reversionary interests, annuities, and life interests in estates purchased, or advances made thereon as required.

All communications, private, confidential, or otherwise, addressed to the undersigned, will have strict and prompt attention.

D. BARNETT, General Manager.

MONEY for Investment on good mortgage securities. T. SALTER, Solicitor, Hunter and Bligh streets.

UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY.

OFFICES: 762, GEORGE-STREET (first floor), 3 doors from A. Hordern and Sons. Hours—9 to 5.

MONEY ADVANCED upon PERSONAL and other security. Repayable by instalments as follows:—

£10 by weekly instalments of	£0	6	0
15 " "	0	7	6
20 " "	0	10	6
25 " "	0	12	7
30 " "	1	0	0
50 " "	1	5	0

And in due proportion up to £100.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

To Borrowers not able to transact business during the day, these offices will be open Monday and Saturday evenings, from 7 to 9.

762, GEORGE-STREET, first floor, 3 doors from A. Hordern and Sons.

CIVIL SERVICE BUILDING SOCIETY.—MONEY on FIXED DEPOSIT at 7 PER CENT. per annum, is now received by this society. JOHN PURKIS, Secretary. 267, George-street, opposite Hunter-street.

FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS for investment in one sum. T. SALTER, Bligh and Hunter streets.

MONEY to LEND on mortgage of city or suburban freeholds. J. Thompson, solicitor, Vickery's-chrs., Pitt-st.

TRUST FUNDS for investment upon mortgage. WILLIAM COPE, Solicitor, 179, Pitt-street.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND POUNDS, required on first-class station properties. J. T. DAVENPORT and CO., Accountants. Moore-street.

SHARES Woollahra Omnibus Company for SALE. Apply 'Bus Office, Macquarie-place.

Stock and Stations.

ROW'S EMBROCATION or FARMER'S FRIEND may be had of all chemists and storekeepers. Boxes, 3s 6d each.

FOR SALE, in the wool, and delivery July and August, PURE AUSTRALIAN MERINO RAMS, from the most celebrated flocks in the Western district of Victoria and in South Riverina. For further particulars apply to GEORGE AITKEN, No. 105, Collins-street West, Melbourne.

Produce, Provisions, &c.

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our Bathurst, Ashfield, and SYDNEY MILLS; also, various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, corn meal, corn flour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, the Sydney Flour Mills, Grafton Wharf.

J. PEMELL'S Office and Store, opposite Railway GATE, Flour Mill, Sussex-street, near the Haymarket.—Silk-dressed, Superfine, Fine, and Seconds FLOUR; Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Bran, Pollard, Prepared Cattle Food, Whole and Cracked Corn, Barley, Oats, Peas, Straw, Oaten and Lucerne Hay and Chaff, Potatoes. Guaranteed best qualities; lowest prices.

RAISINS.—Prime New VALENCIAS, in trade lots. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-street.

FRESH BUTTER.—Frozen fresh spring BUTTER, in quantities to suit the trade and families always in stock. Fresh Food and Ice Company (Limited), 19, Harbour-street.

VINEGAR, in bulk and bottle. MONK'S Vinegar Works, 251, Sussex-street and Barker's-lane.

FLOUR on SALE by the undersigned—

N. S. WALES, COUNTRY BRANDS.
HAYES, J. and J., Goulburn, Superfine
WATSON, BROTHERS, Young, ditto
KITE, W., Bathurst, ditto
AYLING, J., Yass, ditto
LEVIN, L., Corowa, ditto
STIMPSON, B., Blaney, ditto
ARNOLD, BROTHERS, Mudgee, ditto
SCOTT and MULLALY, Cootamundra, ditto.

ADELAIDE BRANDS.
HARRISON, W. C. and CO., ditto
DAWSON, J., in sacks, ¼, and ½ sacks, ditto
VERCO, BROTHERS, and CO., ditto
GALT, P., ditto
COWAN and CO., ditto
HART, HENRY, ditto
CURNOW and PINE, ditto
TRILLING, R., ditto.

CALIFORNIAN.
EL DORADO, GENNESSEE, and GOLDEN AGE, in ¼ and ½ sacks.

Also, ADELAIDE WHEAT, BRAN and POLLARD, BRAN SACKS, 27 x 42.

HENRY DARE, 46, Pitt-street.

CONGOU TEA, 1879-80, in caddies, 12 in chest. THOS. J. STUTCHBURY and CO., 5, Wynyard-street.

C I R C U L A R

JAMES KIDMAN, Grocer, &c., of THE C. K. HOUSE, 158, Oxford-street; THE HAYMARKET BRANCH, Campbell and Castlereagh streets; THE GREAT NORTHERN, 178, Lower George-street; THE MODEL GROCERY EMPORIUM, George and Market streets, desires to avail himself of the earliest opportunity of announcing to the residents of the city and its environs, and the public generally, the fact that on 12th June last he advertised "he was extremely anxious to decrease his immense stock of first-class groceries from £21,000 to £6000," and being fully aware the public of New South Wales "are always ready and willing to reciprocate when opportunity offers," made exceedingly wonderful reductions in all his prices, and the most complete arrangements possible for deliveries, in order to meet their approval, consequently he can now with very great pleasure assert his takings have far exceeded his most sanguine expectations—all his hopes have been more than fully realized.

He feels certain he must have given the greatest satisfaction to his numerous customers, by the large number of favours so liberally bestowed on him, of which the following is a brief resumé of the AGGREGATE QUANTITY OF ORDERS varying from 7s or 8s to £1, £3, and £10, and the places to which they have been forwarded, FROM THE WHOLE OF HIS VARIOUS ESTABLISHMENTS, viz.:—

Town	7605
Ashfield	551
Alexandria	191
Burwood	387
Bondi	130
Balmain	1117
Camperdown	203
Chippendale	267
Darlinghurst	1311
Darling Point	316
Double Bay	194
Enmore	342
Forest Lodge	469
Five Dock	216
Glebe	677
Kingston	156
Marrickville	264
Macdonald-town	101
North Shore	1025
Newtown	1404
Petersham	415
Potts Point	505
Paddington	407
Pyrmont	993
Redfern	1209
Randwick and Coogee	216
Rushcutter Bay	144
Rose Bay	115
Surry Hills	2709
Stanmore	188
St. Peters	106
Ultimo	303
Woollahra	718
Waverley	334
Waterloo	477
To Ferry Steamers for Manly Beach, Watson's Bay, Hunter's Hill, Ryde, Lane Cove, &c., &c., &c.	1221
To Sailing Vessels, Coasting Steamers, &c.	414
To Railway for the Southern and Western districts	529
	27,942

Included in the above list were 1713 of the far-famed notorious "Kidman's Mysteries."

In conclusion, JAMES KIDMAN wishes to mention most respectfully that through the spontaneous assistance rendered him by the Public in this Grand Sale, he is in a position to state most positively that he has redeemed his promise published in this journal on 12th ultimo, viz., "That he intended making it the Grandest Unprecedented Success of a Sale of first-class Groceries at exceedingly low prices ever held in this GLORIOUS CITY OF THE FAIR AUSTRALIAS."

"Adieu," "Au Revoir," Stocktaking Sale.

J. K., having now completed his stocktaking, is negotiating for some very large parcels of goods, which he hopes will be concluded in a few days, when he will publish an entirely new and revised list of prices suitable at the present time for the requirements of the public.

JAMES KIDMAN.

EGGS, EGGS, EGGS.—2000 dozen fine fresh EGGS for SALE. G. COULTER and SON, 125, Sussex-street.

REDGATE'S PATENT MEAL promotes growth of bone in children. Sold by all grocers.

BAKER'S BEST FLOUR SOLD at NATIONAL STEAM FLOUR MILLS, Goulburn-street, made from best Adelaide wheat. Quality guaranteed. CHARLES KIDMAN, Proprietor.

COLONIAL TOBACCO, prime sample, in small kegs, 1s 4d per lb. T. SAYWELL, 4, Park-street.

Auction Sales.

Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised. Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

Bay Mare, very fast, with fine action. Hooded Buggy and Set of Harness. A Cab and Set of Harness.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY at 12 o'clock, A bay mare, very fast, with fine action. Hooded buggy and set of harness. An excellent cab and set of harness.

First-class Built Barouche.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on FRIDAY next, at 12 o'clock, A handsome roomy barouche, finished in best style, and equal to new.

Four Saddle and Harness Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, Four saddle and harness horses. Full particulars at sale.

T. COSGROVE and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11.30 o'clock, at the Bazaar, Castlereagh-street, opposite Kiss's, Horses, heavy and light, vehicles, saddlery and harness. Sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown on any day and hour most suitable to stockowners. N. B.—Two and a half (2½) per cent. commission will only be charged by us for mobs sold at Camperdown.

T. COSGROVE and CO. will sell, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, One brown buggy horse. One grand saddle and harness mare, good. Two well-bred hackneys and several other useful horses.

GRIFFITHS and WEAVER are instructed to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, 960 prime fat wethers, trained from Blayney.

GRIFFITHS and WEAVER have received instructions from F. Y. Wolseley, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, Thursday, 10th instant, at 11 o'clock, 50 prime fat cattle.

Fat Lambs. Fat Lambs.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, 150 prime fat lambs, from Walhallow.

Walhallow Wethers, 70 lbs. each.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, 350 prime fat wethers, from Walhallow.

Auction Sales.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from Messrs. J. and E. Readford to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 o'clock,
162 prime and weighty fat cattle.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from Messrs. Evans, Brothers, to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 o'clock,
86 prime fat cattle, from Buggie Gulley.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from C. R. Mackay to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 o'clock,
90 prime fat cattle, balance of draft.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from W. R. M'Carthy, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 o'clock,
50 prime and weighty fat cattle, from Chomwood Paddocks, and splendid quality.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from W. M'Kenzie, Esq., to sell by auction at Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 o'clock,
66 prime fat cattle, balance of draft, and better than those sold on Monday.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from John Chisholm, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 o'clock,
100 extra grand paddock-fed bullocks, from Wollogorang, all bearing the famous JWC brand.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from D. Eaton, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 o'clock,
160 prime fat bullocks.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from S. Emanuel, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 10 o'clock,
500 fat sheep, in lots.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from southern agents to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 10 o'clock,
500 fat sheep, in lots.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from Messrs. Clift, Brothers, to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 3 o'clock,
200 very superior fat wethers.
These sheep are from Breeza, and very grand.

FAT CALVES.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 o'clock,
80 prime fat calves.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions from their Western Agents, to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
25 prime and weighty bullocks.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from Messrs. Hill, Brothers, to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 11 o'clock,
50 prime fat bullocks, in lots, the balance of those sold on Monday last.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from George Gibson, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 11 o'clock,
50 prime fat bullocks, in lots, the balance of those sold on Monday.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from W. S. Forrester, Esq., to sell by auction at the Association Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 11 o'clock,
200 extraordinary prime and weighty fat bullocks, in lots.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from Messrs. Clark, Brothers, to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 11 o'clock,
2006 prime fat wethers, in lots, from their Melville Plains station.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from R. Cobham, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 11 o'clock,
300 prime fat ewes, in lots, per steamer.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from Northern Agents to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at half-past 2 o'clock,
300 prime fat lambs, in lots.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from P. H. Osborne, Esq., to sell by auction at Homebush, THIS DAY, July 10, at 11 o'clock,
100 prime and weighty fat bullocks.
Also, on account of G. F. R. Huthwaite, Esq.,
Prime paddock-fed bullocks.
Also, on account of J. Miller, Esq.,
Prime fat bullocks.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from C. A. Massey, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, July 10, at 11 o'clock,
400 prime fat crossbred sheep, superior to those last sold.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from Stephen White, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, July 10, at 11 o'clock,
1300 prime fat wethers, represented 60 lbs.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from H. Rotton, Esq., to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, July 10th, at half-past 2 o'clock.
Prime fat crossbred lambs and wethers.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from J. Roche, Esq., to sell by auction, a Homebush, THIS DAY, July 10th, at 11 o'clock,
800 prime fat wethers.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from Messrs. Clift, Brothers, to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, July 10, at half-past 2 o'clock,
200 prime fat lambs, and 160 prime fat wethers, weighing 65 lbs.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from G. F. R. Huthwaite, Esq., to sell by auction, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, July 10, at half-past 2 o'clock,
Prime fat lambs and calves.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions from A. Hilton, Esq., to sell by auction, a Ellis and Co.'s Yards, THIS DAY, July 10, at half-past 2 o'clock,
100 prime fat lambs.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK are instructed by Messrs. Chambers, Splatt, and Co. to sell by auction, at Homebush, THIS DAY, the 10th instant,
100 prime bullocks, from Carwell, by rail from Orange.

TRADE NOTICE.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK are instructed to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, the 10th instant,
2000 prime fat wethers, for J. Morris, Esq., from the Castlereagh, and trucked from Wallerawang.
500 prime fat wethers, on account of the Executors of the late T. R. Hume, trucked from Yass, very ripe.

BUTCHERS. BUTCHERS. BUTCHERS.

W. FULLAGAR and SON have received instructions from M. Pierce, Esq., to sell at Homebush, THIS DAY, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock,
100 prime bullocks.
Terms, cash.

FAT CALVES, LAMBS, and PIGS, for THURSDAY.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, at his Stock Sale Yards, 793, George-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 1 o'clock sharp,
30 exceedingly prime fat calves, from Messrs. Cooper, Brothers, Lake George
45 ditto ditto, from Messrs. C. and H. Dunn, Picton
40 ditto ditto, from Picton and Berrima
50 prime fat lambs, from Camden
90 corn-fed porkers, from Picton, Camden, and Oaks.

WEEKLY STOCK SALE.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, at his Stock Sale Yards, 793, George-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 11 o'clock,
40 very superior milch cows (with calves), springers, and dry cattle.
At 1 o'clock,
Calves, pigs, and lambs, as specially advertised.
Also,—
30 very prime fat calves, from T. M. Dunn, Esq., Picton
40 ditto ditto lambs, from A. J. Liddington, Esq., Liverpool.

NOTICE.

IMPORTANT SALE OF YOUNG CATTLE, AT PICTON.

WILLIAM INGLIS has received instructions from W. M. Barker, Esq., to sell by auction, at the George Inn, Picton, on TUESDAY, July 15, at 12 o'clock (after arrival of train from Sydney),
100 head very choice, quiet, well-bred young dairy cattle, ranging from 2 to 4 years, in lots to suit purchasers, mixed heifers and steers.
Particular attention of buyers is requested, as they are a very superior lot, and for POSITIVE SALE.

FAT PIGS. FAT PIGS.

ELLIS and CO. have received instructions from Messrs. R. and P. O'Reilly, to sell by auction, at their Yards, 763, George-street South, THIS DAY, at half-past 11 o'clock,
120 prime corn-fed porkers, per rail.

STOCK SALE.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Yards, 763, George-street South, THIS DAY, at half-past 11 o'clock,
Fat calves, lambs, pigs, &c.
40 prime fat calves, per rail
27 ditto ditto ditto, per steamer
120 ditto ditto pigs, from Messrs. R. and P. O'Reilly
25 ditto ditto ditto, from A. Meurant, Esq.
40 ditto ditto ditto, from J. R. Strickland, Esq.
40 ditto ditto lambs, per rail.
At half-past 12 o'clock,
10 first-class milch cows and springers, per rail.

TURKEYS. TURKEYS. TURKEYS.

ELLIS and CO. have received instructions from T. A. Anderson, Esq., to sell by auction, at their Yards, 763, George-street South, on FRIDAY next, at half-past 11 o'clock,
200 pairs prime fat turkeys, per rail.

FAT SHEEP. FAT SHEEP.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at the Associated Yards, Homebush, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, on account of F. Hurley, Esq., Killenear,
1000 very fat and weighty wethers, guaranteed over 60 lbs., per rail from Binalong.

METROPOLITAN CENTRAL SALE YARD, 126, Sussex-street, between King and Market streets.

JOHN M'MINN and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock sharp, their regular weekly supply,
Poultry of all kinds
Roll and keg butter
Cheese and bacon
Lard, honey, fruit, &c.,
in lots to suit purchasers.

BUTCHERS. BUTCHERS. BUTCHERS.

JOHN M'MINN and CO. will sell by auction, TO-MORROW, at 12 o'clock sharp,
30 carcasses prime and heavy bullocks, 80 carcasses sheep from the West per train; also, 150 carcasses corn-fed pork, from Southern and Western districts.

R. RICHARDS will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour Shed, 30 carcasses of prime beef, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY.

TO BE SOLD at Newtown Pound, three HEIFERS, Steer, one Bull, at noon, 10th July.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails.

WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Newtown Railway Station, THIS DAY, at 3 o'clock, Wood, &c.

DENT and HOSKIN will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Darling Harbour, at 10 o'clock, Billetwood, &c.

Weekly Wool Sale.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK will sell by auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, THIS DAY, Thursday, at 2 o'clock sharp,
Sheepskins.
And at half-past 2,
Bales Wool.
Terms, cash.

Weekly Wool Sale.

HARRISON, SON, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, THIS DAY, Thursday, July 10, at 2 o'clock,
Sheepskins;
and at half-past 2 o'clock,
Bales wool.
Terms, cash.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, at 2, Sheepskins; 2.30, Wool.

P. N. TREBECK will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Squatters' Exchange, George-street, THIS DAY, at 12.45 sharp,
Wool and skins.

H. L. DUNN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 204, Pitt-street,
THIS DAY,
The pledges pawned with Mr. Sly, as previously advertised —Theodolite, plated ware, and sundries,
at 10 o'clock.

Unredeemed Pledges.

H. L. DUNN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the undermentioned pledges pawned with Mr. G. Brockstayne, of King-street.
Clothing and sundries, at 2 o'clock; jewellery, watches, &c., at half-past 2 o'clock.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 293, Pitt-street,
The above, without reserve.

THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 10 o'clock sharp.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising—
PIANOFORTE
DRAWING-ROOM SUITE
Dining-room Suite
Tables, Chairs, Couches, Easy Chairs, Pier Glass
Bookcase, Clocks, Pictures, Ornaments
Carpets, Oil Cloth, Mattings, Curtains
Hall Stand, Walnut Table
Quantity Valuable BOOKS
Single and Double Iron BEDSTEADS, horse hair, Mattresses
Bedding, Chest Drawers, Bedroom Furniture
Marble Washstands
Kitchen Utensils, and Sundries.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, on the Premises, No. 662, Elizabeth-street South,
Without reserve.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction under warrant of rent, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, Lord Loftus Hotel, corner Riley and Liverpool streets, Woolloomooloo,
Stock-in-trade of a publican
Household furniture and effects.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, under warrant of rent, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 3 o'clock, on the premises, Lyndhurst-street, Glebe,
Household furniture and effects.

THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 12 o'clock.

PIANOFORTE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Marble Washstands, and Effects
TURNING LATHE and TOOLS
Marble, Slate, and Cement MANTELPIECES
Gas Cooking Stoves, Wall Paper
Sewing Machines, Glass Cases, Cannisters, Sugar Mill, Weighing Machine, and weights
BOOKS, Galvanic Battery, Saddle
Galvanised Iron and Lead, quantity Timber, Yachting Sails, Gear, &c.

Insolvent Estate of Leopold Sachs.
Diamond Ring.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 152, King-street East, [illegible]
On view.

Preliminary Notice.

Insolvent Estate of Joseph Andrew.

STOCK-IN-TRADE OF A GENERAL STORE, comprising
China
Crockery
Glassware
Brushware
Holloware, Cutlery
Tinware
Fancy Goods, Perfumery, Stationery, &c.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the Official Assignee to sell by auction, on MONDAY, 14th instant, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, King-street, Newtown, without reserve.

2, EMMA-STREET, off BOTANY-STREET.

H. PALMER has received instructions to sell by auction, on the above premises, on TUESDAY, July 15, at 11 o'clock,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, &c.
H. PALMER,
Auctioneer and Valuator, 183, Pitt-street.

FRIDAY, 11th JULY.

For Sale by Auction,
30 CASES CHIMNEY MIRRORS, from 30 x 18 to 70 x 50
10 ditto OIL PAINTINGS and OLEOGRAPHS
3 ditto TOILET GLASSES, marble slabs.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Fancy Warehousemen, Hotel-keepers, Country Buyers, Ladies and Gentlemen Furnishing, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 141, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 11th July, at 11 a.m.,
A splendid shipment of the above goods.

The CHIMNEY MIRRORS embrace all sizes, from 30 x 18 to 70 x 50, and are of the NEWEST ENGLISH and CONTINENTAL designs, in FERN, FLORAL, and SCROLL PATTERN.
THE OIL PAINTINGS, Oleographs, &c., are after the BEST MASTERS, MOUNTED IN MASSIVE GILT FRAMES, &c.
The whole of which are
FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 10th JULY.

SALE BY AUCTION,
Under Bill of Sale.

On the Premises, No. 1, Windsor-terrace, Dowling-street, near Moore Park.

SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, consisting of
DINING-ROOM SUITE, Tables, Chairs
SIDEBOARD, Pictures, Engravings
DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, Occasional Tables
WALNUT CHIFFONIER, Carpets, Ornaments
IRON BEDSTEADS, single and double; Bedding
WASHSTANDS, Dressing-tables, Toilet Glasses
CHEST DRAWERS, Towel Horses, Chairs
CUTLERY, Electroplatedware
GLASS, CHINA, Crockery
Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

To Furniture Brokers, Ladies and Gentlemen Furnishing, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 1, WINDSOR-TERRACE, DOWLING-STREET, NEAR MOORE PARK, THIS DAY, 10th July, at 11 a.m.,
THE WHOLE OF THE ABOVE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
NO RESERVE.
Terms at sale.

Jewellery, Gold and Silver Watches, New and Second-hand Clothing, &c.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Mart, Pitt-street,
The above.

To Hatters, Clothiers, Outfitters, and the Trade.

RETAIL STOCK OF T. J. PALSER.

PARIS SILK HATS, DRAB SHELL HATS
BLACK and DRAB STIFF FELT HATS, in Gloucesters, Saxfords, Hamiltons, Salisbury, Bangor, Four-in-hand, Pullovers, Helmets, Exeters, Governors, &c.
FRENCH FELT Jeromes, Alpines, Shakespeares, Mayfair, Tyrol, Chantilly, M'Mahon, and other favourite shapes
BOY'S and YOUTH'S SOFT FELTS, Leopold, Tyrol, and others
BOYS' and YOUTH'S CAPS, STRAW, and LEGHORN HATS
A large quantity of UNFINISHED HATS, HAT SHAPES, &c.
COLLARS, TIES, SCARFS, BRACES, PUGGAREES, &c.
Chairs, Fixtures, Mirrors, Iron Safe, Office Desk, Glass Cases, Hat-making Implements, &c.

TO-MORROW, Thursday, 10th instant, at 11.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11, and continue throughout the afternoon,
The above.
Also, at quarter-past 12 o'clock,
18 CASES OF A. AND D. BAUMANN'S CELEBRATED HATS, viz.,—
TJP in diamond.
102— 6 dozen men's black stiff felt Bangors, 3 qualities
103— 1 case same
104— 6 dozen men's black stiff felt Salisburys, 3 qualities
105— 1 case same
106— 5 dozen men's black stiff felt four-in-hand, No. 206
107— 9 ditto ditto black and drab ditto ditto
108— 8 ditto ditto soft crown Oxonians
109— 6 ditto ditto black and drab felt serated Brindisi
110—11 ditto ditto soft felt Gibraltar and clerical
111—12 ditto boy's black and coloured soft felt Sydenhams, gilt lettered
112—14 ditto men's drab soft French felt M'Mahon
113— 9 ditto ditto assorted drab ditto, with corded bands
114—13 ditto ditto drab soft French tyrol and clyreo
115—11 ditto ditto assorted drab French tyrol and yankee
116—21½ ditto Prince Charlie, Balmoral, and Alma caps
24 ditto honeycomb puggarees
117-18—2 cases boy's assorted drab French Jeromes, Tyrol, and M'Mahon hats.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 10th July, at 11.30,
at
ST. JOHN'S ROAD, GLEBE.
Great
CLEARING-OUT SALE OF FURNITURE AND GROCERIES.

TATE, BROTHERS, have received instructions from EDWARD RAMSAY, Esq., to sell by auction, at his residence, ST. JOHN'S ROAD, GLEBE,
THIS DAY, Thursday, 10th July, at 11.30,
The WHOLE of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and STORE GOODS, consisting of
PIANO, by Paling and Company
CHESTS DRAWERS
WARDROBE
BOOKCASE, BOOKS, &c.
COUCHES, CHAIRS
BEDSTEADS
WASHSTANDS and TOILET SETS
LOOKING-GLASSES
CHILD'S COT
PICTURES, CARPETS, &c.
KITCHEN DRESSER
Meat Safes
Kitchen Utensils.
Also,
Groceries, Tinware, Ironmongery
Oilmen's Stores
Glassware
Brushware, &c., &c.

The Auctioneers desire to inform the public that the above will be sold without the SLIGHTEST RESERVE, as Mr. Ramsay is leaving for the country.

AUCTION SALE, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY, at 1 o'clock each day.
Under power of bill of sale, the STOCK of a Draper, comprising Flannel, Calicoes, Dresses, Tweeds, Shirts, Hosiery, Hats, Black Cloths, Boys' Overcoats, Trousers and Vests, Men's Overcoats, &c., &c., in lots to suit everyone.

J. J. RYAN will sell by auction, at the Haymarket Auction Mart, 774, George-street, The above. No reserve.
Terms, cash.

FRIDAY, July 11.

INVOICES of CUTLERY and FANCY GOODS.

JAMES RODD will sell by auction, on FRIDAY next, at 11,
A very complete assortment of fancy goods.
Particulars to-morrow.

TUESDAY, July 15, at 11.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE and Unreserved Sale by Auction of the whole of the
ELEGANT and MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
Proof Prints and Engravings, Chromos, Oleographs, Beautifully Illustrated Books, Music, Vases, &c.
7-OCTAVE, OBLIQUE, HANDSOMELY-CARVED COTTAGE PIANO, by HIGH-CLASS MAKER, originally cost 100 Guineas. A most magnificent instrument.
VALUABLE LIBRARY OF BOOKS, 150 VOLS.
ALEXANDRE HARMONIUM, with 9 Sets Folding Reeds, Ivory Keys, &c.
VERY BEAUTIFUL DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, in CRIMSON SATIN
DINING, LIBRARY, and HALL FURNITURE
SECRETAIRE, BOOKCASE, Brussels and other Carpets, Mirrors
WHEELER and WILSON'S HALF-CABINET SEWING-MACHINE, silver plated
HANDSOME DINNER SERVICE
CUT-GLASS and ELECTROPLATED WARE
4¼ ACROMATIC TELESCOPE, on Stand, COMPLETE, with one of BROWNING'S DOUBLE PRISM Solar Eye Pieces
STATE BEDSTEADS, BEDDING, and Bedroom Furniture
Kitchen Requisites, Garden Utensils
MILCH COW, &c., &c.

Removed from the Residence of the late T. M. Morgan, Esq., near Cook's River, to the Warehouse in Wynyard-street (lately occupied by Horace Woolnough and Co.), temporarily engaged for this occasion.

JAMES RODD, 7, Wynyard-street, is instructed to sell by auction, on an early day (due notice of which will be given),
THE VERY CHOICE, DURABLE, AND MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, as above.
Catalogues will be ready To-morrow, and the Rooms open for inspection Monday prior to sale.

FRIDAY, JULY 11.
At the City Mart.

ST. JOHN'S SPRUCE DEAL, of the best quality.

The entire cargo of the ship ARDGOWAN, being the FIRST DIRECT SHIPMENT TO THIS MARKET FOR MANY YEARS.
408,379 feet 9 x 3 Deals
435,919 ,, 11 x 3 ,,
91,398 ,, 7 x 3 ,,
48,810 ,, 7 x 2½ Battens.
By order of the Consignees,
Messrs. STEWART, BROTHERS, of LONDON.

TO INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, BUILDERS, AND OTHERS.

FRASER and CO. are instructed by the consignees, Messrs. Stewart, Brothers, of London, to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 362, George-street, on FRIDAY, July 11, at 11 o'clock,
The entire cargo of spruce deals, ex Ardgowan, direct from St. John's, N.B., comprising 1,006,961 feet assorted lengths.
The quality of the shipment is superb, and the Auctioneers are instructed to dispose of the parcel without reserve.
The vessel is discharging at Towns' Wharf, Miller's Point, where intending buyers must inspect.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, July 14,
at 3 o'clock,
at the A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf.

THE ENTIRE SHIPMENT OF TIMBER, ex s.s. City of New York, comprising
CLEAR REDWOOD, 1 to 6 inches
T. and G. OREGON FLOORING
WHITE CEDAR, Half-inch
PICKETS and SHAKES and DOORS
106,961 FEET.

By order of the New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Company (limited.)

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at the A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, on MONDAY, July 14, at 11 o'clock,
The entire shipment of American timber, ex City of New York, comprising
87,396 feet redwood
17,384 feet T. and G. flooring
5,000 feet white cedar
5,500 fancy pickets
Also,
219 doors 2-8 x 6-8 x 1½
41 ditto 2-8 x 6-6 x 1½.
The trade are asked to be in early attendance, as every line will be sold as usual without any reserve.
Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, July 16th, at 3 o'clock, on board the ship SAMUEL PLIMSOLL, at Moore's Wharf.

IMMIGRANTS' SURPLUS STORES.

By order of Captain B. Boaden, and the Agents, Messrs. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

TO GROCERS, STOREKEEPERS, DEALERS, and OTHERS.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, on board the ship Samuel Plimsoll, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, July 16th, at 3 o'clock,
The whole of the surplus immigrants' stores, comprising—
Preserved meats
Tierces prime mess beef
Ditto ditto pork
Preserved potatoes, butter, cheese, candles
Flour, oatmeal, rice, split peas, carrots, onions
Raisins, tea, coffee, loaf sugar, treacle, pickles
Mustard, pepper, limejuice, soap, salt, sago
Milk, biscuits, tinware, lead, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.
The good condition of the surplus stores ex SAMUEL PLIMSOLL is well known, and buyers may depend on their quality. Bulk may be inspected on board the ship, at Moore's Wharf.
Terms, cash.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

ON AN EARLY DAY.

200 Packages, comprising
Earthenware, Chinaware
GLASSWARE, &c.

At the City Mart, 362, George-street,
Under instructions from Messrs. Mason, Brothers.

FRASER and CO. are instructed by the importers, Messrs. Mason, Brothers, to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 362, George-street, on an early day,
200 packages comprising,
EARTHENWARE
CHINAWARE
GLASSWARE
Full particulars in future issue.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 10th July.

On account of whom it may concern, ex OBERON, ——, master, from London.

With all faults, damaged by sea water.

To the Furnishing Trade, Dealers, and others.

MR. M. MOLONY is instructed by the importers, Messrs. Cowlishaw, Brothers, to sell by auction, in his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, THIS DAY, the 10th instant,
8 cases English-manufactured furniture, with all faults, as above.
Terms at sale.
No reserve.

THURSDAY, 10th July.

A very superior Shipment of English-manufactured Furniture, just landed ex Oberon, comprising
WALNUT Drawing-room Suites
WALNUT Chiffonieres, Whatnots, Canterburys
WALNUT Music Cabinets, Davenports
WALNUT Loo Tables, 4 feet and 4 feet 6, plain and inlaid
MAHOGANY Sutherland Tables
MAHOGANY Dining Tables, patent extension
MAHOGANY and Oak Office Washstands
MAHOGANY Toilets, 3 feet, 3 feet 6, and 4 feet
MAHOGANY Washstands, 3 feet and 4 feet
Writing Tables, Occasional Tables, Card Tables, Coffee Tables
MAHOGANY Dinner Waggons, Butlers' Trays, Berger Chairs
Hatstands in oak and mahogany
Towel Rails, Commodes, &c.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, the Trade, and others.

MR. M. MOLONY is instructed by Messrs. Cowlishaw, Brothers, the importers, to sell by auction, in his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, THIS DAY, the 10th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
The above.
Terms, liberal, at sale.
Catalogues are in course of preparation, and may be had at the Rooms of the Auctioneer on Wednesday afternoon.

MONDAY, 14th instant.

BOOTS AND SHOES. BOOTS AND SHOES.

New and Seasonable Goods, just landed, in prime order, comprising
LADIES', GENT.'S
GIRLS', and CHILDREN'S
BOOTS AND SHOES IN GREAT VARIETY.

To the Trade, Country Buyers, and others.

MR. M. MOLONY is instructed by the importers to sell by auction, in his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, on MONDAY next, the 14th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
The above.
Terms liberal, at sale.
No reserve.

Also several parcels of colonial-made boots and shoes; men's, women's, and children's goods, to be sold without reserve, to close accounts to the end of the half-year.

To Watchmakers, Goldsmiths, Dealers, &c.

SILVER HUNTER, HALF-HUNTER, and OPEN-FACED WATCHES
GOLD ditto ditto ditto ditto
GOLD and SILVER KEYLESS DITTO
LADIES' ditto
PATEK'S CELEBRATED Geneva Hunters, in cases.

On FRIDAY, 11th instant, at 11.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed to sell, by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY,
8 cases of the above goods.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 11th July, at 11 a.m.,
at
No. 2, Hope-terrace, Glebe Point Road, next Post-office.

IMPERATIVE SALE BY AUCTION,
by
order of the Mortgagee, of the whole of the
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CHINA, GLASS, PLATE, PICTURES, &c.

To Families Furnishing and Furniture Brokers.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been instructed by the Mortgagee to sell by auction, at No. 2, Hope-terrace, Glebe Road, on FRIDAY, 11th July, at 11 a.m.,
The whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and effects, comprising
CUT and ENGRAVED GLASSWARE
CHINA
BEST QUALITY ELECTRO-PLATE
MASSIVE MAHOGANY DINING-ROOM SUITE, covered in morocco
ENCLOSED SIDEBOARD
WALNUT HARMONIUM, by Alexandre, 7 stops
HANDSOME VASES and LUSTRES
OVAL and SHAPED SIDE PIER GLASSES, elaborately carved
BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY CARPETS, nearly new
OAK HALL FURNITURE
ELEGANT WALNUT and DRAWING-ROOM SUITE
WALNUT INLAID OVAL TABLE
VALUABLE ORMOLU DRAWING-ROOM TIME-PIECE under glass shade
SUPERB WALNUT CHIFFONIER, marble top, plate glass back and doors
WALNUT-SHAPED KIDNEY WRITING-TABLE
Superb Walnut Pianoforte, by first-class maker
FENDERS and IRONS
STATE BEDSTEADS and BEDDING, best quality
Wardrobe, plate glass centre doors
Chests drawers
Fair handsome mahogany toilets
Handsome double toilet service, painted flowers
Single bedsteads and bedding, best quality
Kitchen utensils and sundries.
Terms, cash.
On view THIS DAY, after 2 p.m.

Fashionable Paris Jewellery, just landed ex s.s. Aconcagua.
By order of the consignees.

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on FRIDAY, 11th July, at 11 o'clock, 1 case, containing an excellent variety of new goods, together with
An invoice of crystal case and keyless watches, chains, &c.
Full particulars at sale.
No reserve.

UNRESERVED SALE of HIGH-CLASS PICTURES.

MONDAY, 14th JULY.

BEAUTIFUL and VALUABLE COLLECTION.

OIL PAINTINGS by NOTED ARTISTS:
Fenwick, London; J. H. Wilson, London; A. Hulk, sen., London; N. Simons, Brussels; Chas. Herbert, London; H. Steiglemere, Munich; G. Hampé, Berlin; G. J. Bentley, London; M. J. Richter, Munich; J. M. Meekes, [illegible]

GILCHRIST, STUBBS, and WESTON will sell by auction, at the Rooms, 336, George-street, on MONDAY, 14th JULY, at 11 o'clock,
The above VERY CHOICE and VALUABLE COLLECTION of OIL PAINTINGS, comprising a variety which, for BEAUTY and STERLING WORTH, while being for UNRESERVED SALE, are WELL DESERVING the BEST ATTENTION of all connoisseurs, as also of dealers.
This choice collection will be on view on SATURDAY and the DAY OF SALE, when also CATALOGUES can be obtained.

THIS DAY.

IMPERATIVE SALE.

In the Estate of the late James M'Manamey.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

FOUR ALLOTMENTS LAND, ELIZABETH-STREET, CAMPERDOWN.

W. PRITCHARD has received most positive instructions from the mortgagee to sell by auction, WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 10, at 11 o'clock,
FOUR ALLOTMENTS OF LAND, IN SEPARATE LOTS, each having a frontage of 26 feet to ELIZABETH-STREET, CAMPERDOWN, by a depth of 80 feet, upon one allotment is erected a weatherboard cottage.
The allotments are for BONA-FIDE UNRESERVED SALE.
A1 Freehold Title.
Messrs. COONAN, RYAN, and DUNN, Temple Court, King-street, Vendor's Solicitors.

FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.

TRIANGULAR BLOCK OF LAND,
DIXON-STREET,
close to the
DARLING HARBOUR RAILWAY-STATION.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions from W. SHORT, Esq., to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at his Rooms, 281, GEORGE-STREET,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, July 10, at 11 o'clock,
ALL THAT TRIANGULAR-SHAPED piece of LAND, situate in DIXON-STREET, opposite MORT'S ICE WORKS, and close to the PRODUCE RAILWAY-STATION,
having a frontage to DIXON-STREET of 114 FEET 9 INCHES.
This site is admirably adapted for a
FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
or
COMMISSION AGENT'S STORES.
Freehold Title.
Terms, cash.

UNRESERVED SALE
of
TWO CHOICE ALLOTMENTS OF LAND, NAPOLEON-STREET, BALMAIN.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction at his Rooms, 281, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, July 10, at 11 o'clock,
TWO FINE BUILDING SITES having a frontage of 33 feet each to NAPOLEON-STREET, BALMAIN, by a depth of 66 feet, being lots 12 and 13.
TERMS, CASH. TITLE, TORRENS' ACT.

TWO BLOCKS OF LAND,
Nos. 20 and 21 of Section 3 of the
NORTH SCARBOROUGH ESTATE, BOTANY.

W. PRITCHARD will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 281, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 10, at 11 o'clock,
LOTS 20 and 21 of SECTION 3 of the NORTH SCARBOROUGH ESTATE, BOTANY BAY, each having a frontage of 66 feet to ALFRED-STREET by a depth of about 229 feet.
TITLE, FREEHOLD.

FOR SALE.

THE AUSTRALIAN MEAT COMPANY'S WORKS, CLARENCE RIVER.

F. L. BARKER has received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Chamber of Commerce, THIS DAY, Thursday, 10th July, at 12 o'clock,
The works of the AUSTRALIAN MEAT COMPANY (LIMITED), situated on the Urara River, 8 miles from SOUTH GRAFTON, comprising—
6 STEAM BOILERS
4 Ditto ENGINES
STEAM HOISTING WINCH
CIRCULAR SAW BENCH, Powerful LATHE
Cooperage, Carpenters' Shops, &c., &c.,
and ALL APPLIANCES NECESSARY for effectually carrying on a large and well-managed establishment.
The estate consists of about 340 ACRES of FREEHOLD LAND on the Urara River, on which are built CAPITAL HOUSE for MANAGER 82 FEET LONG x 32 FEET WIDE, 42 COTTAGES, and LARGE BARRACK for SINGLE MEN.
All buildings are roofed with iron.
The works and appliances are capable of working up from 40 to 50 head of cattle per diem, or an equivalent number of sheep, and are fitted with all requirements.
The works can be seen in full operation at any time, and inspection is invited.
TIN PLATES and stores to be taken at cost price.
MOVABLE PLANT to be taken at a valuation.
Further particulars and information may be obtained on application to the Auctioneer, 130, Pitt-street.

SNUG COTTAGE (newly built).

Situated Cooper-street, late Bullanaming-street, Waterloo Estate, containing 4 rooms, verandah, &c., having 20 feet frontage x 100 feet deep; rental, 8s per week, in occupation of Mr. Logan.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 152, King-street, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 12 o'clock.
Title, residue 99 years' lease; ground rent 1s week.

CITY PROPERTY.

In the Estate of the late Mr. James Ball.

SHOP AND DWELLING, BRICK-BUILT 2 STORY, situated corner Randle-street, and Beattie-lane, off Elizabeth and Devonshire streets, near the EXHIBITION.
The PREMISES are substantially built, containing 4 rooms, balcony, &c., in occupation of Mr. M'Evoy, tailor.

H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the Administrator to sell by auction, THIS DAY, 10th instant, at 12 o'clock, at his Rooms, 152, King-street East,
Title—residue 99 years' lease.
Ground rent 1s per week.

For particulars of title apply to Mr. T. M. Williamson, solicitor, Temple Court, corner King and Elizabeth streets.

STERLING CITY INVESTMENT.

CAMBRIDGE HOUSE
and
NORTHUMBERLAND HOUSE, CHURCH-HILL,
Being Nos. 5 and 7, Jamison-street, just off George-street.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Mrs. De Lang to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, on an early date,
The above described valuable and centrally situated town investments, built of CUT STONE, containing extensive accommodation.
The land has a frontage of about 50 FEET, and the situation is unsurpassed, being opposite the RESERVE, and near to PETTY'S HOTEL and ST. PHILIP'S CHURCH.
Further particulars in a future issue.

By order of the DEVISEES of the WILL of Mr. JOHN M'GUIGAN, deceased.

STERLING CITY PROPERTIES.

GEORGE-STREET, BRICKFIELD-HILL, and LIVERPOOL-STREET.

THOSE BUSINESS PREMISES,
No. 551, GEORGE-STREET, occupied by Mr. W. Dunn, confectioner.
No. 553, GEORGE-STREET, occupied by Messrs. J. Heaven and Co., oil and colourmen,
No. 545, GEORGE-STREET, occupied by Mr. E. Daly, grocer and provision dealer.
Also,
at the rear of the above, and fronting LIVERPOOL-STREET,
the Stores and Premises occupied by Messrs. W. Dunn, Ross, Griffiths, and
TWO BRICK-BUILT HOUSES adjoining.

Preliminary Intimation.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received positive instructions from the DEVISEES of the WILL of Mr. JOHN M'GUIGAN (deceased), to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street,
ON AN EARLY DATE,
, The above described VALUABLE CITY PROPERTIES.
PLAN of the Property is in course of preparation, and FULL PARTICULARS will be published in a few days.

WEDNESDAY, 16th JULY.

TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

No. 277, SUSSEX-STREET, three-floored IRON STORE, with LAND 34 FEET by 70 FEET.
Also,
PETERSHAM, BLOCK of LAND (fenced in), situate at the corner of CROYDON-STREET and PALACE ROADS, PETERSHAM.

HARDIE and GORMAN have been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 16th JULY,
SUSSEX-STREET.
No. 1—ALL that VERY VALUABLE BLOCK of LAND, having a frontage of 34 FEET to SUSSEX-STREET by a depth of 70 FEET, between LIVERPOOL and BATHURST STREETS, and immediately opposite the PUBLIC SCHOOL, and at present in the occupation of W. HARRIS, Esq., Hay and Produce Merchant. The STORE is built of iron, and contains three floors.
, To PRODUCE MERCHANTS, COMMISSION AGENTS, and others.—This is a chance that should not be lost sight of, it being situate in ONE of the LEADING STREETS of the CITY, near to all the WHARFS on the main thoroughfare to DARLING HARBOUR RAILWAY STATION, and prospectively commands a much larger value, which, no doubt, will follow on the opening up of the proposed new street to PYRMONT.
[No. 2.]—VALUABLE CORNER BLOCK of LAND, having 87 FEET frontage to CROYDON-STREET, and 133 FEET to PALACE ROAD, fenced in with paling fence 6 FEET HIGH, and within two minutes' walk of the PETERSHAM RAILWAY STATION, and close to PARRAMATTA ROAD.
DAY OF SALE.
WEDNESDAY, 16th JULY.

WEDNESDAY, 16th JULY.

CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES.

SUSSEX-STREET.—VALUABLE HOUSE PROPERTY, situate in SUSSEX-STREET, WEST SIDE, near LIVERPOOL-STREET, NORTH-STREET, SOUTH-STREET, and HARBOUR-STREET, containing in all 28 HOUSES.
Also,
CAMPERDOWN. — WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE, with LARGE BLOCK of LAND, corner of LYONS' ROAD and PARRAMATTA ROAD, CAMPERDOWN.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 16th JULY.
SUSSEX-STREET.
No. 1. ALL that VALUABLE BLOCK of LAND, having 81 feet frontage to SUSSEX-STREET, 123 FEET 6 INCHES to NORTH-STREET, 237 FEET to SOUTH-STREET, and 41 FEET to HARBOUR-STREET, on which are erected 28 HOUSES, returning a rental of about £10 weekly, or £520 YEARLY.
, This is a splendid opportunity for INVESTORS, SPECULATORS, and OTHERS to purchase the whole block.
CAMPERDOWN.
No. 2. ALL THAT VERY VALUABLE BLOCK of LAND, corner of LYONS and PARRAMATTA ROADS, all fenced in, together with the LARGE WEATHER-BOARD COTTAGE thereon, opposite St. JOHN'S COLLEGE, and near to the CAMPERDOWN ROAD and SALE YARDS.
, This is the only opportunity to purchase SO LARGE a BLOCK in so GOOD a POSITION in ONE LINE.
DAY OF SALE—
WEDNESDAY, 16th JULY.

WEDNESDAY, 16th July.

TWO BLOCKS of LAND off GEORGE-STREET WEST.

TORRENS' TITLE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the PROPRIETOR (on account of his leaving for the country), to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 16th July,
All those TWO VALUABLE BLOCKS of LAND, being lots 8 and 14, section 10, of the BLACKFRIARS ESTATE, GEORGE-STREET WEST.
LOT 8 has a frontage of 26 FEET to SHEPHERD-STREET, by a depth of 81 FEET 6 inches to Knox-street.
, This is a splendid block for an HOTEL, or other business premises, and the auctioneers would direct the attention of PUBLICANS, GROCERS, PRODUCE MERCHANTS, and OTHERS to this valuable CORNER BLOCK.
LOT 14 has a frontage of 19 FEET 6 INCHES to KNOX-STREET, by a good depth to a lane at the rear.
, This is a splendid site for a private residence, being within easy walking distance of the city, and very accessible by the main route of omnibuses, which run about every 3½ minutes.
The auctioneers would direct special attention to those on the look-out for a good business site, and to those who are seeking for a good elevated site for a private residence.
DAY OF SALE,
WEDNESDAY, 16th July.

GOOD CITY INVESTMENT.

THOSE BUSINESS PREMISES
Situate in OXFORD-STREET, being one of the shops at present occupied by Mr. WILLIAMS, IRONMONGER, and situate in the very best part of this
FIRST-CLASS BUSINESS THOROUGHFARE.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

FREEHOLD TITLE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Mr. Egan to sell by public auction, at their PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd JULY,
All that block of land having a frontage of about 14 FEET to OXFORD-STREET by a depth of about 100 FEET to CROWN-LANE, on which is erected one of the shops (with dwelling) at present tenanted by Mr. WILLIAMS, IRONMONGER.
Further particulars will be notified in the course of a few days.
DAY OF SALE—WEDNESDAY, JULY 23.

TO SQUATTERS, GRAZIERS, and DAIRY FARMERS.

BEGA DISTRICT, TWOFOLD BAY.

HARDIE and GORMAN have for PRIVATE SALE a PASTORAL ESTATE or DAIRY FARM, consisting of 1700 acres, WELL WATERED by CREEKS and SPRINGS, adjoining the property of R. L. TOOTH, Esq., together with the FAMILY RESIDENCE of 7 rooms. Also, Coach-house, Dairy and Milking Yard, with Orchard planted with fruit trees.
This property will carry 400 head of cattle, besides sheep and horses.
Price for the whole, £6000. Terms—one-third cash, balance at 6 per cent.
Plans may be seen at the Rooms, and further particulars obtained from
HARDIE and GORMAN,
175, Pitt-street, Sydney.

GIBSON'S HOTEL, NORTH SHORE.

TO LET, OR FOR SALE,
the Lease, License, Goodwill, and Furniture (if required) of the above FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situate at MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE. The HOTEL contains 16 Bedrooms, 3 Sitting-rooms, Bar, and Bar Parlour, Linen Closet, Kitchen, Scullery, Cellar, Pantry, Larder, &c., &c., Bathroom, Gas throughout the whole premises. Abundant water supply in all seasons.
, A rare opportunity for persons on the look out for premises during the EXHIBITION SEASON. Inspection is invited.
Terms reasonable.
HARDIE and GORMAN,
175, Pitt-street.

ORDER OF SALE

CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES,
to be sold by public auction,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY),
at half-past 11 o'clock prompt.

CROWN-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.	Shop and Dwelling, No. 161 Crown-street, between Stanley and Liverpool streets; and Cottage, No. 13, Burnell-lane, at the rear. Dwelling-house, No. 157, Crown-street; and House, No. 14, Burnell-lane, at the rear.
SURRY HILLS.	Four Dwelling-houses, Little Albion-street; and Block of Land, Ann-street, adjoining Kidd and Kelly's mill, west of Riley-street, and north of Albion-street.
GLENMORE ROAD.	Camden House, a first-class family residence, on the north side of Glenmore Road, opposite Cape's paddock.
GLEBE ROAD.	A tastefully-finished and prettily-designed Family Villa, Glebe Road, opposite Norton-street.
BOTANY BAY.	The Sir Joseph Banks Hotel, with the beautiful pleasure-grounds, upwards of 23 acres, on the shores of Botany Bay.
STANMORE.	Family Cottage Residence, Harrington-street, a few yards south of the Stanmore Road.
WOOLLAHRA.	Lots, a Cottage Residence, at the corner of Ocean and Trelawney streets.
NORTH KINGSTON.	Corner Block of Land, lots 83 to 85, section 4, North Kingston Estate, Newtown, Denison and Bishopgate streets.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

SIR JOSEPH BANKS HOTEL
and
23 ACRES OF GROUNDS,
on the
SHORES OF BOTANY BAY,
for
AUCTION SALE,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street,
TO-MORROW, Friday, 11th JULY, at 11 o'clock.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

UNRESERVED SALE
of the
UNSOLD PORTIONS
of the
SECOND SUBDIVISION
of the
UNDERWOOD ESTATE,
between
SUMMER HILL RAILWAY PLATFORM
and
ASHFIELD RAILWAY STATION.

By order of the Trustees of the UNDERWOOD ESTATE.

TITLE—TORRENS' ACT.
Messrs. NORTON and SMITH, Elizabeth-street, Solicitors of the Estate.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the TRUSTEES to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, PITT-STREET,
on
MONDAY, 14th JULY,
at half-past 11 o'clock prompt,
The UNSOLD ALLOTMENTS on the second subdivision of the
UNDERWOOD ESTATE, ASHFIELD,
as follows:—
SECTION 13.—TWENTY-ONE lots, Nos. 12 to 32, from 50 feet to 88 feet frontages, with depths of 130 feet to 290 feet.
SECTION 14.—Four lots, Nos. 18 to 21, from 50 feet to 54 feet frontages, with depths of 112 feet to 155 feet.
SECTION 15.—TWENTY-FOUR lots, Nos. 14 to 24, 28 to 41, each 50 feet frontage, depth 200 feet.
SECTION 16.—EIGHTEEN lots, Nos. 13 to 19, 23 to 31, from 37 feet to 91 feet, with depths of 188 feet to 200 feet.
TERMS OF SALE, one-fourth cash deposit on the fall of the hammer, and the residue in 1, 2, and 3 years, bearing interest at the rate of SIX per cent. per annum.

LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS now ready.

LARGE AUCTION PLAN
on view at the Rooms, Pitt-street.

DAY OF SALE,
MONDAY, 14th JULY,
at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at half-past 11 o'clock.

NOTE.—A LARGE BLOCK, in area about [illegible] ACRES, [illegible] instant subdivision WAS PURCHASED by AUCTION [illegible] for a PUBLIC PARK [illegible] thereto. a number of the lots [illegible] OF BURWOOD.

THAT VALUABLE and NICELY ELEVATED BLOCK of LAND, opposite the MANSION and GROUNDS belonging to W. FRIEND, Esq., near the property belonging to T. A. BUTTERFIELD, Esq., and overlooking the grounds attached to the residence of JOSIAH MULLENS, about seven minutes' walk from the
BURWOOD RAILWAY STATION.
It is now in course of subdivision by Mr. Surveyor REUSS, Jun., into FORTY-THREE VILLA SITES and BUILDING ALLOTMENTS.

Preliminary Notice.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, early in SEPTEMBER NEXT.
CLIFTON ESTATE, BURWOOD,
The large auction plan is now on view at the Rooms, Pitt-street, and LITHOGRAPHS in the hands of the printer.
Terms liberal—one quarter cash and the residue in equal amounts, at 6, 12, 18, and 24 months from day of sale; interest, 6 per cent.

BURWOOD, BURWOOD.—43 splendid Villa SITES, good frontages, elevated position, within 5 minutes' walk of the station, for SALE by public auction in a few weeks.
Particulars shortly.

FIRST-CLASS FATTENING SALT-BUSH STATIONS.

MERRYANBONE
and
NEW MERRIGAL,
Wellington and Bligh Districts.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Exchange, Sydney, WEDNESDAY, 16th July, at 12 o'clock.
The above first-class pastoral properties.

MERRYANBONE.
This splendid fattening station is situated in the Wellington District, about 30 miles from Warren, and comprises an area of about 26,000 acres. It is substantially fenced on three sides by sheep-proof wire fencing, and the Gunningbar Creek forms the other boundary. It is permanently watered by the Duck Creek, which passes through the run, and the Gunningbar Creek as before mentioned, both of which held out during the late drought.
The country is of the richest fattening description, and consists of myall and salt-bush plains, interspersed with belts of timber. It is admirably adapted for either sheep or cattle, and its moderate capabilities may be estimated at 15,000 sheep or 2000 cattle. With this valuable property will be sold about 1450 head of cattle, about 420 of which are fattening bullocks from 3 to 6 years, and the remainder a mixed herd. They are a nice well-bred lot, and could soon be fattened, if the purchaser wished to turn his attention to sheep.
The improvements consist of overseer's cottage and all the necessary outbuildings for the proper working of the station, including a splendid new stockyard.
Horses, stores, belongings, &c., will be given in after muster.

NEW MERRIGAL.
This splendid block of country is situated on the Marthaguy Creek, about 40 miles from Coonamble, and 70 miles from Dubbo, and comprises an area of about 16,000 acres. It has a frontage to both sides of the Marthaguy Creek, besides a splendid tank, and there are good natural facilities for making water. The country consists of open myall and saltbush plains very heavily grassed, and great carrying capabilities. It had 12,000 sheep on it at the close of the late drought, 2000 of which were turned off as fat a very short time afterwards, and all the stock on it now are in excellent condition.
The improvements consist of overseer's cottage, yards, &c.
With this splendid little property will be sold
6000 SHEEP, more or less,
consisting of 4000 fattening wethers, 3, 4, and 5 years, and 2000 ewes, from 3 years up.
The Auctioneers can thoroughly recommend both these stations as comprising some of the best fattening country in New South Wales, and as it is the owner's intention to realise, they would strongly advise those seeking such investments to go up and inspect.
Further particulars as to the stock, terms, &c., can be obtained on application to the Agents,
PITT, SON, and BADGERY,
corner of King and George streets.

POSITIVE SALE.

PARRAMATTA, PENRITH, AND CATTAI CREEK LANDS.

WEDNESDAY, 16th JULY,
at 11 o'clock sharp.

JOHN TAYLOR has been instructed to sell by public auction, at his Sale Rooms, Church-street, Parramatta, on WEDNESDAY, 16th July, at 11 o'clock,
1. The House and premises known as Addington's Hotel, situate at the corner of Church and Fennel streets, Parramatta, first-class business premises. The house contains 10 rooms, with detached buildings, stables, sheds, &c. The ground frontage to Church-street is 66 feet, and to Fennell-street 157 feet.
2. All that block of Land situate at the north end of Church-street, being portion of the Seville grant, bounded on the north by Hunt's Creek, on the south by Bourke-street, and on the west by Church-street, containing 5 acres 2 roods 26 perches. Portion of the land is planted with fruit trees (bearing), and the remainder under cultivation.
3. A Block of Land, part of Want's Subdivision, on the Dog-trap Road, near the Railway Junction, containing 3 roods 32 perches, having large frontages to Parramatta and Waratah streets, being Lot 1 of Section 4 on plan of subdivision.
4. Two allotments of land, being lots 19 and 20 of block 3 of the subdivision of the Want Estate, Dogtrap Road, having 60 frontage to Parramatta-street, by a depth of 90 feet.
5. Two valuable building allotments, situate in Rosehill-street, Parramatta, near Mr. A. Johnson's brick building, and opposite Mr. F. Barber's Residence. The allotments are adjoining and enclosed, having each a frontage of 50 feet, by a depth of 157 feet.
6. 14 acres 2 roods of land, situated at Cattai Creek, parish of Nelson, bounded on the west by a road one chain wide; on the south by Cattai Creek; on the east by a measured portion of 28 acres 1 rood; and on the north by Mr. George Skinner's land, as shown on Bishop's maps of the County of Cumberland.
7. 28 acres 1 rood of land, situate at Cattai Creek, parish of Nelson, adjoining lot 6, and shown on Bishop's map of the County of Cumberland, being bounded by a road and Cattai Creek, and near Mr. Hession's property.
8. A farm of 35 acres situated near Penrith, in the parish of Londonderry, adjoining Mr. H. Belford's property, having extensive frontages to the roads leading from the Penrith Road to Windsor and Richmond, and known as Mr. Goldrick's land, well watered and timbered.
TITLES GOOD.
Terms at sale.

National Library of Australia
http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1431411

Funerals.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. FRANCIS HUNTER are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON; to move from his late residence, George-street, near Jamison-street, at 3 o'clock, to the Devonshire-street Cemetery. T. DIXON, Undertaker, 230, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. M. HUNTER are invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased FATHER; to move from his late residence, 5, Malcolm-lane, off George-street North, to Devonshire-street Cemetery, THIS AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 3 o'clock. T. DIXON, Undertaker.

THE FRIENDS and COMRADES of the late Gunner FRANCIS HUNTER, of No. 6 Battery, Volunteer Artillery, are informed that his Funeral will move from his late residence, Malcolm-lane, off George-street, THIS DAY, Thursday, at a quarter to 3 o'clock p.m.

TO THE MEMBERS of the THEBA CLUB.—You are requested to attend the FUNERAL of the deceased Brother F. HUNTER; to move from his residence, No. 5, Malcolm-lane, at half-past 2 p.m., to the Devonshire-street Cemetery. By order of the President.
W. ROSEWELL, Secretary.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JOHN HUGHES and his WIFE (Mary Ellen Hughes) are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, No. 8, Campbell's-buildings, off Miller's Road, Miller's Point, TO-MORROW (Friday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter before 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. J. and G. Shying and Co., undertakers.

THE FRIENDS of Mrs. MAGNER are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of her late SON-IN-LAW, John Hughes; to move from his late residence, No. 8, Campbell's-buildings, off Miller's Road, Miller's Point, on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ARTHUR BEAUMONT are requested to attend the Funeral of his BROTHER-IN-LAW, Mr. John Hughes; to move from his late residence, No. 8, Campbell's-buildings, off Kent-street, Miller's Point, TO-MORROW (Friday) at a quarter to 2 o'clock, and proceed to the Mortuary, and thence to Haslem's Creek.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN FARRELL are invited to attend the Funeral of his late departed BROTHER-IN-LAW, Mr. John Hughes; to move from his late residence, No. 8, Campbell's-buildings, off Kent-street, Miller's Point, TO-MORROW (Friday) at a quarter to 2 o'clock, and proceed to the Mortuary, and thence to Haslem's Creek.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ALFRED DENISON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved SON, Arthur W.; to move from his late residence, No. 3, Corben-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church; and Oxford-street, near Crown-street.

THE FRIENDS of Messrs. JOSEPH and SAMUEL DENISON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved BROTHER, Mr. Arthur W. Denison; to move from his late residence, No. 3, Corben-street, Surry Hills, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN DENISON are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved NEPHEW, Arthur W. Denison; to move from his late residence, No. 3, Corben-street, Surry Hills, THIS AFTERNOON, at quarter to 2 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church; and Oxford-st., near Crown-st.

LOYAL ROSE OF AUSTRALIA, Lodge No. 4024, I.O.O.F., M.U.—The Officers and Brothers of the above Lodge, together with the Officers and Brothers of the various Lodges, are requested to attend the Funeral of our late Brother, ARTHUR W. DENISON; to move from No. 3, Corben-street, Surry Hills, THIS AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 2 o'clock.
JOHN SWADLING, N.G.
JAMES ERWIN, Secretary.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JAMES M'MAHON are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON; to move from his late residence, Howard-street, off George-street West, at 2 o'clock, to the Necropolis. T. DIXON, Undertaker, 23, Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. GEORGE MERRETT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased WIFE, Matilda Margaret Austin; to move from his residence, Station-street, Enmore, THIS (Thursday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter-past 2 o'clock, for the Newtown Station, thence to the Necropolis. J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, 719, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. ROBERT L. ELPHINSTON are informed that the Funeral of his deceased SON, Robert Stanley, will move from his residence, Broughton-street, Glebe, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. WALTER STEWART, Undertaker.

Books, Publications &c.

THE BISHOP OF BATHURST and The Original Correspondence and the KENNA, by the Rev. Dr. BYRNE, will this afternoon appear in THE ECHO.

FREEMAN'S JOURNAL, THIS WEEK, will contain—
Complete Memoir of the New Bishop of Armidale; also, his First Pastoral Letter—Full Report of the Kenna Case at Bathurst, including Correspondence with the Bishop—Full Particulars of the Chiniquy Riots at Hobart Town.

THE SYDNEY COURIER, THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.
Is the second Morning Paper published in Sydney. It has no connection whatever with any other paper either in Sydney or Melbourne. See its issues for the past week, which will prove it is worthy of general support, and which, as a purely Sydney enterprise, seeks to obtain.
JOHN LUTTON and CO., 156, Pitt-street.

EDUCATION AND DENOMINATIONALISM.
In THE ECHO, THIS AFTERNOON, will be printed a full report of the Lecture by the Rev. Dr. Byrne, at Bathurst, including the Correspondence between the E. C. Bishop of Bathurst and the late Mr. Kenna.

ACCOUNT BOOKS.—A lot of Ledgers, Cash Books, Day Books, Minute Books, Waste Books, Invoice Books, Journals' Rough Counter Books, Memorandum Books, all sizes and qualities of binding, offered cheap, to make room for new stock.
Stationers' Hall, 387 and 389, George-street.

APPLY for the EXHIBITION REVIEWER, gratis, post free at Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

NEW MUSIC.—"Johnny, don't wriggle the Baby," as sung by Maggie Oliver, 1s 6d. F. C. KIRBY, Pitt-street.

FULLER. — STATIONERS' HALL. — For every possible description of STATIONERY.

FULLER'S.—THE RELIGIOUS BOOK AND TRACT DEPOT. 387 and 389, George-street.

FULLER'S.—PRESENTS DEPOT, chaste, pretty, useful. 387 and 389, George-street.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE. GEO. ROBERTSON'S CLEARANCE SALE of BOOKS and STATIONERY commences MONDAY next, July 14th, 1879.

PHOTOGRAPHS of Australian Scenery, Sydney and Harbour, &c. PULTON and BEGRIE, 139, Pitt-street.

WINSOR and NEWTON'S Artists' Materials of every description. W. AYTON, Artists' Depot, 481, George-st.

Businesses for Sale.

BELLEVUE FAMILY HOTEL, opposite Parliament House and Botanic Gardens, Brisbane, Queensland.
For SALE, the Lease, License, Furniture, &c., in consequence of the projected departure of the proprietor for Europe. Principals only treated with by G. and B. NICOLL, Grafton Wharf, Sydney; or J. A. ZAHEL, Bellevue Hotel, Brisbane.

FOR SALE, first-class BOARDING-ESTABLISHMENT, in one of the most fashionable streets in the city. Apply J. W. Camper, house agent, 58, Hunter-street.

FOR SALE, in a northern port in Queensland, a General STORE and PREMISES, doing a good business. For particulars, apply to PRINCE, OGG, and CO., George-street.

FOR SALE, the ROYAL HOTEL, WOMBAT, now in full trade. This property is situated on the main road from Murrumburrah to Young, and Cobb and Co.'s coaches stop twice a day to change horses. Attached to the Hotel are vineyard and orchard, containing four acres. To a bona-fide purchaser easy terms of payment will be given.
For further particulars apply to
MYERS and SOLOMON,
542 and 544, George-street.

FOR SALE, STEAM SAWMILL PLANT, complete, consisting of 25-h.p. Beam Engine, with Boiler, Vertical Frame, two Circular Benches, Pulleys, Belting, &c., &c. W. MACDONALD, 352, George-street.

FOR SALE, £85, a bargain, RESTAURANT and BOARDING-HOUSE, 10 beds, 8 boarders, furniture, cooking utensils, in the main street of the city. Further particulars, apply to J. LAVER, 98, Elizabeth-street.

FIRS-CLASS CAFE PREMISES, LEASE, for SALE. Apply 336, George-street.

FASHIONABLE LODGING ESTABLISHMENT, LEASE for SALE. A., 366, George-street.

HOTELS. HOTELS. HOTELS. HOTELS.—City, suburbs, and country. BUER and CO., 67, Pitt-st.

HOTEL, city, splendid stand, well-furnished, price £800, bargain. JOSEPH and CO., 110, King-street.

CORNER HOTEL, city, splendid bar trade, large stabling and yard, £400. JOSEPH and CO.

FAMILY HOTEL, city, £650, handsomely furnished, value for money; call and see this. JOSEPH and CO.

HOTEL, Mort's Dry Dock, Balmain, £480; trade £50. JOSEPH and CO., 110, King-street.

HOTEL, suburbs, £120, low rent, great bargain, large neighbourhood. JOSEPH and CO., 110, King-street.

A GOOD PAYING BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT for SALE, near new Exhibition. This is a chance rarely to be met with.
E. RAMSAY, House Agent, 412, George-street.

A GROCERY BUSINESS for SALE, cheap; house contains 4 rooms and kitchen; rent low. E. Ramsay, agent.

SEVERAL really first-class HOTELS, in best situations; have been placed in our hands for private SALE, at from £800 to £2500; never before in the market. Liberal terms. BATE, MUSTON, and CO., 147, Pitt-street.

BARRATT and CO., HOTEL BROKERS, General Business and Partnership AGENTS.
Offices—160, Phillip-street, Sydney.
BARRATTS HAVE HOTELS and BUSINESSES of every description, to suit all classes; so lose no time in calling or sending to
BARRATT'S HOTEL and BUSINESS MART,
160, Phillip-street, Sydney.

JAMISON-STREET.—For SALE, a first-class Boarding ESTABLISHMENT, having every possible appliance for conducting a very extensive business, being a fine opportunity for an industrious pair. E. RAMSAY, house agent.

ROYAL ALBERT HOTEL, corner of Macquarie and Gipps streets.—For SALE, LEASE, LICENSE, &c., of the above. Full particulars to be had of
Mr. G. L. CARTER,
George-street,
opposite Royal Hotel.

HOTEL, central position, Lease for SALE. STUBBS and CROFT, 309, George-street.

FOR SALE, FURNITURE and Goodwill private Boarding Establishment, near new Exhibition; 13 permanent boarders; everything complete; cause of selling, death; price, £250 cash. North, HERALD Office.

Calls on Shares.

NORTH SHORE STEAM FERRY COMPANY (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTH CALL of two shillings (2s) per share has been made, and will be payable at the Office of the Company, Milson's Point, on or before MONDAY, 21st July.
By order of the Board of Directors.
THOMAS FIELD, Secretary.
Milson's Point, North Shore, 24th June, 1879.

REDHEAD COAL-MINING COMPANY (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given that the Directors have this day made a call of Sixpence per share, payable at the Company's office, 177, Pitt-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, July 22nd instant.
By order of the Board.
GEORGE HARDIE, Manager.
July 1, 1879.

Machinery.

BRASS and Copper Condenser TUBES, solid drawn Steam Packing. JOHN DANKS, 105, Liverpool-street.

ENGINEERS' BRASSWORK, Gresham's Injectors, Wilson's Impermeators, Roscoe's Lubricators, Steam Whistles, Gauge Mountings, Boiler Testing Pumps.
JOHN DANKS, 105, Liverpool-street.

COPPER STILLS, Boilers, Condensers, Jacketed Pans, Ships' and other Pumps; every description of Coppersmiths, Brass-founding, and Plumbing Work; licensed for water and gas.
WILLIAM ROBISON, 67, Sussex-street.

PORTABLE STEAM-ENGINE, 8 to 10 h.p. wanted. W. DOUGLASS, 166, Pitt-street.

PORTABLE 10 h.-p. STEAM-ENGINE and Battery for SALE. Terms. W. DOUGLASS, 166, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, one second-hand double-flue BOILER; length, 25 feet; diameter, 6 feet; with safety and stop valves and gauge mountings complete. Apply TOOTH and CO., Kent Brewery.

Miscellaneous.

HAWHURST ESTATE, MARRICKVILLE.
LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS of this Subdivision are now ready.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

THE FAMILY MOURNING WAREHOUSE. Every requisite in made and unmade MOURNING BONNETS, MOURNING HATS; moderate prices. E. WAY, Importer of Mourning Goods, 261, Pitt-street.

AFTER THE OPERA IS OVER ladies require a GOOD WARM WRAP.
EDWARD HORDERN has a SPLENDID assortment of STYLISH HEAVY DOUBLE WOOL WRAPS, in WHITE, CREAM, ROSE PINK, CORAL, SCARLET, and PARTRIDGE, large sizes and VERY CHEAP, just the thing FOR THE OPERA SEASON. 676, Brickfield-hill.
ONLY THE ONE ADDRESS.

CREWEL and Outline Work of every description. M. C. BOHRSMANN, Berlin Emporium, 39, Oxford-street.

FOR SALE, a LAND ORDER. Apply No. 9, Elger-street, off Bay-street, Glebe.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDERS wanted. A. Mihell, at 15, Bridge-street; after 6, 126, Buckingham-street.

TANKS.—Ship's Water Tanks, superior to malt tanks; see the water in them. W. ROBISON, 67, Sussex-street.

TANKS, best London make, on SALE. J. T. and J. TOOHEY, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-street.

FOR SALE, Brown and White Spanial PUPS, finely bred. ELLIS, Draper, Forest Lodge.

FOR SALE, a bargain, PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS, ¼-plate portrait lens, 2 cameras, portable dark-room, printing-frames, bath, dishes, scales and weights, chemicals, &c., &c.; fine chance for a beginner; £10 the lot; to be seen between 1 and 2, or after 6 p.m., at 37, Buckingham-street, Strawberry Hill.

FOR SALE, Confectioners' SHOW GLASSES, a great bargain. 420, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

FOWLS for SALE, 20 (laying) Brahma, Spanish, Dorking, splendid condition. 2, Pepiat-terrace, Forbes-street.

FOR SALE, Laying DUCKS and FOWLS. Apply at 517, Macquarie-street South, near Gipps-street.

FOR SALE (one of the greatest novelties ever been seen in Sydney), two live Black MONKEYS, with topknots.
W. NEAVES, George-street Markets.

SAUCY BANTAMS, Gallant Game, Ponderous Brahmas, Cochins, and other varieties of Poultry; pompous Pouters, pretty Almonds, stately Carriers, and other beautiful [illegible] Norwich, shapely Belgians, crested and PIGEON, and CANARY SOCIETY [illegible] at the POULTRY, ance Hall, end of this month.

NATIVE CAT SKINS.—For SALE, 100 Native Cat Skins, without shot holes; a fair offer will be accepted. Address Sportsman, Post-office, Moss Vale.

TRY PEMELL'S PATENT MEAL—an excellent breakfast for children and persons in delicate health.

NOTICE.—A BILLIARD-BAGATELLE TABLE for SALE. Apply at the Sir Walter Scott Hotel, corner of Sussex and Bathurst streets.

ASK your grocer for Barrett, Hayter, and Co.'s OATMEAL, as it is the best in the market.

ASK your Grocer for PEMELL'S PATENT MEAL, rich in phosphates, lime, &c. Sold in 7-lb. bags, 1s 3d each.

CASH purchaser for a neat HOUSE at N. or S. Kingston. W. DOUGLASS, 166, Pitt-street.

TO HATTERS.—Wanted to BUY, BLOCKS and IMPLEMENTS of TRADE. State price, quantity, &c. A. P. WOOD, Bate's-chambers, 147, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a small second-hand Fireproof SAFE. State price, D. S., HERALD Office.

WANTED, common PIGEONS before Saturday. Apply to F. Richards, Bradley, Newton, Lamb, Spring-st.

WANTED, to buy a second-hand COUNTER. Apply to 179, Lower George-street.

WANTED to purchase, Pawnbroking BUSINESS for cash. M. S. LEVEY and CO., Bank-chambers, King-street.

WANTED, Allotment LAND, near city. Address, with full particulars, &c. W. F., HERALD Office.

WANTED, good suburban Hotel, with stabling, respectable locality. State particulars, Joddon, G. P. O. No agents.

WANTED to LEASE, PREMISES, suitable for a small fellmongery. Neighbourhood of Sydney preferred. Open for a week. Address S. K. N., HERALD Office.

WANTED, for cash, Left-off CLOTHING.—Ladies and gentlemen waited on by Mr. and Mrs. Simmons, of the original Little Wardrobe, 2, Campbell-street, Haymarket only. Letters attended to.

WANTED, 2000 HARDWOOD VINE STAKES, ironbark, blue gum, or peppermint, 5 feet 6 inches long, by 3 x 2 inches; pointed at one end, and charred for 18 inches; to be delivered at Minchinbury, Rooty Hill. Apply to Mr. Terrier, Minchinbury, or to Dr. M'Kay, Church-hill, Sydney.

Professions, Trades, &c.

A YOUNG Man, who writes well, and understands arithmetic wanted, in a merchant's office; no salary. Apply Excelsior, HERALD Office.

A YOUNG man, with several years' experience leather, grindery, &c., open for ENGAGEMENT, with a thorough knowledge of book-keeping. F. H., 4, Terminus-street.

BAKERS.—Wanted, steady single young MAN, must understand small goods. S. Poulton, Botany Road, Redfern.

BOOT TRADE.—Enamelled KANGAROO, cheapest and best, always on hand. WATSON, Waterloo.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, Kip CUTTER and Kip MACHINIST. Davenport and Alcock, Marrickville.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, good WORKMAN, sewn and pegged, single. W. Maguire, Darling Point.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, MACHINISTS. J. and G. M'Murtrie and Co., 21 and 25, King-street West.

BOOTMAKER wanted, a good general hand and repairer; constant work. C. Stratford, Church-hill.

COMPOSITORS wanted. De Courcy, Hyde, and Blakeney, 199, York-street.

CARPENTERS and JOINERS wanted; good hands. 197, Castlereagh-street.

COMFORTABLE happy HOME offered, two or three little girls; healthy suburb; tuition in English and music. Terms moderate. Care, HERALD Office.

DRESSMAKER.—Wanted, good HANDS. Madame Brun, French dressmaker, Newtown Road, Newtown.

FIRST-CLASS PARLIAMENTARY REPORTER wanted for Melbourne ARGUS; ability and experience in general reporting work required. Address, with full particulars, Editor ARGUS, Collins-street, Melbourne.

GOOD Skirt and Body HANDS wanted. Mrs. Williamson's Dressmaking Rooms, 672, Brickfield-hill.

MACHINIST wanted, for Singer's machine. Must be good HAND. Mrs. Morgan, T. Baker, opposite Cathedral.

PARTNER wanted, with £100, in a business doing £1500 a year, immediate returns. Trade, HERALD.

PARTNER wanted, with about £250, for a lucrative manufacturing business. B. W., HERALD Office.

PRESS.—Thoroughly competent Editor and Reporter open for ENGAGEMENT; first-class references. Address Sigma, Gordon and Gotch, George-street, Sydney.

PARTNERSHIP.—A party with a little money, and who is thoroughly well up in galvanized iron working, plumbing, &c., &c., is desirous of joining another as a Working Partner. State particulars, &c., in the first instance, to T. F. JACKSON, 183, Pitt-street.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, an ASSISTANT or Improver. W. Reid, 8, Market-street.

TO BEDSTEAD SALESMEN.—Vacancy for a competent Salesman for our bedstead department. Farmer and Co.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, two Junior HANDS. J. Daly, 582, George-street.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, first-class MAN, to manage principal department in a leading wholesale house. Apply, by letter, stating experience, to B. O. X., care of Gordon and Gotch, George-street. Open for one week.

TO TAILORS.—The Amalgamated Journeymen Tailors' Association desire to notify that the Workmen of the GOULBURN BRANCH are on STRIKE, resisting a reduction of wages. HENRY E. DE CARLE, Secretary.

THE AUSTRALASIAN CIVIL SERVICE MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY invites applications for AGENCIES in Sydney and the principal towns. Gentlemen of ability, energy, and influence will be treated with liberally on forwarding testimonials.
Apply to the Actuary, at the Chief Offices, 145, King-street.

TO COLONIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.—A London firm having considerable experience in Fire Insurance Business, and with a large connection, desires to CONDUCT in LONDON a BRANCH OFFICE for the United Kingdom of an Australian Fire Insurance Company on reasonable terms.
The advertisers would be able to secure at once a large business, both direct and guarantee.
Address London, care of Messrs. Gordon and Gotch, Collins-street West, Melbourne.

WANTED, a competent DRESSMAKER. 224, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a good smart PAINTER. 86, Shepherd-street, Darlington.

WANTED, good PAPERHANGER (fast hand) early. Temple Court Cellars, King and Elizabeth streets.

WANTED, a SLATER. Apply early, New Stores, Bridge-street, Smith.

WANTED, young Lady PIANIST, country hotel; high salary; Protestant. Mrs Killick, 311, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, a STONEMASON, early; small job; bring tools. J. Long, Albion-street, off Dowling-street.

WANTED, a BOOTMAKER; stitched. P. Munster, 64, corner King and York streets.

WANTED, young LADY, for Junior Class, private school. O. F. H., Post-office, Oxford-street.

WANTED, Collarmakers; constant employment for good workmen. Guerin's Saddle Factory, 412, Elizabeth-st.

WANTED, PARTNER, busy Boarding-house and Shop; small capital. B. A., Post-office.

WANTED, by a public lecturer, an AGENT, profits divided; a gentleman preferred; good spec. 150, B. A., Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

WANTED, a competent Nursery GOVERNESS, to educate and take charge of 3 young children. Apply to Mrs. Croudace, Lambton.

WANTED, for the country, first-class TAILOR, able to cut and sew. Apply to W. Perry and Co., 405, George-street.

WANTED, good CARPENTER; none but a good hand need apply. Apply J. and W. Lloyd, new buildings, Cleveland-street, near Goodlet and Smith's pottery.

WANTED, a Shipping CLERK, for a merchant's office; must be acquainted with Custom-house work. Apply, with testimonials, Box 338, Post Office.

WANTED, DAILY GOVERNESS, of experience, to educate three young girls, 10 to 14 years of age, in English, French, and music. Highest references required. Application to be addressed to Beta, HERALD Office.

Situations Wanted.

A GOOD WRITER is open for ENGAGEMENT as Copying Clerk. F., HERALD Office.

A HIGHLY respectable young girl (17), desires SITUATION as Nurse, would assist in housework. A. A., G. P. O.

A YOUNG man desires EMPLOYMENT, after 4 p.m., collecting or otherwise. T. H., HERALD Office.

A TOTAL ABSTAINER wishes SITUATION as Storeman or Clerk; good refs. J. F. Hall, 26, Jamison-st.

ALL Classes of Female SERVANTS can be engaged on the spot at the Home Registry.

A NIGHT-WATCHMAN, steady middle-aged man; good references. O. S., 69, Clarence-street.

AN ENGAGEMENT as Governess, by Lady many years under C. of E.; English, Rudimentary French, Music, and Drawing. G., 63, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

ADVERTISER, six years Collector to Messrs. P. N. Russell and Co., is open to RE-ENGAGEMENT, either on salary or commission. Box 370, G. P. O.

A WIDOWER is desirous of placing his Son as an In-door APPRENTICE to a respectable trade; he is smart and intelligent. Apply by letter, Apprentice, W. Nash, 629, Hay-market.

ACCOUNTANT and BOOKKEEPER.—The Advertiser desires to obtain EMPLOYMENT in the office of a merchant or country store, has had several years' experience; references unexceptionable. Letter addressed to Alpha, care of Honorary Secretary Home Visiting and Relief Society, will meet with immediate attention.

A YOUNG Lady wishes for a SITUATION, as either Resident or Daily Governess to young children; English, French, and the rudiments of music. References given and required. Address M. L. B., Pierce's, news agent, William-street.

BREWER, 15 years' experience (8 colonial), desires ENGAGEMENT; excellent testimonials. Bung, HERALD.

BOOKKEEPER and Storekeeper wants a SITUATION, salary small. A. Z., HERALD Office.

BY SUPERIOR English Girl, Lady's Maid, or Nurse, Needlewoman. J. J., Pierce, William-street.

BY HOUSE, Parlour Maid, Nurse, General Servant, for dairy, Protestants, refs. Mrs. Killick, 311, Castlereagh-st.

GENTLEMAN, with references, wishes to meet with EMPLOYMENT; trustworthy. Confidence, Post Office.

HOME REGISTRY.—Waiting Engagements, Grooms, Gardeners, Butlers, Cooks, Waiters, Kitchenmen, Drivers.

LAW.—Experienced General Clerk, now employed in a large city practice, open to ENGAGEMENT; salary moderate. Satisfactory reasons for leaving present employ. Address, Habere, care Chas. Solomon, 241, Pitt-street.

SEVERAL really good Servants anxious for EMPLOYMENT. Refs. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-street.
... or 2 gentlemen. Good ref. Mrs. Stephens. Housekeeper to 1

TO MASTER TAILORS.—A practical Cutter is open for ENGAGEMENT. Address Thomas Coullas, 103, Belgrave-terrace, Phillip-street, Waterloo.

TWO young Ladies being desirous of going to England, are willing to give their services to any family for a Free Passage. Address Two Young Ladies, No. 1, HERALD Office. Open for a week.

WAITING Engagements, House and Parlour Maids and General Servants; good refs. Mrs. Donnelly, Wm.-st.

WANTED, by young person, 4 days constant LAUNDRY, every week. E. S., Post Office, Sydney.

WANTED, by young lady, SITUATION as Nursery Governess, or useful companion, country pre. M. A., HERALD.

WANTED, a SITUATION in family; can do housework and needlework. Apply 52, Union-street, Pyrmont.

WANTED, by steady young Man, SITUATION, assistant Grocer; good refs. Apply W. C., P.O., Waverley.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Housemaid, by a party from the country. Apply No. 5, Fig-street, Ultimo.

WANTED, a SITUATION as Gardener, generally useful, married, good references. A. H., G. P. O.

WANTED, by a respectable Person, a SITUATION, Cook and Laundress. M. C., Pierce, William-street.

WANTED, SITUATION, as General Servant, middle aged. T. P., Pierce, William-street.

WANTED, SITUATION, as Working Housekeeper, or to attend on an invalid lady. Address E. K., Spragg and Adams, stationers, Oxford-street.

WANTED, by a young person, a SITUATION as Barmaid or Waitress; speaks French and English; reference, if required. No. 3, Clyde-terrace, Cleveland-street.

WANTED, by a married man, a Good Templar, a SITUATION as Gardener, and to be generally useful. Thomas Moore, 463, Pitt-street.

WANTED, SITUATIONS by two friends, who wish to live together, one as Cook and Laundress, the other House and Parlour Maid, no objection to town or suburb, open for a week. Address M. D., HERALD Office.

WANTED, to place a GIRL, aged 14 years, in a respectable family, where she would be clothed and her education looked after in return for her services. Address J. J. W., 204, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.

YOUNG LADY seeks home, private family; nominal salary; useful, sewing, children; suburbs or country preferred. M. W., HERALD.

Servants Wanted.

A RESPECTABLE Girl wanted, as General SERVANT. Apply 69, Elizabeth-street, near Hunter-street.

A RESPECTABLE tidy GIRL, about 14, to assist in housework. Mrs. Felton, 206, George-street North.

A YOUNG Girl, as General SERVANT wanted. 619, George-street, Haymarket.

COOK and LAUNDRESS wanted, also HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Mrs. Hinton, 94, Macleay-street.

PROTESTANT General SERVANT wanted. For address apply Stationmaster, Stanmore platform.

SECOND COOK and KITCHENMAN wanted. Victoria Café, 307, George-street.

TWO good LABOURERS wanted. J. Graham, at new stores, Bridge-street, at 10 o'clock.

WANTED, two MEN, to make and burn bricks. W. H. Pearce, Liverpool.

WANTED, BOYS, used to lithographic printing machines. 131, Clarence-street.

WANTED, a competent House and Parlour MAID. Apply 151, Elizabeth-street, near Market-street.

WANTED, NURSE and Needlewoman (Protestant), before 12. Mrs. G. N. Griffiths, Richmond Villa, Domain.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 29, Market-street West.

WANTED, strong LAD, accustomed to butchering, ride and drive. J. Thompson, North Shore.

WANTED, a young GIRL, to make herself generally useful. Mrs. Chilcott, Snail's Bay, Balmain.

WANTED, a WOMAN, to do a day's washing every Monday. Mrs. Lee, 33, Hunter-street.

WANTED, thorough General SERVANT, references. Mrs. Hemsley, 32, Arundel-terrace, Forest Lodge.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply Three Crowns, Church-hill, after 10 o'clock.

WANTED, a young Girl (Protestant), as Upper NURSE. Apply to Mrs. Gosling, Lugar Brae, Waverley.

WANTED, General Servant. 2, Holdsworth-terrace, Glenview-st., continuation of Liverpool-st., Darlinghurst.

WANTED, young Girl as General SERVANT, 4 in family. 172, Tonbridge Villa, Queen-street, Woollahra.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL to mind a baby. Mrs. Moxham, Desmond Villa, Peacock's Point, Balmain.

WANTED, respectable General SERVANT. Apply Waterview Hotel, Balmain Dock Ferry.

WANTED, good General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Matthews, Darling-street, Balmain.

WANTED, Horse DRIVER, for the country. D. Moses, 181, Pitt-street. 10 to 11.

WANTED, a CREW, for the schooner Franz, Blackwattle Swamp, Pyrmont Bridge Road. Apply on board.

WANTED, a KITCHENMAN. 101, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a respectable BOY. Campbell, 315, George-street.

WANTED, competent General SERVANT, for Newtown Road. References. 98, Market-street Registry.

WANTED, active Girl, as Under HOUSEMAID and assist in the nursery. Mrs. Atherton, 18, O'Connell-st.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman, as NURSE; liberal wages, Angel Hotel, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, to assist in housework. 13, Domain-terrace.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Wiseman's Registry office, King-street, Newtown.

WANTED, a respectable NURSEGIRL, for 2 young children; references. 697, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 25, Myrtle-street, Darlington.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. American Exchange Hotel, King-street.

WANTED, a MAN to drive engine and work in chaff-house; person accustomed to business pref. 236, Sussex-st.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Mrs. Shadler, 71, Hunter-street.

WANTED, two smart BARMEN; good references. No other need apply. Trickett's Hotel.

WANTED, a Parlour MAID and LAUNDRESS, for town. The Home, 25, Clarence-street.

WANTED, a useful young MAN. Henry Rice, butcher, Elizabeth-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, a strong BOY. M'Laughlin, coachbuilder, 110, Albion-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Abrahams, grocer, corner of Nithsdale and Goulburn streets.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply Native Rose Hotel, Hay-street.

WANTED, a WAITER and WASHER-UP. Apply at Royal Exchange Hotel.

WANTED, a single Man, to drive a licensed vehicle. Apply C. Waterhouse, Milson's Point, near ferry.

WANTED, a respectable, sharp LAD; sleep, board in the house. Head and Co., Druitt-street.

WANTED, a Boarding House RUNNER. 213, George-street.

WANTED, respectable YOUTH, to assist in Shop. Apply W. Dunn.

WANTED, a little GIRL, about 14, used to children. 146, Castlereagh-street, near Hunter-st. After 9 o'clock.

WANTED, GIRL, to mind a Baby, and useful. Apply Grosvenor Hotel, Harris-street.

WANTED, a BOY, about 15, to make himself generally useful. Ellerslie House, 20, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, no cooking. Ellerslie House, 20, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, respectable Lad as Billiard Marker and useful; references. Aaron's Exchange Hotel, Gresham-st.

WANTED, a thoroughly competent COOK. Great Britain Hotel, George and King streets. After 9.

WANTED, a good respectable RUNNER, at Mrs. Smith's, Rockhampton Hotel, Cumberland-street.

WANTED, young Girl, as General SERVANT, sleep at home. 341, Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a MAN accustomed to work in a market garden. Apply John Houghton, Double Bay.

WANTED, a COOK and LAUNDRESS. Johnston's Hotel, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a NURSEGIRL, about 14. 1, Anna-terrace, Goodhope-street, Glenmore Road.

WANTED, a GIRL, to mind a baby. Apply Stanton Hotel, Leavy and Smithers streets, off Abercrombie-street.

WANTED, a thorough good RUNNER. Temperance Hall, corner of Market and Castlereagh streets.

WANTED, a strong Girl, as General SERVANT; sleep at home preferred. 44, Yurong-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, one accustomed to bar. Apply Rising Sun Hotel, Elizabeth-street South.

WANTED, a GIRL, to mind a baby and be useful. 5, University-terrace, Yurong-street.

WANTED, respectable young Woman as General SERVANT in small family. 150, Victoria-street North.

WANTED, strong BOY used to galvanized iron work. Apply upper gate, Exhibition ground. E. Bush.

WANTED, a good COOK. 479, George-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 592, George-street, near Bathurst-street.

WANTED, 3 MEN, for steam saw mill. Wilkins, Lime-street, between 10 and 12.

WANTED, a NURSE and NEEDLEWOMAN, age about 30. Apply to-day, Glue's Labour Agency, 176, Pitt-st.

WANTED, GROOM and Coachman, market garden Labourers, Family for a farm. Glue's L. Agency, Pitt-st.

WANTED, good General SERVANT; washing out; references. 311, Upper Dowling-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a strong active YOUTH. Crawford and Jessep, No. 9, Market-street.

WANTED, a NURSE and NEEDLEWOMAN, for one child. Apply between 10 and 1 to Mrs. Edward Bennett, Eblana, Elizabeth Bay.

WANTED, young Woman as NURSE; also GIRL, 15, to assist; references. 1, Arlington-terrace, Upper William-street North.

WANTED, a strong single young Man, as LABOURER. Apply A. Cummins, builder, Point-street, Pyrmont, Church of England School.

WANTED, two young Men, as BAR-TENDERS; must have best of references. Apply at Royal Exchange Hotel.

WANTED, a respectable single MAN, to look after a horse and cart, and assist in a wholesale fruit and jam store. Apply J. Freeston, markets, York-street.

WANTED, a respectable young Person to make herself generally useful; small family. Apply by letter to Y., General Post Office.

WANTED, a tidy little GIRL to mind a baby. Address at Mr. Wheeler's, butcher, near Darling-street ferry, Balmain.

WANTED, a thoroughly good COOK; good references required. Apply Mrs. Roberts, Mericola, Edgecliff Road, Wednesday and Thursday mornings, between 10 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED, a respectable middle-aged Woman, as COOK, for the country, only a few hours' journey from Sydney; testimonials required. Apply at Petty's Hotel, Thursday morning next, between 10 and 11 o'clock.

WANTED, middle-aged MARRIED COUPLE, for a station; woman Working Housekeeper, man to be useful about the homestead. Married Couple, man as Cook and to be able to milk cows; the wife Laundress and Housemaid, for three persons; wages £70. Married Couple, man as Ploughman and attend to cattle; wife good Laundress. Glue's Labour Agency, Pitt-street.

NEW SOUTH WALES VOL. ARTILLERY.
RECRUITS wanted, for the above Corps. Apply to the undersigned, at No. 10, O'Connell-street, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., daily, or to Sergeant-Major M'EWEN, at Victoria Barracks, at 7.30 p.m., Saturdays and Sundays excepted.
Height, 5 feet 6 inches.
By order.
J. E. O. TAUNTON, Captain, and Adjutant V.A.

Apartments, Board, and Residence.

APARTMENTS for married couple or gentlemen. 'Buses pass the door. Keira, Piper-street, Woollahra.

APARTMENTS and SUITE vacant. Mrs. Waugh, 159, Macquarie-street.

APARTMENTS, with Board, large balcony bedroom; mod. terms; no other lodgers. 121, Bourke-st., Woolloomoo.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Grogan, 243, Macquarie-street North.

APARTMENTS and Drawing-room SUITE vacant at Wentworth House, Church-hill.

APARTMENTS vacant for lady and gentleman, and 2 gentlemen, at 36, Wynyard-square.

APARTMENTS vacant, for gentlemen and families. St. Lawrence House, 1, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square.

APARTMENTS for 2 gentlemen. 243, Fitzroy-street, Moore Park.

APARTMENTS vacant. Loma House, 3, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-square.

APARTMENTS.—Front ROOMS vacant, suitable for gentlemen. 207, Macquarie-st., near Domain entrance. Mod.

APARTMENTS.—Select Vacancies. Estherville, 46, Elizabeth-street North, top of O'Connell-street.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Tanner, Wotonga House, King-street East, opposite St. James' Church.

AN APARTMENT to LET, for a single person. 24, Brisbane-street.

A VACANCY for families and gentlemen. Mrs. Dobson, Bengal House, 13, Jamison-street.

AT GUILFORD HOUSE, 24, Wynyard-square. Vacancies for gentlemen.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM to LET, suitable for 3 or 2 single men. Apply 114, Elizabeth-street North.

A FURNISHED ROOM to LET. 1, Lane's Cottages, West-street, Darlinghurst.

A FURNISHED Single and Double BEDROOM, for gentlemen; gas, bath, &c. 3, New Victoria-ter., Darlinghst.

A NICE furnished ROOM to LET, suitable for two young ladies out at business. 8, Head Co., Druitt-street.

AT MONA HOUSE, Wynyard-square, Private Boarding Establishment, Vacancies. Terms moderate.

AT Pembroke House, 215, Macquarie-street, opposite Legislative Assembly, Apartments for families and gentlemen.

AT Barnam House, 90, Elizabeth-street North, Apartments vacant for families or gentlemen.

A COMFORTABLE HOME for a single gentleman; piano, bath, and gas. 403, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

APARTMENTS, suitable for a lady and gentleman or gentlemen; front balcony rooms. 211, Macquarie-street, near Domain gate.

A VERY comfortable BEDROOM vacant, in private family, suit young man, or lady engaged in business, board optional, terms moderate; bath, piano, and gas. Apply for address, 15, Short-street, Surry Hills.

BALCONY room vacant, suit two friends. 209, Bourke-street, close to William-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, at Harrington's Restaurant, 624, George-street, near Liverpool-street; 18s weekly.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for gentlemen. Lubeck Cottage, Snail's Bay, near ferry. Terms moderate.

BOARD and Residence for gentlemen, use of piano. 5, Windsor-terrace, Enmore Road.

BOARD and RESIDENCE; ROOMS to LET; terms moderate. 440 and 446, Pitt-street, near Goulburn-street.

BOARD and Residence for single gentlemen, or married couples. Rooms to LET. 195, Elizabeth-street, op. Park.

BOARD and residence for two young men. 62, Bathurst-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, Balmain.—A lady or gentleman will find a comfortable HOME in a private family; waterside residence, near ferry. For address, M. Mills's boot shop, Darling-street.

COHEN'S MELBOURNE CLUB, 638, George-street, near Liverpool-street. Board, &c., £1 week; meals, beds, 1s.

COMFORTABLE HOME for gentleman or lady, in Woollahra; no family, gas. Protestant, Paddington P.O.

COMFORTABLE BOARD and RESIDENCE for two or three gentlemen. Apothecaries' Hall, 14, Oxford-street.

COMFORTABLE HOME, private family, no children; terms mod.; bath, gas. Shaftsbury, Erskineville Rd., Newtown.

COMFORTABLE furnished BEDROOM to LET. 145, Cleveland-street, near Abercrombie-street, Redfern.

COMFORTABLE BOARD and RESIDENCE, for mechanics, 15s. 5, Hibernia-terrace, Albion-st., Belmore Park.

DRAWING-ROOM SUITE and other Apartments. Mrs. Hamilton, Ardrossan House, Wynyard-square.

ELLERSLIE HOUSE, 20, Wynyard-square.—Vacancy for one gentleman; piano, bath. Terms, 21s.

FRONT BEDROOM, suit one or two gentlemen. 150½, Woolloomooloo-street.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS vacant at 214, Cumberland-street, near St. Philip's Church.

FURNISHED ROOM to LET. No. 1, Richmond-terrace, Elizabeth-street, Redfern, near Cleveland-street.

FURNISHED front balcony ROOM to LET, for married couple or two friends. 154, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo.

FURNISHED or unfurnished ROOMS to LET. 123, Goulburn-street, near Macquarie-street South.

FURNISHED PARLOUR, also BEDROOM, to LET; bath, use of kitchen. 237, Fitzroy-street.

HOME, with board and residence, for lady, 12s weekly. A., Post-office, Oxford-street.

LODGINGS for single men, with or without Board. A furnished ROOM to LET. Felix Crummy, British Hotel, Dixon and Little Hay streets, Darling Harbour.

NO. 149, Forbes-street, BEDROOM, for 1 gentleman; bath, gas; no children.

NICELY Furnished APARTMENTS; bath, and garden; terms moderate. 395, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

ONE or two gent.'s can find a very comfortable HOME, nicely furnished, separate bedrooms, bath, &c., with a private family, at Woolloomooloo; no children or boarders. For address, apply first floor, 174, Pitt-street.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE, for gentlemen, £1, washing. ATTIC to LET. 24, Burton-street.

PRIVATE HOME for gentleman; bath, gas, near ferry. F. R., Post-office, Balmain.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE for married couples and single gentlemen. 287, Castlereagh-street.

ROOM, furnished, suit two friends, respectable. 224, Bourke-street, top of Stanley-street.

SELECT APARTMENTS, furnished, for lady and gentleman. 226, Darlinghurst Road.

SUPERIOR Board and Residence, at Wynyard House, 43, Clarence-street, opposite St. Philip's.

SUPERIOR APARTMENTS, in a private family, for lady and gentleman, or gentlemen, fine house, at Paddington. Address A. B. C., Exchange, Bridge-street.

TO LET, a large front ROOM, to lady only. 142, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

TO LET, front ROOM, fireplace, unfurnished, only two in family, in the house. Apply 2, Irving-street, off Abercrombie-street.

TENBY HOUSE, Wynyard-square North, Sydney.
First-class Boarding Establishment for Gentlemen and Families.
Sitting, reading, smoking, bath, and 24 bed rooms.
Terms, 6s per day; liberal allowance for a period.
Apartments can be secured for any date.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS, most healthy in the city. 402, Crown-street, 3 doors south of Albion-st., S. H.

VACANCIES for two gentlemen; separate bedrooms. Mrs. Cory, 8, O'Connell-street.

VACANCIES for students attending University or Grammar School. 427, Bourke-street, S. H., terms moderate.

VACANCIES for two gentlemen or lady and gentleman. 49, Crown-street, near Domain, William-street.

VACANCIES for respectable boarders at the City View Hotel, Randle and Elizabeth streets. John Walsh.

VACANCIES for two gentlemen, board or partial, bathroom, private family. 246, Bourke-street.

WANTED, by married woman, unfurnished ROOM, in city. Address with terms. E. H., HERALD Office.

WANTED, BOARD and RESIDENCE, single room, private family preferred; state terms. R. S. T., HERALD.

WANTED, unfurnished, 2 ROOMS, fireplaces, and kitchen, within 1 mile of G. P. O. Comfort, HERALD.

WANTED, unfurnished neat COTTAGE, two or three rooms, in or near town. State terms, Neat, HERALD.

WANTED, to Rent a 5-roomed HOUSE, within five minutes' walk of P. O. Apply to Box 227, P. O.

WANTED, a HOUSE, with baker's oven. 463, Pitt-street. Borsboom.

WATERLOO.—Wanted, 4-roomed COTTAGE, with stable. Apply F. P., Post-office, Waterloo.

WANTED, by two gentlemen, two large adjoining ROOMS with BOARD, within ten minutes' walk from Post Office. W. B. W., HERALD Offices.

WANTED to Rent a 5-roomed HOUSE, within 20 minutes' walk of General Post Office. Send full particulars to R. S., HERALD Office.

Houses and Land for Sale

A VILLA, [illegible]-street, Redfern, for SALE. BURFITT, 355, George-street.

AGRICULTURAL and Grazing FARMS; also Orchards, for private SALE. W. DOUGLASS, 166, Pitt-st.

ASHFIELD.—2 allotments, 50 x 150, partly fenced, good position, easy terms. B. H. CHAPMAN, 309, George-st.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.—City Property, centrally situated, for SALE.—Somerset-street, Belmore-street; Albion Estate, Surry Hills. Apply SIMEON BROWN, Builder, Bellevue-street, Albion Estate.

A PRETTY COTTAGE for SALE, beautifully situated, containing 5 rooms, kitchen, bath, washhouse, gas, and water, pretty garden, and a first-class supply of good water; easy terms. Really a bargain. E. Ramsay, house agent, 412, George-st.

AT NORTH SHORE.—For SALE, a pretty Stone Villa RESIDENCE, 7 lofty rooms, kitchen, &c., &c., situated between Lavender and Neutral Bays, on an elevation overlooking the harbour; area, half an acre, inclusive of fruit, vegetable, and flower gardens; water in abundance, drainage complete.
E. RAMSAY, House Agent, 412, George-street.

A RESIDENCE IN THE HEALTHIEST AND MOST BEAUTIFUL SUBURB IN SYDNEY, WAVERLEY.
The cottage has 8 rooms, besides kitchen, servant's room, bathroom, and pantry, plenty good water, over an acre and a half land well laid out, lawns, ponds, flower and kitchen garden, great variety of choice well-grown fruit trees, ornamental trees, shrubs, vines, &c. Comfortable home for a small family. Easy access to the city. Price, £2500. THOMAS B. WALKER, Agent, Exchange-corner, Bridge-street.

ASHFIELD! ASHFIELD!
SPLENDID VILLA SITES.
FOUR YEARS' CREDIT WITHOUT INTEREST.
150 YARDS FROM SUMMER HILL PLATFORM, NOW OPEN.
The SUMMER HILL and TAVISTOCK ESTATES are second to none for elevation, charming views, &c., &c.
TAKE NOTICE OF THE TERMS.—Forty-eight monthly instalments, without any interest or expense. Torrens' Title.
SPECIAL FEATURES.—Low price, very easy payments, good land, healthy situation, close to railway, &c.
Get plans at SIPPEL BROTHERS, opposite Police Office; and at the Proprietor's residence. JAMES BARTLETT, Prospect Hall, Ashfield, near the land for sale. J. B. at home afternoons.

A PRETTY detached VILLA, contains PORCH, VERANDAH and BALCONY, HALL, SIX GOOD rooms, kitchen, scullery, BATHROOM, GAS LAID ON, bells; most faithfully built of brick on stone foundations and cemented, SLATED ROOF; internal fittings are tasty and well finished; within a few minutes' walk of the STATION, and situate on the ERSKINVILLE ROAD; pretty views and healthy locality. TORRENS' TITLE. The land has DOUBLE FRONTAGE. Price, £725, of which £400 can remain at 7 per cent. The cheapest villa residence in the market. Cards to view on application to
HARDIE and GORMAN, 175, Pitt-street.

BALMAIN.—For SALE, 2 new Weatherboard Houses and Cottage, on one block (Torrens' title), situated on a splendid elevation, and commanding an extraordinary view of mountainous country. E. Ramsay, house agent, Geo. and King sts.

BALMAIN.
FOR SALE, a NEAT COMFORTABLE COTTAGE, four rooms, kitchen, and every convenience, garden, large yard, plenty water. The allotment has 66 feet frontage, by 292 feet deep. Five minutes' walk from the ferry. The land extends to, and includes the water frontage.
For a private residence, this is the prettiest spot in Balmain, plenty of ground on which to add to the present building, or build another house.
The water frontage on this land is the only water frontage now for sale, on Balmain.
Title, Torrens' Act. Immediate possession will be given.
Apply at once to
ANDREW ALLAN, 129, King-street.

COTTAGES, Houses, and Allotments for private SALE. J. G. READ, 494, George-street.

CROYDON.—For SALE, choice Allotment, fronting Croydon Road, cheap for cash. Jackson, 183, Pitt-street.

CONCORD, HOMEBUSH.
A brick-built RESIDENCE, with 7 ACRES of GOOD LAND, elevated position, fine views. Full particulars from
HARDIE and GORMAN,
175, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, near St. Jude's Fountain, Allotments of LAND; terms, liberal. S. H. PEARCE, Randwick.

FOR SALE, detached Villa RESIDENCE, well situated, drainage, gas, water, easy terms. N. Z. Co., 77, Pitt-st.

GIBSON'S HOTEL, NORTH SHORE.
TO LET, OR FOR SALE,
the Lease, License, Goodwill, and Furniture (if required) of the above FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, situate at MILSON'S POINT, NORTH SHORE. The HOTEL contains 16 Bedrooms, 3 Sitting-rooms, Bar, and Bar Parlour, Linen Closet, Kitchen, Scullery, Cellar, Pantry, Larder, &c., &c., Bathroom, Gas throughout the whole premises. Abundant water supply in all seasons.
*** A rare opportunity for persons on the look out for premises during the EXHIBITION SEASON. Inspection is invited. Terms reasonable.
HARDIE and GORMAN,
175, Pitt-street.

HOUSE for SALE, detached, in Queen-street, 7 rooms, kitchen, scullery, shed, pantry, water, gas; close to the 'buses; easy terms. G. KILMINSTER, corner Ocean and Piper streets, Woollahra.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES OF LAND.
NORTH SIDE OF SYDNEY ROAD, AT DUCK RIVER BRIDGE, NEAR THE RAILWAY JUNCTION,
TO LET BY TENDER, FOR SEVEN OR TEN YEARS.
The LAND has 33 chains frontage to the Sydney Road, enclosed with a new three-rail fence, and is bounded on the east by Duck River, and on the north and west by Duck Creek.
TENDERS close MONDAY, 14th July, and persons tendering must state in full the amount of rent they propose to pay per annum, together with any improvements they are willing to make upon the land.
JOHN TAYLOR,
Auctioneer,
Sale Rooms, Church-street, Parramatta, where all information respecting the land may be obtained.

PETERSHAM—2 splendid Allotments, 66 x 180, near rail; price low; terms. B. H. CHAPMAN, 309, George-st.

PADDINGTON.—For SALE, Glenmore Road, 2 new HOUSES, each 4 rooms, kitchen, &c., balcony, slate roof; each let at 15s per week; Torrens Act title; £730 for the two. BATT and RODD, 132, Pitt-street.

REDFERN.—For SALE, twelve 3-roomed pretty COTTAGES (75 years' lease), constructed of brick and weatherboard; situation admirable; at a very low ground rent; each cottage rented at 10s. E. RAMSAY, House Agent.

SUMMER HILL.—Neat 6-roomed W. B. Cottage, close to rail, £380; easy terms. B. H. CHAPMAN, 309, George-st.

ST. PETERS.—For SALE W. B. HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c., verandah back and front; land 50 x 100, freehold, £220. BATT and RODD, 132, Pitt-street.

SPLENDID CHANCE for Investors.—For SALE, a very neat well-built Terrace of Brick Balconied and Verandah HOUSES, each 6 rooms, gas, and every convenience; a bargain, £1600. Also very comfortable substantial Brick HOUSE, 6 good rooms, &c., very well worth inspection; £800.
H. E. SHORTER, 174, Pitt-street.

TWO HOUSES, one COTTAGE, Balmain; ground 100 x 100, £700 the lot. BURFITT, 355, George-street.

To Let.

A DOUBLE-FRONTED SHOP to LET. Apply H. J. Philpotts, corner Alice and King streets, Newtown.

A FEW small COTTAGES to LET, 2 miles from town. E. Ramsay, house agent, 412, George-street.

A HOUSE and SHOP to LET, Newtown Road, containing 5 rooms and kitchen. Key next door at Mr. Thorncroft's. Apply to Mr. Dobson, Bengal House, 13, Jamison-street.

A FURNISHED RESIDENCE, delightful situation.—This is a rare chance. The house contains 8 rooms, kitchen, pantry, &c., large area; use of cow and fowls.
E. RAMSAY, House Agent, 412, George-street.

AT ST. LEONARDS.—To LET or for SALE, a seven years' LEASE of a Family RESIDENCE, with water frontage and large area, comprising flower garden, orchard, paddock, also boatshed. E. Ramsay, house agent.

AT PETERSHAM.—A very pretty Furnished COTTAGE, at low rent, comprising hall, dining, drawing, 3 bedrooms, kitchen, and out-convenience, ½-acre good yard, and stabling. E. Ramsay, house agent, 412, George-street, Sydney.

BALMAIN.—To LET, a HOUSE, 3 rooms, William-street, near Darling-street Ferry. Apply Rembold, 12.

BALMAIN.—To LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, near ferry. Apply Matthews', news agent.

BUSINESS PREMISES, centrally situated, to LET. Box 196, General Post Office.

BUSINESS PREMISES, Oxford-street, to LET. Stubbs and Croft, 309, George-street.

COTTAGES to LET, Jesson's Village, Buckland-st., Waterloo, C. Jesson; or 152, King-street, W. Bretnall.

CAMBRIDGE CLUB HOTEL TO LET.
A CERTAIN FORTUNE to an energetic man of business with moderate capital.
For SALE, the LEASE, LICENSE, and GOODWILL of the CAMBRIDGE CLUB HOTEL, situated at the corner of OXFORD, LIVERPOOL, and COLLEGE STREETS, overlooking HYDE PARK, and commanding a magnificent view of the HARBOUR and MOUNTAIN SCENERY, and affording most superior accommodation as a FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, containing thirty large bedrooms and nine sitting-rooms, excellent roomy kitchens, and the FINEST DINING-ROOM IN THE CITY; good bathrooms, grand cellarage, and every necessary convenience; together with PRIVATE and PUBLIC BARS, fitted up in the best style. The PUBLIC BAR, distinct from the main building, being at the apex of THREE STREETS, forming the LARGEST OUTLET from the city, commands a most extensive retail trade, of which the BOTTLE BUSINESS forms a principal feature. THE STABLING accommodation is also very extensive, and can be sublet for the term of lease at £200 per annum if desired. The whole property, originally constructed as THREE SEPARATE DWELLINGS, having been entirely connected and improved by the present proprietor, Mr. John Bennett, at a large outlay, offers the greatest convenience and comfort to visitors, the PRIVATE SUITES OF APARTMENTS being unsurpassed.
THE LEASE extends over TEN YEARS, at the annual rental of £960, and will be sold subject to a BONUS. The FURNITURE can be either taken at a valuation or declined.
In the hands of an EXPERIENCED BUSINESS MAN, this property can be made a splendid investment, being, as a PRIVATE FAMILY HOTEL, without superior in the colony.
INTENDING PURCHASERS can inspect the premises, and receive the fullest information on application to the undersigned, to whom offers can be submitted in writing up to the 5th of AUGUST.
None but principals will be treated with.
JAMES A. TAIT,
Mercantile and Commercial Agency,
309, George-street, Sydney.

FURNISHED small comfortable COTTAGE, 14s week. Mrs. Cluer, Pitt and Raglan streets, Redfern.

FURNISHED HOUSE, near town, with every comfort and convenience, 7 rooms, kitchen, laundry, bath, gas, water, &c.; small family preferred. Rent moderate. Greta, HERALD Office.

HOUSE TO LET, Woodstock-terrace, Underwood, Paddington, good water; rent, 21s. W. Taylor, on premises.

HOUSE to LET, 6 rooms, 4, Bakewell-terrace, Victoria-street. 276, Pitt-street.

HOUSE to LET, five rooms. Apply Grosvenor Hotel, Harris-street.

NOS. 1 and 3, Camberwell-terrace, Point Piper Road. T. H. Bradley, 152, King-street.

OXFORD-STREET, long lease, the most central PREMISES for a "Hordern's drapery depôt." 8, King-street.

REDFERN 'Bus Stand.—To LET, new 6-roomed elevated HOUSES, with bathroom, balcony, and shed.

SHOP and HOUSE to LET, 290, Pitt-street, near Liverpool-street. 276, Pitt-street.

SHOPS to LET, suitable for office or tradesman, 194 Sussex-street.

TO LET, the PREMISES, 24, Hunter-street, with or without store at back. J. F. Burns.

TO LET, 125, New Pitt-street, opposite the Oriental Bank. Apply on the premises.

TO LET, a COTTAGE, 4 rooms, kitchen, and washhouse; rent, 12s. Mrs. Beer, Harrington-st., Stanmore.

TO LET, HOUSE, No. 216, Bourke-street, 4 rooms, &c.; ten minutes' walk from Pitt-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 11 rooms, central, furnished or unfurnished. Oatley and Cahill, house agents, 40, Hunter-st.

TO LET, 10-roomed HOUSE and SHOP; central situation. Apply M. Peterson, 214, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a SHOP, No. 155, Oxford-street. T. Williams, 294, George-street.

TO LET, two spacious SHOPS and Premises, Parramatta-st. Austin-buildings, or F. Cunninghame, 186, Pitt-st.

TO LET, 5-roomed Cottage, kitchen, &c. Canterbury Road, Petersham, near Catholic Church.

TO LET, 4-roomed HOUSE, 13s per week. No. 38, Newtown Road, opposite Victoria Park. Key next door.

TO LET, large SHOP and Dwelling, corner Devonshire and Elizabeth streets. Apply hotel next door.

TO LET, MONA HOUSE, 42, John-street, Woollahra, hall, 8 rooms, gas, &c. Curtis, 147, Pitt-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, West-street, Darlinghurst, hall, 6 rooms, balcony. Curtis, 147, Pitt-street.

TO LET, new HOUSE, 12s and 8s. J. W. Smart, Surrey House, Moore Park.

TO LET, 8, Selwyn-street, Moore Park, 6-roomed HOUSE, bath, copper, every convenience. Apply No. 9.

TO LET, 4-roomed COTTAGE; washhouse, cab shed, stable; opposite Marshall's Brewery, South Head Road.

TO LET, SHOP and DWELLING, 132, Gipps-street; large yard. Apply 11, Rose-street.

TO LET, detached Villa RESIDENCE, heights Woollahra, balcony, gas, water, £80. N. Z. Co., 77, Pitt-street.

TO LET, 4-roomed HOUSE and kitchen, Surry Hills; 14s. Richard Fletcher, 33, Albion-street.

TO LET, 6-roomed Houses, Shops for different purposes. Mrs. Shine, Hibernia Hotel, Albion-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 5 rooms, 12s per week. Apply W. Lloyd, 1, Goodlet-street, off Elizabeth-street, near Goodlet and Smith's pottery, Cleveland-street.

TO LET, a Family RESIDENCE, 253, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, containing 6 rooms, servant's room, bath, gas, &c. Apply on premises, after 10 a.m.

TO LET, No. 1, Bay View-terrace, Hargrave-street, Paddington; key corner of Cascade and Paddington streets. Rent, 18s.

TO LET.—DOUBLE BAY.—Furnished COTTAGE, 4 rooms. Thomas Rowling, William and Bay streets, Double Bay.

TO LET, HOUSE, containing 4 rooms, attic, kitchen, washhouse, and small yard, 708, Elizabeth-street. Apply D. Cooper and Co., 464, George-street.

TO LET, Business PREMISES, 361, George-street, adjoining the E. S. and A. C. Bank. Apply to the Manager, George Robertson, 125, Pitt-street.

TO LET, corner SHOP, Moncur and Wallis streets, Woollahra; rent, 30s; good opening for a grocery; long lease. Apply Burrows and Gleeson, Royal Cellars.

TO LET, HOUSE, Carlingford-terrace, Albion-street, Surry Hills, gas, water, and every convenience. Apply J. W. Camper, house agent, 58, Hunter-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, containing 6 rooms, Pyrmont Bridge Road, Forest Lodge, gas, water, and every convenience. Apply J. W. Camper, house agent, 58, Hunter-street.

TO LET, 662, Elizabeth-street South, a twelve-roomed HOUSE, known as the Strawberry Hills Inn. Apply to W. P. Woolcott, Bell's Chambers, Pitt-street; or on the premises.

TO LET, Bay View Villas, No. 1, furnished, six rooms, bath, copper, shed; view of harbour. New South Head Road, near Rushcutter Bay toll-bar; threepenny 'bus passes door.

TO LET.—Large Family RESIDENCE, situate at Septimus-terrace, Dargan-street, Glebe, late Lyndhurst College; rent £80 a year, it overlooks Johnson's Bay and close to 'bus. Apply M. Asher, next house.

THE PROVINCIAL AND SUBURBAN BANK (Limited).—(In Liquidation.)—To LET, the PREMISES lately occupied by the above Bank, corner of Swanston and Little Collins streets, Melbourne, with the fittings necessary for carrying on a financial business. Apply to the Liquidators, between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m.
W. Watkins, } Liquidators.
F. C. Mason, }

WOOLLAHRA.—2 first-class HOUSES, 8 rooms, garden, fine view. C. Bate, 147, Pitt-street.

WISEMAN'S FERRY.—HOTEL and FARM to LET. Principals only treated with. Robert Leddra, Court House Hotel, Windsor.

STORES to LET, off George-street. E. Ramsay, house agent, 412, George-street.

OFFICES to LET, two spacious floors, heart of city. Turner and Co., 349, George-street.

OFFICES to LET, on the first floor, over E. Millett's, 309, George-street.

TO LET, a piece of GROUND, suitable for a market garden. Apply Ferguson and Son, Double Bay.

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